

1 You can use these words with uncount nouns:

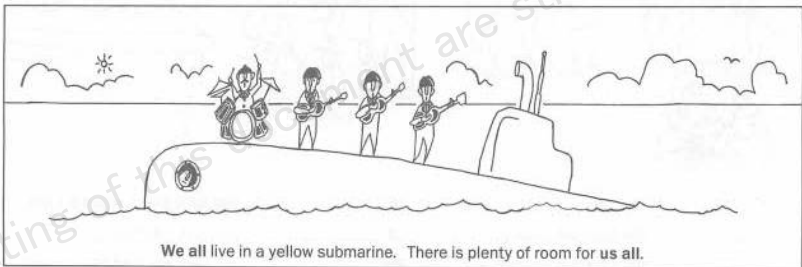
all of some of a lot of lots of plenty of most of none of a bit of



We've finished **most of** the bread. Could you buy some more?

2 You can say *they/them all ... you all ... we/us all ... they/them both ... you both ... we/us both ...* :

After the game **they both** went home together. I know **them** and I like **them both**.



all and *both* come before the main verb:

We **will all** miss the train. They **have both** missed the bus.

or after *is, was, were*:

We **missed** the train and **we were all** late. They **were both** tired.

3 In Unit 41 you looked at patterns for talking about a particular group:

If you are making a general statement you use these patterns without *of the*:

All children enjoy a good party. We **picked some** flowers.

Most children start school quite young. **Many** people all over the world learn English.

4 You can also use *a lot of ... lots of ... plenty of ...* :

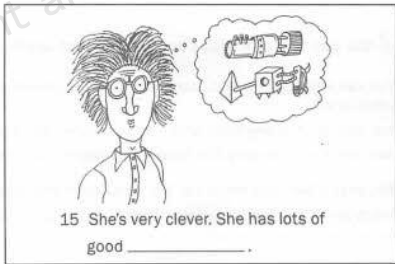
A lot of children start school at the age of five.

Lots of people all over the world learn English.

A Use these words to complete the sentences below. Sometimes you will need a singular form and sometimes you will need a plural form:

traffic shop bread car luggage advice subject house help
animal building furniture country idea friend weather rice

- 1 Would you like some bread and butter?
- 2 There were a lot of _____ on the road.
- 3 I have left most of my _____ in the car.
- 4 Most of the University _____ in Cambridge seem to be quite old.
- 5 We saw some interesting _____ in the zoo.
- 6 My grandfather gave me lot of good _____ when I was a child.
- 7 We visited a lot of different _____ last year.
- 8 We had a lot of really bad _____ last winter.
- 9 They have built a lot of new _____ in the last few years.
- 10 Would you like some more _____ with your meat?
- 11 Plenty of my _____ live near London.
- 12 I enjoyed most of the _____ I studied at school.
- 13 Most of the _____ will be closed for the holiday.



- 16 There is a lot of _____ in town around lunch time.
- 17 Andrew was very kind. He gave us a lot of _____.

B Rewrite these sentences using *all of them/us* or *both of them/us*:

- 1 I like them both. I like both of them.
- 2 There is room for them all. _____
- 3 They all wanted to come. _____
- 4 We both stayed at home. _____
- 5 They wanted to see us both. _____
- 6 They all live in a yellow submarine. _____
- 7 We both come from Liverpool. _____
- 8 There is room for us both. _____