### PRONUNCIATION Reduced had

### Listen. Then say it.

She had seen a movie the day before.

We had never roller-skated before.

It had already begun.

Patty had planned to have a party.

Say it. Then listen.

He had gone fishing the week before.

We had been studying for several hours.

I had forgetten to do it.

Tom had been practicing for a long time.

# **CHAPTER SUMMARY**

#### GRAMMAR

### PAST PERFECT TENSE

I He She It We You They	had eaten.
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I He She It We You They	hadn't eaten.
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### PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS TENSE

He She It We You They	had been eating.
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### KEY VOCABULARY

#### ACTIONS AND ACTIVITIES

arrive
ask
ask for a raise
bake
begin
helieve
borrow
box
break
break up
bring
bring along
bring back
bump into
buy
cancel
catch a cold
chew
clean
close
come to work
cook
deserve
discuss
dislocate

do do card tricks do gymnastics do poorly do the tango drive Carro eat eat out end enjoy fail fall through feed feel feel better find finish fire fly her kite forget get get a promotion get cold feet get hurt

get sick get up give a party go go back go by go camping go canocing go downtown go fishing go together go up go windowahopping grow up huppen have pizza hear hope hurt her arm hurt himself injure invite

get married

get ready

jog know leave live look forward to look through lose make eggs memorize move move out need puck pass pass by perform plan play play aquash practice prepare purchase put on read realize

rehearse remember rent ride ring roller-skate run sail away say hello see see a movie send shine shovel sing sit aki snow EPend FUTBIN stand start stay up study swim

take a psychology COULTRE take a trip take a walk take home take lessons take off take vitamins think think about train turn on twist visit walk watch water Wear win work work late work overtime wrestle write

Feature Article
Fact File
Around the World
Interview
We've Got Mail!

# SIDE Gazette

Global Exchange Listening Fun with Idioms What Are They Saying?

Volume 3 Number 3

# **The Jamaican Bobsled Team**

Amazing othletes from a Caribbean island

n unusual group of athletes arrived in Calgary, Canada for the 1988 Winter
Olympic Games—the Jamaican Bobsled Team. Many people were surprised. How could the Caribbean Island of Jamaica have a bobsled team? Jamaica doesn't have any snow!

The Jamaican athletes had never competed in the Winter Olympics before. In fact, most of them hadn't ever been on a bobsled or seen snow before they began to prepare for the Olympics. But by the time the team members arrived in Calgary, they had

trained hard for their first Olympic event. They had been running and weight training in Jamaica. Then they had gone to a training center in Lake Placid. New York. Unfortunately, they had poor equipment, and their bobsled crashed a lot during training.

They didn't do well in the Olympics. Most people were sure they had seen the Jamaican



Bobsled Team for the first and last time! But the team didn't give up. They had lost, but they had been in the Olympics, and they wanted to go back and compete again.

The team went to a special training center in Germany. They trained there four to eight hours a day. By the time these athletes arrived at the 1994 Olympic Winter Games in Norway, they had become a much stronger bobsled team. They had practiced for years. They were also very famous because a movie about the team. Cool Runnings.

had been in theaters around the world the year before.

At the 1994 games, the team came in 14th in the four-person bobsled event, and they placed 10th in the two-person event. The team had done the impossible! They had competed well in the Olympics, and they had won the hearts of fans around the world.



The movie Cool Runnings tells the story of a Jamaican bobsled team at the Olympics. The movie is part fact and part fiction. The popular movie soundtrack has reggae music by famous Jamaican musicians.

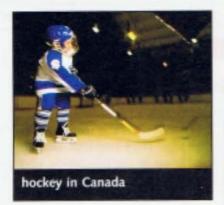


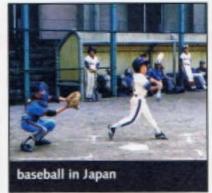
The first modern Olympics were in Athens, Greece in 1896. Now there are **Summer Olympics** and Winter Olympics every four years. Athletes represent their countries in different events. Summer Olympic events include track. gymnastics, and swimming. Winter Olympic events include skiing, skating, and the bobsled competition.

# AROUND THE WORLD

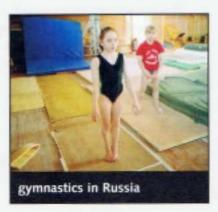
### **Children and Sports Training**

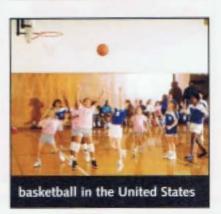
In different countries around the world, children begin training at an early age to compete in different popular sports.

