## **Conducting Post-Occupancy Evaluations for Landscape Projects**

Part 1: Dialogue

**Sophia (Landscape Architect):** Now that the park has been in use for six months, we need to conduct a **user satisfaction survey** to understand how people are experiencing the space.

**Liam (Colleague):** That's a great idea. A **user satisfaction survey** will help us gather feedback on accessibility, comfort, and overall enjoyment.

**Sophia:** Exactly. We should also perform an **environmental impact assessment** to evaluate how the design affects local ecosystems.

**Liam:** Good point. An **environmental impact assessment** will reveal whether the plant selection and water drainage systems are functioning as intended.

**Sophia:** Let's also analyze **landscape performance metrics** to see if the site is meeting our design objectives.

**Liam:** Yes, those **landscape performance metrics** will tell us if the green spaces are thriving and if the hardscape is durable.

**Sophia:** We should check the **site adaptability** as well—how well the space responds to seasonal changes and different usage patterns.

**Liam:** Right. **Site adaptability** is important, especially for areas that may need to be modified in the future.

**Sophia:** Lastly, we should conduct a **maintenance cost analysis** to ensure that long-term upkeep remains affordable and efficient.

**Liam:** Definitely. A **maintenance cost analysis** will help the city plan its budget and avoid unexpected expenses.

## **Part 2: Comprehension Questions**

- 1. What is the purpose of a user satisfaction survey in post-occupancy evaluations?
  - (A) To measure the success of the landscape project
  - (B) To increase project costs
  - (C) To analyze soil composition
  - (D) To remove certain plant species
- 2. How does an **environmental impact assessment** help in evaluating a landscape project?
  - (A) It increases the number of visitors
  - (B) It ensures plant species are growing at the same rate
  - (C) It evaluates the design's effects on local ecosystems
  - (D) It determines the color of pavement materials
- 3. Why are landscape performance metrics important?
  - (A) They help in selecting future project locations
  - (B) They assess whether the project meets design goals
  - (C) They determine how much shade trees provide
  - (D) They track the number of benches in the park
- 4. What is the main benefit of a maintenance cost analysis?
  - (A) It reduces visitor traffic in the park
  - (B) It ensures there is no need for site inspections
  - (C) It focuses only on the cost of construction
  - (D) It helps plan long-term upkeep expenses

## **Part 3: Vocabulary with Definitions**

- User satisfaction survey (利用者満足度調査) A survey conducted to gather feedback on how people use and experience a landscape.
- Environmental impact assessment (環境影響評価) A study that evaluates how a project affects the surrounding ecosystem.

- Landscape performance metrics (景観パフォーマンス指標) –
  Measurements used to determine if a landscape design meets its intended objectives.
- Site adaptability (サイト適応性) The ability of a landscape to adjust to different weather conditions and usage patterns.
- Maintenance cost analysis (維持費分析) A review of the long-term costs required to keep a landscape functional and well-maintained.

## Part 4: Answer Key

- 1. What is the purpose of a user satisfaction survey in post-occupancy evaluations?
  - (A) To measure the success of the landscape project
- 2. How does an environmental impact assessment help in evaluating a landscape project?
  - (C) It evaluates the design's effects on local ecosystems
- 3. Why are landscape performance metrics important?
  - (B) They assess whether the project meets design goals
- 4. What is the main benefit of a maintenance cost analysis?
  - (D) It helps plan long-term upkeep expenses