Unit **71** 

## Adjectives and adverbs

A	Some adverbs of manner (saying how something is adjective + -ly: sudden → suddenly, happy → ha already ends in -ly (e.g. cowardly, elderly, friendly to it to make an adverb. Instead we can use a preport of the smiled at me in a friendly way.  She waved her hands around in a lively fast Most participle adjectives ending in -ed (see Unit 6 prepositional phrase instead:  They rose to greet me in a subdued manner or we use a preposition and a related noun if there she looked at me in amazement. (not a However, some do have an adverb form with -ly. County The storm was unexpected. and	sppily, etc. When an adjective y, kindly, lively, lonely, lovely) we don't add -ly ositional phrase with fashion, manner, or way:  shion.  9) don't have an adverb form and so we use a er. (not subduedly.) is one: imazedly.)
	The weather turned unexpectedly stormy.	determinedly, disappointedly, excitedly, hurriedly, pointedly, repeatedly, reportedly, reputedly, supposedly, worriedly
В	Some adverbs have two forms, one ending in -ly and the other not. We can sometimes use either form without changing the meaning, although the form ending in -ly is grammatically correct and more formal:	
	She ran quick / quickly towards the door. and must be used if the adverb comes immediately before the verb:	Also: cheap(ly), clean(ly), clear(ly), fine(ly), loud(ly), thin(ly), slow(ly)
	She <b>quickly</b> ran towards the door. (not She quick ran)	
C	Some adverbs have different meanings with and without -ly. Compare:  She gave her time free. (= for no money) and She gave her time freely. (= willingly)  I arrived late for the concert. (= not on time) and I haven't seen Amy lately. (= recently)  Compare also:	
	He wandered <b>deep</b> into the forest and got lost. (= a long way)	<ul> <li>He felt deeply hurt by her criticisms. (= very)</li> <li>They loved each other deeply. (= very much)</li> </ul>
į	You don't have to change trains. You can go direct. (= without stopping)	<ul> <li>I'll be with you directly. (= very soon)</li> <li>He saw Hassan directly ahead. (= straight)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>It sounded awful – one of the choir members was singing flat.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This time I flatly refused to lend him any money. (= definitely; completely)</li> </ul>
į	He kicked the ball <b>high</b> over the goal.	<ul> <li>Everyone thinks <b>highly</b> of her teaching.</li> <li>(= they think her teaching is very good)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>'Is Emil here yet?' 'He's just arrived.'</li> <li>She looks just like her mother.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>You can be justly proud of your musical achievements. (= rightly; justifiably)</li> </ul>
	Which of these cheeses do you like most?	<ul> <li>Her novels are now mostly out of print.</li> <li>(= most of them)</li> <li>We mostly go on holiday to France.</li> <li>(= usually)</li> </ul>
-	They cut <b>short</b> their holiday when Lina fell ill. (= went home early)	<ul> <li>The speaker will be arriving shortly (= soon). Please take your seats.</li> </ul>
The same of	<ul> <li>The door was wide open so I just went straight in. (= completely)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>You won't have any problems getting the book. It's widely available. (= in many places)</li> </ul>

## **Exercises**

71.1

Rewrite the italicised words using a -ly form of the participles in the box. If a -ly form isn't possible, use a prepositional phrase or a preposition + related noun.

agitated anticipated despaired determined disappointed organised relaxed repeated reputed satisfied

- 1 I warned him again and again of the dangers on the mountain, but he insisted on going on.
- 2 The class was out of control and he put his head in his hands feeling that he could do nothing.
- 3 As his mother took the roast chicken out of the oven, Rod licked his lips because he was looking forward to eating it.
- 4 It is said to be, although no one knows for certain, the smallest post office in the country.
- 5 'Still no news from Paul,' she said in a sad way.
- 6 He ran the company in a calm way and rarely let anything annoy him.
- 7 She shook her head as if she had made a firm decision.
- 8 When he had finished the painting, he looked at it in a way that showed he was happy.
- 9 Vicky runs the office carefully and tidily, so I don't think we should change things now.
- 10 Sofia paced about in an anxious way as she waited to go into the interview.
- Complete the sentences with suitable pairs of adverbs from C. Use the form with -ly in one sentence and the form without -ly in the other.
  - 1 a What she hated \_\_\_\_\_ was having to get up at 5:30 every morning.
    - b We don't go out much in the evening. We watch television.
  - 2 a The firm paid compensation, but stopped \_\_\_\_\_\_ of admitting they were to blame.
    - b The book is due to be published ......
  - - b I used to have to change in Amsterdam to get to Moscow, but now I can fly
  - 4 a I got very little sleep on the flight, but I felt ...... awake when I arrived in Tokyo.
    - b French is \_\_\_\_\_spoken in North Africa.
  - 5 a She is one of the most regarded researchers in the university.
    - b We could just see the plane flying ...... overhead.
  - Correct any mistakes in these sentences. If there are no mistakes, write ✓. —
  - The rise in car crime in the area is deeply worrying.



- 2 She waved friendlily to me.
- 3 Cut the onions up finely and fry them with garlic.
- 4 I asked the boys to move their bicycles off the football pitch but they flat refused.
- 5 I couldn't understand what he was saying. He didn't speak very clearly.
- 6 He was accused of behaving cowardlily in the battle.
- 7 Pierre Evene manufactured the glass for which the town became just renowned.
- 8 I called Elena and she slow turned to face me.
- 9 Spread some butter on the bread as thin as possible.
- 10 The prime minister was loud applauded by her audience.