1 - ed adjectives. In Unit 59 we looked at adjectives in -ed. These adjectives are formed from verbs:

annoyed finished tired bored frightened worried closed interested broken delighted pleased disappointed excited surprised shut

These adjectives are passive in meaning:

We always lock the door: The door is always locked.

We'll finish the job before next week: The job will be **finished** before next week.



When I was young spiders frightened me: I was frightened of spiders.

Passive verbs are formed from the verb to be and the past participle of the verb:

They were serving lunch when we arrived: Lunch was being served when we arrived.

They are going to build a lot of new roads:
A lot of new roads are going to be built.



People learn English all over the world: English is learned all over the world.

The question and negative forms of the passive are formed by making the verb be into a question or negative:

Nobody has sent the letters yet: The letters haven't been sent yet.

They didn't invite Sandra to the party: Sandra wasn't invited to the party.

Will they show that film on tv soon?:
Will that film be shown on tv soon?



'Have they delivered the mail yet?:'
'Has the mail been delivered yet?'

4 If you want to talk about the person or thing which causes the action, you use by:



A lot of damage has been caused by the recent storms.



A Complete the sentences with is/are/was/were:

1	Wetold to be ready at ten o'clock.				
2	? The police are looking for a man who thought to be dangerous.				
3	Guernica painted by Picasso.				
4	The 1948 Olympic Games held in London.				
5	Rice grown all over Asia.				
6	Most people paid at the end of the month.				
7	Thousands of gadgets invented every year.				
8	The Live Aid concerts in England and America watched by millions of fans				

Complete the sentences with be/being/been:

			1677	
1	A new museum has	opened i	n the city centre.	
2	2 Can you drive me to town? My car is repaired.			
3	Many changes will have to made to improve our image			
4	Most sportsmen and won	nen hate	beaten.	
5	Have you ever i	nvited to dinn	er by a stranger?	
6	Our staff havet	rained to use	computers.	

e strictly prohibited C Complete the sentences by putting the verbs in brackets into the passive:

1,	The prices of all our	r products	in the sale this year. (reduce)
2	Three people	104	n a road accident yesterday. (kill)
3	1	by my grandp	arents. (bring up)
4	Dogs	in the sh	op. (not allow)
5	E.T	by Steven :	Spielberg. (direct)
6	Cigarettes	in n	ewsagents and supermarkets in Britain. (sell)
7	Today's match		because of the weather. (cancel)
8 Tickets for the concerts can		certs can	from the box office. (buy)

D Look at the two pictures, then use the verbs below to complete the sentences describing what has or hasn't been done:

put away do wash turn off change clean empty

- 1 The washing-up
- 2 The radio
- 3 The dustbin 4 The windows
- 5 The pots and pans
- 6 The floor
- 7 The clock
- 8 The table