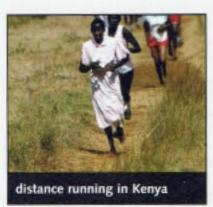












What sports are popular in your country? At what age do children start training to compete in these sports?

# Interview

A Side by Side Gazette reporter interviewed Olga Petrova last week. Olga had just won the Women's Regional Figure Skating Competition.



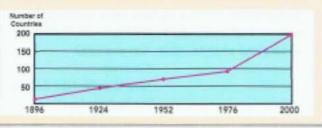
- Olga, I'm sure you're very happy about today's competition.
- Oh, yes. I'm very happy. You know, I had been preparing for this day for a long time.
- How had you been preparing?
- In the months before the competition. I had been training with my coach ten hours a day. I had been getting up early, and I had been practicing my routines over and over again.

- When did you first know you wanted to compete as a skater?
- I began to skate back in Russia when I was four years old. By the time I was seven, I had already skated in many competitions, and I had won several medals. We moved here when I was ten, and I began to take lessons at a skating program in our city. By the time I was eleven, I had finished all the levels of this program. My parents found a professional coach, Mr. Gary Abrams, and I've been training with him ever since.
- Now that you have won this regional competition, what's next?
- The National Competition. It's in three months. I have to work very hard to prepare for that. My dream is to be in the Olympics next winter. I must do very well in the Nationals.
- Good luck, Olga! We'll see you in the Olympics!
- Oh, I hope so.

### **FACT FILE**

### Countries in the Olympics

Any 14 countries competed in the first modern Olympics in 1896. Over the years, the number of participating countries has grown. Does your country compete in the summer or winter games? In which events does your country do well?



### LISTENING

# Olympic Game Highlights



- <u>b</u> 1
  - 2
- 3
- 4
- a. figure skating
- b. basketball
- c. running
- d. gymnastics
- e. swimming

# Nwith IDIOMS













## Do You Know These Expressions?

- \_c 1. Break a leg!
- 2. Hold your tongue!
- \_ 3. Keep your chin up!
- 4. Keep your eye on the ball!
- 5. Put your best foot forward!
- 6. Get off my back!

- a. Don't be sad!
- b. Try hard!
- c. Good luck!
- d. Pay attention!
- e. Don't bother mel
- f. Be quiet!

# We've Got Mail!

Dear Side by Side.

I have a question about gerunds and infinitives after verbs. I'm very confused. I know that after some verbs, I must use a gerund, such as "practice swimming" and "consider buying." After other verbs, I must use an infinitive, such as "learn to swim" and "decide to buy." And finally, I know that after some verbs, I can use either a gerund or on infinitive, such as "like to swim" and "like swimming." Are there any rules that will tell me what to do with different verbs?

Sincerely.

"Worrying About the Rules"

Dear "Worrying About the Rules."

You seem to understand how to use gerunds and infinitives. Unfortunately, we're sorry to tell you that there aren't any rules about what to do with different verbs. You just have to learn about each verb. Keep on practicing gerunds and infinitives, and stop worrying about the rules! Using these verbs is a lot better than thinking about them too much! Good luck!



Sincerely.

Side by Side

Door Side by Side,

We've been studying the present perfect and present perfect continuous tenses in our class for the past several weeks. I think I finally understand this grammar, but now we have begun learning the past perfect tense, and to tell the truth, I don't understand when to use it. Can you help?

Sinerely,
"Life Was Perfect Before
the Past Perfect"

Dear "Life Was Perfect"

We understand your problem because we use both the present perfect and past perfect tenses to talk about things that happened in the past. Here's the difference. We use the present perfect tense to talk about things that happened before now. For example:

I don't want to see that movie today. I have already seen it.

We use the past perfect tense to talk about things that happened before another time in the past. For example:

I didn't want to see that movie yesterday. I had already seenit.

We're glad you have learned the present perfect tense, and we're sure you'll do well with the past perfect!



Bost wishes.

Side by Side

### Global Exchange Stamp4: Have I told you about my hobby? I've been collecting stamps since I was a little kid. I began to collect stamps when I was eight years old. At that time, my mather worked at an international bank. Every Friday, she brought home stamps from all the letters she had received during that week. I also had many penpels in different countries, and we wrote letters to each other very often. By the time I was twelve, I had collected more than 1000 stamps from 50 different countries! I've continued collecting stamps, but now it's more difficult. My mother retired from her job, and my penpals send me e-mail messages instead of letters. (The Internet has been yery bad for my stamp collection!) Tell me, do you have a hobby? What do you enjoy doing in your free time? How long have you been doing that? Write and tell me about it,

Send a message to a heypal. Tell about your favorite hobby-

## What Are They Saying?

