On Top of the World

1. Quick Reading

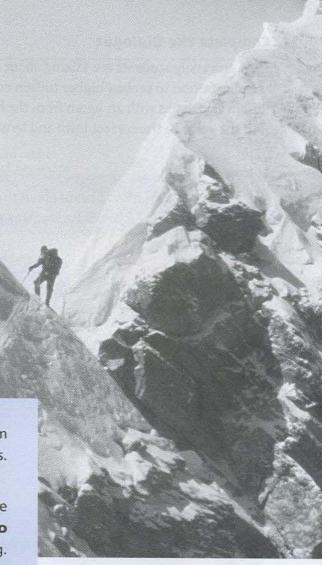
Look at the pictures on page 21.
What is the story about?
Now read quickly to get the main idea.

KATMANDU, **NEPAL** ¹As a boy in Wales, Tom Whittaker **had his heart set on** climbing mountains. He moved to the U.S. and became a skilled climber.

²In 1979, a drunk driver hit his car. Whittaker, then age 30, lost his right foot. This was a bitter pill to swallow. ³However, he refused to give up climbing. Instead, he decided to break new ground as a disabled person. He set his sights on Mount Everest, the tallest mountain in the world. It's also the most dangerous; one in six climbers dies there.

4Year in and year out for more than ten years, Whittaker trained hard for his dream. 5With the help of doctors and engineers, he designed a strong artificial foot to climb the terrible mountain. 6In 1989, Whittaker **made a first attempt to** climb, but bad weather **forced** him **back**. In 1995, he made a second attempt. This time, illness forced him back.

⁷Finally, in 1998, Whittaker reached the roof of the world. "I arrived just as the sun **came up**," he said. He **was on top of the world!** ⁸Whittaker **made history** as the first disabled person to climb Mount Everest.



Climbing Mount Everest.

New idioms and expressions

be on top of the world · · · · · be very happy

have one's heart set on something want something very much a bitter pill to swallow a difficult thing to accept

give up (doing) something* · · · · · · · stop or quit (doing) something

break new ground · · · · · · · · · · · do something that has not been done before

set one's sights on (doing) something · · · · choose (to do) something as a goal year in and year out · · · · · · · · continuously for many years

make an attempt (to do something) · · · · try (to do something) force someone back* · · · · · · · · make someone go back

come up* · · · · · · rise (referring to the sun, moon, etc.)

make history do something that will be remembered in history books

*phrasal verb (see Lexicon and Appendix D)

2. Listen

Cover the story and look only at these pictures. Listen to the story two or three times.

















3. Read the Story

Now read the story carefully. Pay special attention to the idioms so that you're ready for Exercise 4.

4. Listen and Complete

Close your book. Listen to the story again. When the tape or your teacher pauses, try to complete the idiom.

5. Match

Complete the idioms using the words in the box. Then write the number of the matching definition.

of the world set on out history		attempt ground to swallow		
	out	nistory	to swai	IOVV
a.	make an		1 . be very	happy
b.	be on top		2. want very much	
c.	break new		3. do something no one has done before	
d.	have one's heart		4. try	
е.	a bitter pill		5. continuously for many years	
f.	year in and year		6. do something that will be remembered	
g.	. make		7. a difficu	It thing to accept

6. Tell the Story

Look only at the pictures and the New Idioms box on page 21. Tell the story using as many idioms as you can.

- a. First, work with the whole class to retell the story.
- b. Then tell the story to a partner or small group.

7. Answer the Questions

About the story.....

- a. As a boy, what did Whittaker have his heart set on?
- b. How did he feel when he had the accident?
- c. After the accident, what did Whittaker set his sights on?
- d. What did he do year in and year out?
- e. What happened when he made a first attempt at Everest? What happened the second time?
- f. Why did Whittaker decide to climb such a difficult mountain?
- g. When did he arrive on the roof of the world? How did he feel?
- h. Why has he made history?
- i. What do you think of Whittaker?

About you.....

- j. Who do you admire who has broken new ground or made history?
- k. What are you setting your sights on for the future?
- 1. Would you like to make history? If so, for what?

8. Take a Dictation

Listen to the tape or your teacher and write the dictation in your notebook.

9. Complete the Idioms



- a. Jorge made an _______ to ice skate, but after falling so much, he decided to give it _____
- b. Hyunwoo has her sights ______ becoming a doctor. She has studied year in and ______ for ten years.



- c. Einstein _____ history when he broke new
 - _____ in physics.
- d. Francoise had to give ______ skiing when she broke her leg. It was a bitter _____



10. Look at Grammar

make an attempt make an attempt at something make an attempt at doing something make an attempt to do something

It's hard for Lydia to learn Japanese, but she's making an attempt.

Lydia is making an attempt at Japanese.

Lydia is making an attempt at learning Japanese.

Lydia is making an attempt to learn Japanese.

break new ground

break new ground in something

break new ground by doing something

break new ground when...

Picasso broke new ground.

Picasso broke new ground in the art of painting.

He broke new ground by painting in a new style.

He broke new ground when he started painting in a Cubist style.

have one's heart set on something

have one's heart set on doing something

June had her heart set on a trip to Greece.

She had her heart set on going to Greece.

set one's sights on something set one's sights on doing something

She is setting her sights on a medical degree.

She is setting her sights on becoming a doctor.

Complete the sentences with help from the grammar box above. Make sure they are true for you.

	because he/she broke new
ground	
b. It's difficult, but I am making an atte	mpt to
in (date, place)	
d. I have my heart set	
before the end of the year.	
e. I have set my sights	
so I must	

11. Write a Dialogue

Work with a partner. Write a dialogue using at least four idioms from the unit. Act it out for the class.

12. Complete the Dialogue

a. Two friends, Tonya and Miguel, are talking about Tonya's restaurant business. Fill in the blanks with idioms from the box. Put the verbs in the correct form and tense.



Hi, Tonya. It's Miguel. I got your message. How are you?

- break new ground (v)
- year in and year out
- on top of the world
- make an attempt (v)
- have one's heart set on (v)
- give up (v)



Not exactly (1)





What's the matter?

Bad news. My restaurant is losing money. Business is bad. I might have to close it.





(2)the restaurant? You can't do that!

> Well, I (3) _ making it a success, as you know. But what can I do? I saved my money (4) _____ to start the place. Now the money's almost gone! I'm broke*!





Well, you sure (5) with your fabulous cooking.

Thanks, but...





Listen, what about advertising? The problem is no one knows about your place. (6) to better inform people.

OK. One last try. Will you help me design an ad?



*be broke: have no money (informal)

b. Work with a partner. Role-play the dialogue together.