Review 3

Products and packaging

1 Fill in the missing vowels in these adjectives.

- 1 Today's marketplace is highly $c_mp_t_v_$.
- 2 Packaging has to be _ttr_ct_v_, _ff_ct_v_ and d_st_nct_v_.
- 3 Packaging is cr_t_c_l to make sure there is _ff_c__nt use of l_m_t_d shelf space.
- 4 An _r_g_n_l idea can turn out to be _mpr_ct_c_l for reasons of t_chn_c_l limitations.

2 Complete the sentences using words from the box.

chance communication field issues needs process sale solution view

- 1 Packaging is the manufacturer's last _____ to seduce the customer.
- 2 Many products are identical from the consumer's point of _____.
- 3 Most purchasing decisions are made at the point of
- 4 The principal problem is a lack of _____ between the people involved in the design and development _____
- 5 There are different groups of experts, all working in their own specialized _____.
- 6 Production people know nothing about consumer
- 7 The manufacturing people deal with the technical ______ as and when they arise.
- 8 Our task forces can deliver an optimal _____ in one week, sometimes less.

3 In each set of four below, match a verb on the left with a noun on the right to make collocations about product development.

- 1 generate the product onto the market
- 2 screen out new ideas in focus groups
- 3 launch specifications for the product
- 4 draw up unfeasible or unprofitable ideas
- 5 conduct production on a large scale after tests
- 6 draw market studies
- 7 go into sketches and build mockups
- 8 test the product by using it in typical situations

4 Fill in the missing letters to complete these nouns about dimensions.

- 1 It's 45 cm long. = Its $l_{____}$ is 45 cm.
- 2 It's 31 cm wide. = Its w____ is 31 cm.
- 3 It's 8 cm high. = Its h____ is 8 cm. 4 It weighs 9 kg. = Its w____ is 9 kg.
- + It weights 5 kg. = 113 w_____ 15 5 kg.

Match each word in the box to its definition 1–5. Then translate the words into your language.

benefit feature function specification USP (unique selling point)

- 1 The thing that makes a product special or different from others: _____
- 2 An important, interesting or typical part of something:

- 3 A detailed instruction about how something should be made: _____
- 4 An advantage that you get from something: _____
- 5 The job that something is designed to do: ____

6 Join the sentences using *who* (for people), *that* (for things) or *whose*.

- 1 Here's the email. I got it this morning. Here's the email that I got this morning.
- 2 Here's the email. It arrived this morning.
- 3 The team leader is an interesting man. He comes from Spain.
- 4 The team leader is an interesting man. I met him yesterday.
- 5 The team leader is an interesting man. His background is in IT.

In the previous exercise, put brackets around any examples of *who* or *that* that are not necessary.

8 Make noun phrases from the following definitions.

- 1 A cycle for developing a product is a *product development cycle*.
- 2 A document that shows you have insurance for travel is
- 3 A concept for the design of packaging is a _
- 4 A product used for cleaning households is a _

9 <u>Underline</u> the correct word(s) in **bold** to make phrases for a product presentation.

- 1 After that, I'll go / go on to present ...
- 2 And now, if you have any questions, I'll do my best to **answer / respond** them.
- 3 My reason / objective today is ...
- 4 Final / Finally, I'm going to ...

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- 5 First of all, I / I'll talk about ...
- 6 Thank you for listening / your listening.
- 7 I've divided my presentation by / into three sections.
- 8 Please make / feel free to interrupt me.
- 9 So, in summary, these are the **reasons / motives** why I am asking you to ...

10 Put phrases 1–9 from the previous exercise into the order that you would probably hear them.

11 Rearrange the words to make diplomatic phrases used in a meeting.

- 1 can to that later come back we?
- 2 we want to go in that's a direction I'm not sure.
- 3 that's the more mind of thing I had in kind.