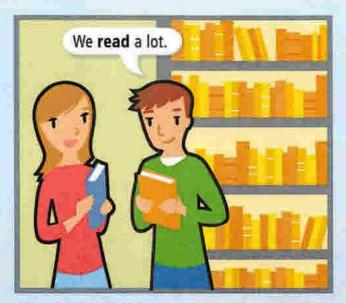
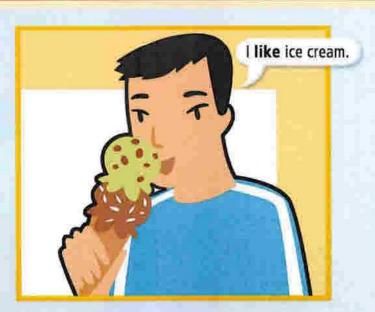
# I do/work/like, etc. (simple present)

A



They're looking at their books. They read a lot.



He's eating an ice cream cone. He **likes** ice cream.

They read / he likes / I work, etc. = the simple present:

I/we/you/they	read	like	work	live	watch	do	have
he/she/it	reads	likes	works	lives	watches	does	has

#### Remember:

he works / she lives / it rains, etc.

- I work in an office. My brother works in a bank. (not My brother work)
- Lucy lives in Houston. Her parents live in Chicago.
- It rains a lot in the winter.

I have → he/she/it has:

John has lunch at home every day.

For spelling, see Appendix 5.

We use the simple present for things that are true in general, or for things that happen sometimes or all the time:

- I like big cities.
- Your English is good. You speak very well.
- Tim works very hard. He starts at 7:30 and finishes at 8:00 at night.
- The earth goes around the sun.
- We do a lot of different things in our free time.
- It costs a lot of money to build a hospital.

Always/never/often/usually/sometimes + simple present

- Sue always gets to work early. (not Sue gets always)
- I never eat breakfast. (not I eat never)
- We often sleep late on weekends.
- Mark usually plays tennis on Sundays.
- I sometimes walk to work, but not very often.

I don't . . . (negative) → Unit 6 Do you . . . ? (questions) → Unit 7 I am doing and I do → Unit 8 always/usually/often, etc. (word order) → Unit 95

# Exercises

#### 5.1 Write these verbs with -s or -es.

1.	(read)	she <u>reads</u>	3.	(fly)	it	5.	(have)	she
2.	(think)	he	4.	(dance)	he	6.	(finish)	it

## 5.2 Complete the sentences about the people in the pictures. Use:

live eat play play sleep



1.	He plays	_ the piano.	4	tennis.
2.	They	in a very big house.	5	to the movies a lot.

3. \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of fruit. 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_ seven hours a night.

### 5.3 Complete the sentences. Use:

close cost cost like like meet open speak teach wash boil 1. Maria \_\_speaks \_\_ four languages.

- 2. Banks usually \_\_\_\_\_\_ at 9:00 in the morning. 3. The art museum \_\_\_\_\_ at 5:00 in the afternoon.
- 4. Tina is a teacher. She \_\_\_\_\_ math to young children.
- 5. My job is very interesting. I a lot of people.
- 6. Peter's car is always dirty. He never \_\_\_\_\_ it.
- 7. Food is expensive. It \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.
- 8. Shoes are expensive. They \_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.
- 9. Water \_\_\_\_\_ at 100 degrees Celsius.
- 10. Julia and I are good friends. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ her, and she \_\_\_\_\_ me.

#### Write sentences from these words. Use the right form of the verb (arrive or arrives, etc.).

1.	(always /	early /	Sue /	arrive)	Sue always arrives early.	_
	.00					

- 2. (to the movies / never / I / go) \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. (work / Martina / hard / always) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. (like / chocolate / children / usually)
- 5. (Julia / parties / enjoy / always) \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. (often / people's names / I / forget)
- 7. (television / Tim / watch / never)
- 8. (usually / dinner / we / have / at 6:30) \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. (Jenny / always / nice clothes / wear) \_\_\_\_\_

# 5.5 Write sentences about yourself. Use always/never/often/usually/sometimes.

- 1. (watch TV in the evening) \_\_ I usually watch TV in the evening.
- 2. (read in bed) I \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. (get up before 7:00) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. (go to work/school by bus) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. (drink coffee in the morning)