Appendix D: Phrasal Verbs

I. What is a phrasal verb?

A phrasal verb is a verb + a particle.

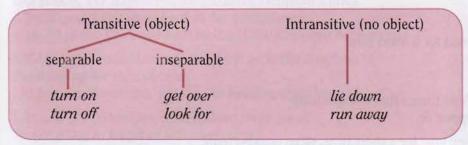
What time did you **show up?** (verb) (particle)

The woman gave 1 million dollars away.

(verb) (particle)

In English, many phrasal verbs are idiomatic; you cannot understand the meaning of the whole from the parts. Show up means arrive and give away means give something as a gift.

II. Phrasal verbs fall into different categories.



a. Some phrasal verbs are *transitive*; others are *intransitive*. *Transitive* phrasal verbs take a direct object.

I'll turn on the TV.

She can't get over her cold.

He turned off the water.

I'm looking for my cat.

Intransitive phrasal verbs do not take an object.

I want to lie down.

My dog ran away.

b. Some transitive phrasal verbs are *separable* (that is, the object can come between the two parts of the verb); others are *inseparable*.

Separable phrasal verbs	Inseparable phrasal verbs
turn on	get over
I'll turn on the TV.	She can't get over her cold
I'll turn the TV on.	
I'll turn it on.	She can't get over it.
give away	look for
He turned off the water.	I'm looking for my cat.
He turned the water off.	
He turned it off.	I'm looking for it.

When a phrasal verb is **separable**, you can put a noun between the verb and the particle or after the particle. If you use a pronoun (*me*, *you*, *it*, *him*, *her*, *them*), the pronoun <u>must</u> go between the verb and particle. If a phrasal verb is **inseparable**, the noun and pronoun always come after the particle.

III. Phrasal verbs from this book

BELONG TO (transitive, inseparable): be the property of

That bag is not mine; it belongs to Maria.

That bag is not mine; it belongs to her.

BREAK INTO (transitive, inseparable): enter illegally by force

Someone broke into my car last week.

Someone broke into it last week.

CALM DOWN (intransitive): become calm and quiet

I'm nervous; I need to calm down.

CHEER (SOMEONE) UP (transitive, separable): make a sad person happier

The movie was funny, and it cheered up Bob.

The movie was funny, and it cheered Bob up.

The movie was funny, and it cheered him up.

COME ACROSS (transitive, inseparable): find by chance

Did you come across my keys?

Did you come across them?

DROP BY (transitive, inseparable): visit for a short time

Let's drop by the library this evening.

Let's drop by it this evening.

DROP IN (intransitive): visit for a short time, often unexpectedly

I was out of the office when Jorge dropped in.

DROP IN TO (transitive, inseparable): visit for a short time, often unexpectedly

Jorge dropped in to the office today.

(The pronoun is not normally used with this phrasal verb.)

DROP OUT (intransitive): quit

He went to school until the age of 16; then he dropped out.

DROP OUT OF (transitive, inseparable): quit (school, a competition, a race, etc.)

Sandra got tired and dropped out of the race after an hour.

Sandra got tired and dropped out of it after an hour.

FREAK OUT (intransitive): lose your self control

When I won \$5,000 in the lottery, I freaked out.

GET ALONG WITH (transitive, inseparable): have a good relationship with

Selma gets along with her classmates.

Selma gets along with them.

GET IN (transitive, inseparable); enter (a car, bed, bath, or small boat)

Hurry and get in the taxi.

Hurry and get in it.

The taxi is waiting! Get in!

GET ON (transitive, inseparable): enter (an elevator, a plane, a train, a bus, or a ship)

They got on the train at Grand Central.

They got on it at Grand Central.

They got on at Grand Central.

GET OUT (OF) (transitive, inseparable): leave (a bed, a car, a bath, work, class, school)

I got out of the bus quickly and fell.

I got out of it quickly and fell.

GET OVER (transitive, inseparable): recover from an illness

I hope you get over the flu soon.

I hope you get over it soon.

GET RID OF (transitive, inseparable): remove something Will you please get rid of this junk? Will you please get rid of it?

