

Unit 1.3

Part 1: Photographs

A Strategy

1 Language building

A

Possible answers

Picture 1 The baker is putting bread in the oven.
The woman is checking the bread.
The baker is standing in front of the oven.

Picture 2 The woman is wearing a bathrobe.
The woman is weighing herself on the scales.
The woman is checking her weight.

B

1. The woman is checking her weight. (Picture 2)
2. The baker is making bread. (Picture 1)
3. The woman is standing in front of the oven. (Picture 1)
4. The woman is wearing a bathrobe. (Picture 2)

Follow up

Student's own answers

2 Test tactic

A

1. The woman is hitting the baby. (touching)
2. The shopping cart is empty. (almost full)
3. The woman is crying on the bed. (lying)
4. The doctor is sitting on the bed. (standing near)

B

Possible answers

Picture 1 The traveler is reading a book.
The man is wearing hiking boots.

Picture 2 The man is mending the boy's bicycle.
The boy is helping his grandfather.

C

1. (C) Correct. *The hiker is wearing sunglasses.*
(A) The man is looking at a book, not a backpack.
(B) The man is sitting near the wall, not standing.
(D) The man is not sitting on his bag.
2. (D) Correct. *They are fixing the boy's bicycle.*
(A) The young boy is not riding the bike.
(B) His grandfather is not taking off the wheel.
(C) No other people stand near the trees.

3 Tactic practice

1. (D) Correct. *The seaside is popular today.*
(A) The umbrellas are for keeping off the sun, not the rain.
(B) The beach is crowded.
(C) The day is very sunny, not cloudy.
2. (B) Correct. *The chef is standing by the grill.*
(A) The chickens are being cooked, they are not in the yard.
(C) The food is being cooked and so is not ready to serve.
(D) We can only see the kitchen, not the restaurant.
3. (C) Correct. *Logs are stacked in the yard.*
(A) We can see cut wood, not a forest.
(B) There is a fire truck, but it is not near a station.
(D) There are pieces of wood, but not wooden figurines.

Understanding natural English

A forest grows in the valley.

A man is drawing a diagram.

B Mini-test

1. (A) Correct. *The woman waits for service.*
(B) There is nothing to suggest that jacket has been ruined.
(C) There is only one woman in the picture.
(D) The clothes are hanging at a dry cleaners, not in the closet.
2. (C) Correct. *He is focused on his work.*
(A) The man is alone and he is not discussing with anyone.
(B) He is holding a pen and some paper, but he is not writing.
(D) There is a computer behind the man, but he is not working at it.

3. (B) Correct. *The hikers enjoy the view.*
 (A) The hiker has a *backpack*, but it is not *being filled*.
 (C) They are on top of a *steep cliff*, not a *mountain*.
 (D) We can see the *sea*, but there is no *trawler*.
4. (D) Correct. *The signs are in plain view.*
 (A) A *lamppost* stands *in front of* the building, not *next to* it.
 (B) The signs are *posted* on a *lamppost*, not on the *wall*.
 (C) There is no *traffic* in the picture.
5. (B) Correct. *They are checking the information.*
 (A) There is nothing in the picture to indicate that this is a shop.
 (C) There are no pictures on the screens, so they are unlikely to be televisions.
 (D) They do not appear to be talking.
6. (B) Correct. *The man is drawing a diagram.*
 (A) Confuses the word *board* and *bored*.
 (C) A *whiteboard* is in the picture, but the man is not *cleaning* it.
 (D) He is writing on the board with a *marker*, and therefore is not *looking for one*.

C Learn by doing

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 2.3

Part 2: Question-response

A Strategy

1 Language building

- A
- 1 **Where/Directions**
- b It's **at** Eastern State University, **on** the 3rd floor.
 d **Down** the hall, **turn left** and it's just **across** from the cafeteria.
 g **To** Florida, as usual.
 j It's **in** the refrigerator, **behind** the vegetables.

2 How long?

- c She's been working here **for** several months.
 f They've been in the meeting **since** 6:00.
 h I've had it **about** a month.

3 When?

- a We will be finished **in February**.
 e The package was delivered about **an hour ago**.
 i **On Tuesday July 7th, at 1:00**.

