Unit **80**

Giving reasons: as, because, etc.; for and with

A	We can begin a clause with as, because, seeing that, seeing as, or since to give a reason for a particular situation: As it was getting late, I decided I should go home.
	We must be near the beach, because I can hear the waves.
	Since he was going to be away on his birthday, we celebrated before he left.
	We could go and visit Natalia, seeing that we have to drive past her house anyway.
	Note that –
	it is common and acceptable for because to begin a sentence, as in:
	Because everything looked different, I had no idea where to go.
	to give reasons in spoken English, we most often use because . So is also commonly used to express a similar meaning (see also Unit 81). Compare:
	Because my mother's ill, I won't be able to come. ('because' introduces the reason) and
	My mother's ill, so I won't be able to come. ('so' introduces the result.)
	when it means 'because', since is rather formal. It is uncommon in conversation, but is frequently used in this way in academic writing:
	 I had to go outside because I was feeling awful. ('since' is unlikely in an informal context) The results of this analysis can be easily compared to future observations since satellite coverage will remain continuous. (more likely than 'because' in this formal context.)
	seeing that is used in informal English. Some people also use seeing as in informal speech:
	Joel just had to apologise, seeing that / as he knew he'd made a mistake.
В	In formal or literary written English we can also introduce a reason in a clause beginning for, in that, or, less commonly, inasmuch as. For is a formal alternative to 'because'; in that and inasmuch as introduce clauses which clarify what has been said by adding detail: We must begin planning now, for the future may bring unexpected changes. (not For the
	future, we must) The film is unusual in that <i>it features only four actors</i> . (<i>or</i> In that , the film is) Clara and I have quite an easy life, inasmuch as <i>neither of us has to work too hard but we earn quite a lot of money</i> . (<i>or</i> Inasmuch as , Clara and I)
c	The prepositions because of , due to , and owing to can also be used before a noun or noun phrase to give a reason for something:
	We were delayed because of an accident.
	 She was unable to run owing to / due to a leg injury. (= because of a leg injury.) We have less money to spend owing to / due to budget cuts. (= because of budget cuts.) Note that we don't use because alone before a noun or noun phrase: We were delayed because there was an accident. (not because an accident.)
	In current English we usually avoid owing to directly after a form of be :
	The company's success is due to the new director. (not is owing to)
	However, owing to is used after be + a degree adverb such as entirely, largely, mainly, partly: The low election turnout was partly due to / owing to the bad weather.
	We can often use either it was due to that or it was owing to that: It was owing to his encouragement that she applied for the job. (or It was due to that)
D	We can use for and with followed by a noun phrase to give a reason (compare B above): She was looking all the better for her stay in hospital. (= 'as a result of') With so many people ill, the meeting was cancelled. (= 'as a result of there being')

Exercises

_	Complete the sentences by putting an item from (i) and one from (ii), in the correct order. (ii)
	i) 1 -passengers were given a full refund 2 Andrea agreed to book tickets for us all 3 I'll buy you lunch 4 I've given up dairy products 5 we were recommended to buy the textbook second-hand 6 the guest lecturer was late 7 we get on so well 8 you should never walk under a ladder (ii) a it's your birthday b it was her idea to go to the theatre c Dr Gomez spoke about his research instead d a new copy would be very expensive e I suggested we all go on holiday together f the train was delayed for more than an hour g it's supposed to be unlucky h I'm trying to lose weight
	+f Since the train was delayed for more than an hour, passengers were given a full refund.
2	
3	Seeing as
4	Because
5	
6	i As
7	seeing that
8	
1	She claims her illness is entirely due to / owing to stress at work. The cancellation of the competition is
2	
	The popularity of the restaurant is largely
7	
5	We couldn't see last night's eclipse of the moon
	Now complete these sentences using because or because of + a phrase from the box.
ntill)	his age his mobile was switched off local opposition the bright sunlight there was a fly in it
6	I had to drive in dark glasses
	I couldn't speak to Jacob
	The council had to withdraw its plan to close the swimming pool
	My grandfather couldn't do a sponsored parachute jump
	He sent the soup back
80.3 R	tewrite these sentences using for or with instead of because (of) . Give alternatives where cossible.
1	I got a job as a street sweeper because my money was running out.
	With my money running out, I got a job as a street sweeper. / I got a job as a
	street sweeper, with my money running out.
-	and the control of th
	I couldn't hear what Isabella was saying because of the noise.
	Olivia went to stay with her aunt because her father was in hospital.
	I felt a lot fitter because of all the exercise I was doing.
5	Because the train drivers are on strike tomorrow, I don't think I'll go to town after all.