GET UP (intransitive): rise from a sitting or lying position *Erhan is very comfortable in bed; he doesn't want to get up.*

GIVE AWAY (transitive, separable): give as a gift I'm going to give away my bicycle; I don't ride it anymore. I'm going to give my bicycle away; I don't ride it anymore. I'm going to give it away; I don't ride it anymore.

GO AFTER (transitive, inseparable): try to get or catch The police went after the bank robber, but they didn't get him. The police went after him, but they didn't get him.

GO BACK (intransitive): return We've walked a long time; let's go back.

GO BACK TO (transitive, inseparable): return to a place
After 30 years Eva went back to her birthplace.
After 30 years, Eva went back to it. (ALSO: Eva went back there.)

HEAD FOR (transitive, inseparable): go in the direction of *I'm heading for the cafe now. I'm heading for it now. (ALSO: I'm heading there now.)*

LAUGH AT (transitive, inseparable): show joy at You're going to laugh at this photo of me. You're going to laugh at it.

LET OUT (transitive, separable): allow to leave Will you let out the dog?
Will you let the dog out?
Will you let him out?

LIE DOWN (intransitive): rest in a horizontal position *Maybe I won't sleep, but I need to lie down*.

LISTEN TO (transitive, inseparable): use your ears carefully to hear something Did you listen to that song? Did you listen to it?

LOOK FOR (transitive, inseparable): try to find She's looking for her glasses. She's looking for them.

LOOK INTO (transitive, inseparable): investigate; examine The police are looking into the bus accident. The police are looking into it.

PAY FOR (transitive, inseparable): give money for something I paid for the gas.

I paid for it.

NOTE: The verb can only be separated by a phrase that tells how much: I paid a lot for the gas.

I paid \$25.00 for it.

PICK UP (transitive, separable): take or lift off the floor (or a chair, etc.)

I cleaned my room and picked up my clothes.

I cleaned my room and picked my clothes up.

I cleaned my room and picked them up.

PUT ON (transitive, separable): wear clothes

It's cold; you should put on a sweater.

It's cold; you should put a sweater on.

It's cold; you should put it on.

RUN AWAY (intransitive): leave quickly; escape

Jane's dog ran away.

SHOW UP (intransitive): arrive; appear

The party starts at 9 PM. What time do you plan to show up?

SIT DOWN (intransitive): sit; be seated

There's a bench. Do you want to sit down?

SLOW DOWN (intransitive): go more slowly

There's ice on the road. Slow down!

SPEED UP (intransitive): go faster

This is a dangerous road. Don't speed up.

STARE AT (transitive, inseparable): look at with wide eyes

I'm staring at that woman because I think I know her.

I'm staring at her because I think I know her.

TAKE AWAY (transitive, separable): remove

Tim never returned books, so they took away his library card.

Tim never returned books, so they took his library card away.

Tim never returned books, so they took it away.

TAKE OFF (intransitive): leave (by car, on foot, or by plane)

The plane took off at 12:30.

TAKE OUT (transitive, separable): remove

I'll take out the garbage.

I'll take the garbage out.

I'll take it out.

THINK ABOUT (transitive, inseparable): consider; anticipate; form a mental image of

I often think about leaving this crazy city.

I often think about it.

TURN DOWN (transitive, separable): make something less loud or less strong

Will you please turn down the volume?

Will you please turn the volume down?

Will you please turn it down?

TURN OFF (transitive, separable): stop a machine or the flow of water, electricity, etc.

Please turn off the computer when you finish.

Please turn the computer off when you finish.

Please turn it off when you finish.

TURN ON (transitive, separable): start a machine or the flow of water, electricity, etc.

I'll turn on the lights so you can see.

I'll turn the lights on so you can see.

I'll turn them on so you can see.

TURN OVER (intransitive): turn to the other side

The car was going too fast, and it turned over.

TURN OVER (transitive, separable): turn to the other side

Turn over the plate so I can see where it was made.

Turn the plate over so I can see where it was made.

Turn it over so I can see where it was made.

WALK OFF (intransitive): walk away; walk in the other direction

Hilda got angry and she just walked off.