

He Could Have Gotten Lost!



I
He
She
It
We
You
They } could have eaten.

- A. If you ask me, Jack shouldn't have gone hiking by himself in the mountains.
- B. You're right. He **could have gotten lost!**



1. swim to the other side of the lake
drown



2. play baseball in the rain
catch a bad cold



3. ride her bicycle downtown during rush hour
get hurt



4. move his piano by himself
break his back



5. use her computer during a thunderstorm
be electrocuted



6. go skating on the town pond
fall through the ice
your friends



7. shovel all the snow in the driveway
have a heart attack



8. argue with a police officer
wind* up in jail



9.

* wind - wound - wound

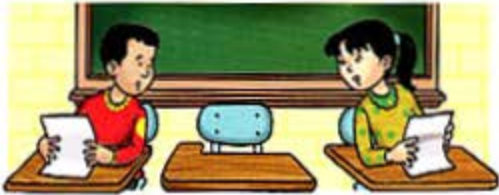
He Must Have Overslept



I
He
She
It
We
You
They

} must have eaten.

- A. Richard came to work late today.
- B. I'm really surprised to hear that. He NEVER comes to work late!
- A. I know. He must have overslept.
- B. You're probably right.



1. Maria missed English class all last week.
be very sick



2. Gary skipped dessert at the restaurant today.
go on a diet



3. Mrs. Grimsley smiled at her employees this morning.
be in a very good mood



4. Peter handed in his homework late this morning.
have a problem with his computer



5. Beverly yelled at me this morning.
be very upset



6. Walter was in a terrible mood today.
"get up on the wrong side of the bed"



7. You talked in your sleep last night.
have a bad dream



8. Rover refused to eat his dinner.
eat too many dog biscuits during the day

I'm a Little Concerned

I
He
She
It
We
You
They

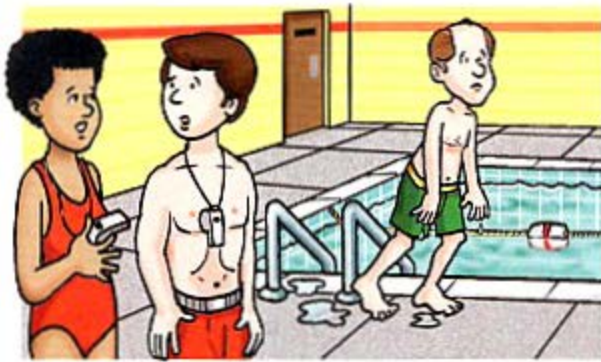
mus have
might have eaten.
may have



- A. Timmy looks frightened! He **must** have seen a scary movie today.
- B. I'm not so sure. He $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MIGHT have} \\ \text{MAY have} \end{array} \right\}$ seen a scary movie, but that doesn't usually make him so frightened.
- A. I'm a little concerned. **Maybe** we should talk to him.
- B. That's a good idea.



- A. Janet looks tired! She **must** have worked overtime today.
- B. I'm not so sure. She $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{MIGHT have} \\ \text{MAY have} \end{array} \right\}$ worked overtime, but that doesn't usually make her so tired.
- A. I'm a little concerned. **Maybe** we should talk to her.
- B. That's a good idea.



1. Mr. Jenkins looks exhausted!
swim fifty laps



2. Rachel looks upset!
fail an exam



3. Steve looks angry!
have a fight with his landlord



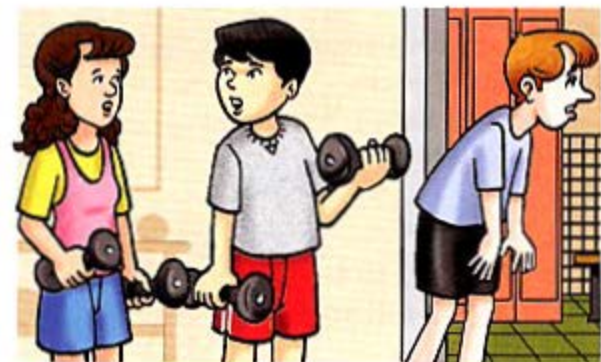
4. Margaret looks tired!
jog for a long time



5. Wayne looks upset!
have an argument with the boss



6. Our English teacher looks disappointed!
find a lot of mistakes in our homework



7. Rick looks exhausted!
do a lot of sit-ups



8. Senator Wilson looks tired!
shake a lot of hands

• shake – shook – shaken

I Want to Apologize to You



- A.** I want to apologize to you.
- B.** What for?
- A.** You must have been very angry with me yesterday.
- B.** I don't understand. Why should I have been angry with you?
- A.** Don't you remember? We had planned to see a movie yesterday, but I completely forgot!
- B.** Don't worry about it. Actually, I owe YOU an apology.
- A.** You do? Why?
- B.** I couldn't have seen a movie with you anyway. I had to take care of my little sister yesterday . . . and I completely forgot to tell you.
- A.** That's okay. Maybe we can see a movie some other time.