B

2. How long? *It could take all night.*
 3. Where/directions? *Sorry, I'm not from around here.*
 4. Where? *Bermuda again. I can't wait!*
 5. When? *It hasn't arrived yet.*

C

1. How long?
 2. Where/Directions?
 3. When?
 4. Where/Directions?

2 Test tactic

A

1. Where? Directions?
 2. When?
 3. How long?
 4. Where?
 5. Where? Directions?

B

1. (A) *Go out of this door and walk around the corner.*
 2. (A) *Back in March, I think.*
 3. (C) *Not as long as I thought I would.*
 4. (B) *In the drawer as usual.*
 5. (C) *There's one on Bank Street.*

3 Tactic practice

1. (A) *Take the number 11 bus.*
 2. (A) *This morning*
 3. (C) *In the storeroom*
 4. (B) *Just under three hours*
 5. (B) *There's one around the corner.*

Understanding natural English

- Where is the A4 paper kept?
When is the taxi coming?

B Mini-test

- (B) Correct. *Very well, I think.*
(A) Uses a similar word *meet* in the response; *tomorrow* answers the question *when*, not *how*.
(C) Uses a similar word *go* in the response; *to New York* answers the question *where*, not *how*.
- (C) Correct. *At the back of the building*
(A) Does not answer the question *where*.
(B) Uses the same word *staff* in the question and response; *together* answers the question *how*, not *where*.
- (B) Correct. *Take the stairs to the 3rd floor and look for 302.*
(A) Confuses similar sounding words *bored* and *boardroom*.
(C) Uses the same word *room* in the question and response.
- (A) Correct. *Sure just follow this street.*
(B) Uses the same word *hospital* in the question and response; the response answers the question *where*, and does not give *directions*.
(C) The response answers the question *how long*, and does not give *directions*.
- (A) Correct. *In about ten minutes*
(B) The response answers the question *why*, not *when*.
(C) The response gives information about *buses*, but the question is about a *taxi*.
- (C) Correct. *As soon as I've finished this.*
(A) *at three o'clock* answers the question *what time*, but the answer uses a past tense verb, *left*, and the question refers to the future.
(B) Does not give a logical response to the question *what time*.
- (B) Correct. *About three or four days*
(A) *About two kilometers* explains *how far* (distance), but does not answer the question *how long*.
(C) *I've stayed here before* is a past tense verb form, but the question refers to future plans.
- (C) Correct. *Back to the hotel*
(A) *On Thursday* answers the question *when*, not *where*.
(B) Confuses *take* meaning *last* (duration) and *taking* meaning *leading/carrying*.

- (C) Correct. *It seems to have crashed.*
(A) Does not give a logical response to the question.
(B) Uses the same word *computer*, but does not give a logical response to the question.
- (A) Correct. *The chairs are locked in the cupboard.*
(B) Uses the related words *seat* and *standing*, but does not give a logical response to the question.
(C) Uses a related word *chair*, but does not give a logical response to the question.

C Learn by doing

A

A: Where do you live, Ken?

B: Right now *I'm living in Hamilton.*

A: Oh yeah? How long have you lived there?

B: Oh, *for about 5 years*. I moved there *just after University.*

A: Really? Where did you live before?

B: *I lived in Georgetown with my family.*

B

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 3.3

Part 3: Short conversations

A Strategy

1 Language building

A

- (A) A hotel: *room, bed*
(B) A car rental agency: *car, license*
(C) A train station: *rail, track*
(D) A sports event: *stadium, fans*
- (A) Making a hotel reservation: *room, vacancies*
(B) Getting married: *bride, dress*
(C) Borrowing a book from the library: *library card, novel*
(D) Making a restaurant reservation: *table, dinner*

3. (A) A delivery man: *truck, package*
- (B) A musician: *concert, recording*
- (C) A banker: *deposit, withdrawal*
- (D) A salesman: *discount, order*

B

1. (C) *A train station: track*
2. (A) *Making a hotel reservation: vacancies, room*
3. (D) *A salesman: discount, order*

2 Test tactic

1. (A) *It is often wet.
I'm soaked to the skin; I am really starting to miss living in Arizona!*
2. (B) *They are waiting at a bus stop.
I'm late; The buses are always slower on days like this.*
3. (B) *She used to live in another city.
I am really starting to miss living in Arizona!*

3 Tactic practice

Questions 1–3

The speakers are probably in a shop, talking about an item that the woman wants to buy.

Listening answers

1. (C) *In a music store*
2. (B) *Looking for a present*
3. (D) *The item is popular.*

Questions 4–6

The speakers are talking about jobs and may be discussing future plans.

Listening answers

4. (C) *Looking at a job ad*
5. (A) *They've known each for a time.*
6. (C) *He has enough money to live for a while.*

Understanding natural English

That's what we were told to expect.
You've always wanted to work overseas.

B Mini-test

1. (A) Correct. *It was remarkable.* – The man thinks *the carnival* is a *wild and amazing experience*.
- (B) Confuses the word *unpleasant* with the word *pleasant* in the conversation.
- (C) Confuses similar sounding words, *amusing* and *amazing*.
- (D) Nothing in the conversation relates to *presents*.

