Relative Clauses (2) – Clauses With or Without who/that/which

Look again at these example sentences from Unit 89:

The woman who lives next door is a doctor. (or The woman that lives)

The woman lives next door. who (= the woman) is the subject

Where is the cheese that was in the refrigerator? (or the cheese which was)

The cheese was in the refrigerator. that (= the cheese) is the subject

You must use who/that/which when it is the subject of the relative clause. You cannot say "The woman lives next door is a doctor" or "Where is the cheese was in the refrigerator?"

В

Sometimes who/that/which is the *object* of the verb. For example:

The woman who I wanted to see was away on vacation.

who (= the woman) is the object
I is the subject I wanted to see the woman .

Have you found the keys that you lost?

that (= the keys) is the object You lost the keys . you is the subject

When who/that/which is the object, you can leave it out. So you can say:

- The woman I wanted to see was away.
- or The woman who I wanted to see . . .
- Have you found the keys you lost?
- or ... the keys that you lost?
- The dress Ann bought doesn't fit her very well. or The dress that Ann bought . . .

Is there anything I can do?

or ... anything that I can do?

Notice the position of prepositions (in/at/with, etc.) in relative clauses:

do you know the woman? - Tom is talking to her

→ Do you know the woman (who/that) Tom is talking to ?

the bed - I slept in it last night - wasn't very comfortable

→ The bed (that/which) I slept in last night wasn't very comfortable.

Are these the keys (that/which) you were looking for?

- The woman (who/that) he fell in love with left him after a few weeks.
- The man (who/that) I was sitting next to on the plane talked all the time.

In all these examples, you can leave out who/that/which.

D

You cannot use what in sentences like these:

- Everything (that) they said was true. (not Everything what they said)
- I gave her all the money (that) I had. (not all the money what I had)

What = the thing(s) that:

Did you hear what they said? (= the things that they said)

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Relative Clauses Units 89, 91-93 Whom 91B

Exercises

90

- 90.1 In some of these sentences you don't need who or that. If you don't need these words, put them in parentheses like this: (who) (that).
 - 1. The woman who lives next door is a doctor. (who is necessary in this sentence)
 - 2. Have you found the keys (that) you lost? (in this sentence you don't need that)
 - 3. The people who we met at the party were very friendly.
 - 4. The people who work in the office are very friendly.
 - 5. The people who I talked to were very friendly.
 - 6. What have you done with the money that I gave you?
 - 7. What happened to the money that was on the table? Did you take it?
 - 8. It was an awful movie. It was the worst movie that I've ever seen.
 - 9. It was an awful experience. It was the worst thing that has ever happened to me.
- 90.2 Complete these sentences with a relative clause. Use the sentences in the box to make your relative clauses.

Ann is wearing a dress you're going to see a movi you lost some keys you had to do some work	I invited some people to the party
Have you found the keys <u>you lost</u>	NO.
2. I like the dress	
3 The museum	was closed when we got there.
4. What's the name of the movie	?
5. Some of the people	couldn't come.
5. Some of the people 6. Have you finished the work	?
Complete these sentences using a relative clause w	vith a preposition.
we went to a party last night you can rely on l	Brian we were invited to a wedding
I work with a number of people I applied for a jo	bh von told me about a hotel
I work with a number of people Tapplied for a jo	you told me about a noter
you were looking for some keys I saw you with a	man
1. Are these the keys you were looking for ?	
2. Unfortunately, we couldn't go to the wedding	
3. I enjoy my job. I like the people	
4. What's the name of that hotel	?
5 The party wasn't very	much fun.
5. The party wasn't very 6. I didn't get the job 7. Brian is a good person to know. He's somebody _	
7 Brian is a good person to know He's somehody	
8. Who was that man in	the restaurant?
o. Wilo was that man	the restaurant.
Put in that or what. If the sentence is complete wit	th or without that write (that) in
parentheses.	
	T1. J
1. I gave her all the money (that)	_ i nad.
2. They give their children everything	they want.
3. Tell me you want, and	I'll try to get it for you.
4. Why do you blame me for everything	goes wrong?
5. I won't be able to do much, but I'll do the best	
6. I can only lend you ten dollars. It's all	
7 T 1 2	i've just said.
7. I don't agree with you 8. I don't trust him. I don't believe anything	