A. I want to apologize to you.

B. What for?

A. You must have been very angry with me yesterday.

B. I don't understand. Why should I have been angry with you?

A. Don't you remember? We had planned to _____ yesterday, but I completely forgot!

B. Don't worry about it. Actually, I owe you an apology.

A. You do? Why?

B. I couldn't have _____ with you anyway. I had to _____ yesterday . . . and I completely forgot to tell you.

A. That's okay. Maybe we can _____ some other time.



1. go to the beach
study for my final exams



2. have lunch
go to an important meeting



3. take a walk in the park
visit a friend in the hospital



4.

How to Say It!

Apologizing

I want to apologize to you.



I need to apologize to you.



I owe you an apology.



I apologize.



I'm sorry.



Practice the conversations in this lesson again. Use different expressions for apologizing.

LUCKY PEOPLE



Gary must have been daydreaming while he was driving to work yesterday. He drove through a red light at the busiest intersection in town. Fortunately, he didn't hit anyone. Gary was lucky. He could have caused a terrible accident.



Mrs. Chen must have been very scared yesterday. There was a big, mean dog outside while she was putting out the garbage. Fortunately, the dog didn't see her. Mrs. Chen was lucky. That big, mean dog might have bitten her.



Howard must have been extremely irritable this morning. He was rude to his supervisor when she pointed out a mistake he had made. Fortunately, his supervisor was in a good mood, and she didn't get angry. Howard was lucky. His supervisor could have fired him.



Ms. Kendall must have been feeling very brave last night. She refused to hand over her purse to a man who was trying to mug her. Fortunately, the man got scared and ran away. Ms. Kendall was very lucky. She might have gotten hurt.



Mr. and Mrs. Gray must have had a lot of financial problems last year. They were never able to pay their rent on time. Fortunately, their landlord was very understanding. Mr. and Mrs. Gray are pretty lucky. Their landlord could have evicted them.



Irwin must have been very lonely yesterday. All evening he made long-distance phone calls to his friends throughout the country. Fortunately, most of his friends weren't home. Irwin was very lucky. He could have run up quite a big phone bill.

✓ READING CHECK-UP

TRUE, FALSE, OR MAYBE?

Answer True, False, or Maybe (if the answer isn't in the story).

1. Gary wasn't paying attention while he was driving to work.
2. Gary caused a terrible accident.
3. Mrs. Chen doesn't like dogs.
4. The dog didn't bite Mrs. Chen.
5. Howard was in a good mood yesterday.
6. Howard's supervisor is rarely in a bad mood.
7. Ms. Kendall didn't give her purse to the man.
8. Ms. Kendall had a lot of money in her purse.
9. Mr. and Mrs. Gray couldn't pay their rent on time last year.
10. The landlord evicted Mr. and Mrs. Gray.
11. Irwin's friends live throughout the country.
12. Irwin never communicates with his friends by e-mail.

WHICH WORD IS CORRECT?

1. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson didn't get to the train station on time. They (should have must have) left their house earlier.
2. Alan was late for work today. He (should have must have) overslept.
3. You're very lucky. You (could have must have) gotten hurt.
4. I (may have couldn't have) gone skiing with you anyway. I had to work.
5. Susan was an hour late for the meeting this morning. She (might have should have) gotten stuck in traffic.
6. Arnold's cake tasted terrible! He (may have should have) taken it out of the oven sooner.
7. I shouldn't have taken chemistry. I definitely (must have should have) taken biology.
8. Janet wasn't paying attention. She (must have should have) been daydreaming.
9. My cousin Ronald (shouldn't have couldn't have) swum to the other side of the lake. He (must have could have) drowned!
10. Roberta didn't come to the company picnic last Saturday. She (should have may have) forgotten about it.

How About You?



Tell about a time when something bad *could have* happened to you, but didn't. What was the situation? What could have happened?

Tell about a time when you were
... lonely.
... scared.
... irritable.
... brave.

PRONUNCIATION *Reduced have*

Listen. Then say it.

He *should have* spoken louder.

She *might have* been sick.

They *may have* gone away.

Say it. Then listen.

You *could have* gotten hurt.

I *must have* overslept.

We *shouldn't have* gone there.



Write in your journal about a time when you did something and then you thought later that you should have done it differently. What did you do? What do you think you should have done?



CHAPTER SUMMARY

GRAMMAR

PERFECT MODALS:

SHOULD HAVE

I	should have eaten.
He	
She	
It	
We	
You	
They	

SHOULDN'T HAVE

I	shouldn't have eaten.
He	
She	
It	
We	
You	
They	

MUST HAVE

I	must have been upset.
He	
She	
It	
We	
You	
They	

MIGHT HAVE/MAY HAVE

I	might have may have	eaten.
He		
She		
It		
We		
You		
They		

COULD HAVE

I	could have gotten lost.
He	
She	
It	
We	
You	
They	

KEY VOCABULARY

ACTIONS

answer the phone
daydream
fail
get lost
get stuck in *traffic*

hand over
refuse
shake hands
skip *dessert*
yell

ADVERBS

arrive late
dance well
do things differently
dress comfortably
drive carefully
get to ___ early
practice more

run fast
speak confidently
speak loud
speak softly
study hard
take ___ out soon
write legibly

ADJECTIVES

advanced
beginning
brave
concerned
curious
entire
exhausted
financial
irritable
lonely
scared
understanding
unimportant