2. (D) Correct. *She found it tiring.* – She explains that she *hardly slept*.
- (A) She says the *first day was great*, implying that she would *not* have liked to stay longer.
- (B) She explains that the hotel was in the middle of the parade route and therefore would have been noisy, not *relaxing*.
- (C) She enjoyed the first day.
3. (B) Correct. *In the center of the carnival area* – The woman says that the hotel was in *the middle of the parade route*.
- (A) Nothing in the conversation relates to a *first aid center*.
- (C) Nothing in the conversation suggests that the hotel was *out of town*.
- (D) Confuses *dance hall* as a place where there might be *late night revelry*.
4. (C) Correct. *In a restaurant* – The man mentions his *bill* and *the special*.
- (A) Nothing in the conversation suggests that it is *in a bank*.
- (B) Nothing in the conversation suggests that it is *in an office*.
- (D) Nothing in the conversation suggests that it is *at the doctor's*.
5. (B) Correct. *15 dollars* – The man explains that his bill is for *15 dollars*.
- (A) The sign says that the special is *10 dollars*, but this is not what the man has to pay.
- (C) The man asks where the *extra 5 dollars* has *come from*, but this is not what he has to pay.
- (D) *Two* refers to the time, not the amount of money.
6. (A) Correct. *The man didn't fully read the sign.* – The *10 dollar special meal* is only available until 1.30, and it is now 2 p.m.
- (B) The *man* has made a mistake, and the *woman* understands the problem.
- (C) Nothing in the conversation suggests that the *price was incorrectly marked*.
- (D) Because it is *already 2 p.m.*, the man has to pay the higher price.
7. (C) Correct. *He sometimes sets unreasonable deadlines.* – The man exclaims that they *only have until Thursday to get the reports finished*. He also adds that his boss, *James, has gone too far this time*.
- (A) Confuses the meaning of the phrase *gone too far*, which in this context means that *he has behaved unreasonably*.

- (B) The reports are *checked* but nothing suggests that the *manager checks them*.
- (D) The woman mentions that *it shouldn't be a problem*, but this does not relate to the manager.
8. (D) Correct. *The work can be done on time*. – The woman suggests that if they *get started straight away*, it shouldn't be a problem to meet the deadline.
- (A) The man says the work *needs to be checked*, not the woman.
- (B) The man mentions that the woman's team is *half way through the calculations*, not the woman.
- (C) The woman does not suggest that the problem will *go away*.
9. (B) Correct. *Some results* – The man says that he is *still waiting to hear some of the results*.
- (A) The man mentions *calculations*, but he is not *waiting for them*.
- (C) The man mentions getting the reports *typed*, but he is not waiting for *typists*.
- (D) The man talks about his manager, *James*, but he is not waiting for him.
10. (A) Correct. *It depends* – The man says it *shouldn't be more than a couple of hours, if he has the right parts*.
- (B) *It shouldn't be more than a couple of hours*, implies that it will be *about two hours*, not less.
- (C) The man says he'll get started *right away*, not that he will *finish right away*.
- (D) *last night* is mentioned to say when the machine *shut down*.
11. (C) Correct. *A repairman* – The man mentions *parts*, and says he'll get *some tools from the truck*.
- (A) The word *truck* is used, but does not refer to the man's profession.
- (B) The word *garden* is used, but does not refer to the man's profession.
- (D) The word *guest* is not mentioned.
12. (D) Correct. *At the woman's house* – The woman says *here it is* showing the man where the machine is, the man says that *it's hot in here*, and the woman offers some *ice tea*, implying that she is at home.
- (A) The woman offers *some ice tea*; implying that she is at home, not in a *hotel*.
- (B) There is nothing to suggest that they are in a *garage*.
- (C) The woman says she will *be out by the garden*, but they are not in a *home and garden center*.

C Learn by doing

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 4.3

Part 4: Short talks

A Strategy

1 Language building

A

1. last year's conference
2. no fewer than three PhD degrees
3. round table discussion

B

1. (A) *Many boxes were broken in transit.*
2. (A) *Work has been going on for four weeks.*
3. (A) *He did a lot of things to support the members of his group.*

2 Test tactic

A

1. Key words in the question; *boats, join, event*

B

- (A) 14 = 14 hundred hours
 (B) 17 = may be confused with 70
 (C) 35 = 3500 dollars
 (D) 70 = 70 racing yachts
 Correct answer choice: (D) 70

C

2. Key words in the question; *salvaged civil-war items, on display*
 Correct answer choice: (C) 150

3 Tactic practice

- a Content: *information about a conference*

1. (B) *Two* – He says *I would appreciate it if a couple of you* could attend the conference.
 (A) *One* is not mentioned.
 (C) *Three* refers to the number of plenary sessions.
 (D) *Four* is not mentioned.
2. (D) *Two days* – The speaker explains that he cannot attend *both days* of the conference.
 (A) *One afternoon* is not mentioned.
 (B) The conference starts on *Saturday*, but this does explain how long it lasts.
 (C) A *couple* refers to the number of people, not the number of hours.
3. (C) *About four hours* – The speaker says that the volunteers can *take a half day off*. (A full working day in most companies is normally 8 hours.)
 (A) *About an hour* is not mentioned.
 (B) *Two days* is not mentioned.
 (D) *A day* is not mentioned.
4. (B) Correct. *She works in the fashion industry.* – The speaker says she is a *designer*, and mentions *fabrics* and *Spring /Summer collection*, which are phrases related to fashion design.
 (A) Although the speaker introduces Elvira as a *designer*, nothing related to video games is mentioned.
 (C) She joined the company *following her graduation*, so she is no longer a student.
 (D) Nothing in the announcement relates to *actress*.
5. (C) Correct. *Since she graduated* – The speaker explains that she joined the company *following her graduation from City College*.
 (A) *Two months* is not mentioned.
 (B) Elvira won an award when she was *nineteen years old*.
 (D) *From September* refers to when she was given her own project group.

Understanding natural English

... both days of the conference
 She's one of the top designers.

B Mini-test

1. (C) Correct. *People over the age of 18* – the announcement explains that *Late shows are for ages 18 and over only*.
 (A) *Everyone* is not mentioned.
 (B) *PG-13* means that people over the age of 13 can attend the film without *Parental Guidance*, but this does not refer to the late shows.
 (D) *People under the age of 18* are not mentioned.
2. (C) Correct. *Phantom Knight* – The announcement says that this film is *featuring Deborah Legg*.
 (A) *Monterrey* is the name of the cinema.
 (B) *Long Vacation* features Tom Knott and Sandy Edwards.
 (D) *Indigo Heart* features Andy Vega and Myra Hassan.
3. (A) Correct. *3* – The announcement gives information about three films: *Phantom Knight*, *Long Vacation*, and *Indigo Heart*.
 (B) *2* refers to Cinema 2, not the number of films.
 (C) *4* is mentioned as one of the showing times, 4.05.
 (D) *9* is mentioned as one of the showing times, 9.40.
4. (B) Correct. *Her designs* – The speaker explains that *she is here to explain her designs for next year's collection*.
 (B) The speaker mentions *next year's sales targets*, but this is not what Elvira is planning to speak about.
 (C) Elvira has *an understanding of fabrics*, but this is not what Elvira is planning to speak about.
 (D) The speaker mentions *her project group*, but this is not what Elvira is planning to speak about.
5. (B) Correct. *7* – The speaker explains that the man is wanted for *seven counts of armed robbery*.
 (A) *6* refers to the man's height; *6 foot 3 inches*.
 (C) *8* refers to the time the man escaped; *8.10 this morning*.
 (D) *10* refers to the time the man escaped; *8.10 this morning*.
6. (C) Correct. *3* – The speaker explains that the man *has two brothers and a sister living in the area*.
 (A) *1* is not mentioned in relation to his family members.
 (B) The man has *2 brothers*, but also a sister, so this not the correct answer.
 (D) *5* is mentioned in the address, *3rd Avenue and 5th Street*, but does not refer to family members.

9. (B) Correct. *Police* – The speaker begins *Attention all officers* and goes to mention *on the lookout, armed robbery* and *detention center*, from which it can be inferred that they are police officers.
- (A) *Social club* is mentioned but not *social workers*.
- (C) *Lawyers* would not be addressed as *officers*.
- (D) *Local citizens* are not mentioned.
10. (A) Correct. *Exercise equipment* – The product is advertised as a *new innovation in personal fitness technology*. The advertisement also mentions *workout, biceps and abs* (abdominal muscles), which are related to exercise.
- (B) *A training video* is included in the equipment.
- (C) *Personal fitness* is mentioned, but not a fitness club.
- (D) The advertisement explains that *you can carry the product wherever you go*, but it is not *a suitcase*.
11. (A) Correct. *To strengthen their arms* – The advertisement explains that the single handed use is *ideal for strengthening your biceps* (muscles in the upper arms).
- (B) *Flexibility* refers to a feature of the body-blade equipment.
- (C) The *double-handed* technique is ideal for working on the *abs*, not the *single-handed* technique.
- (D) *To carry it with them* refers to a feature of the body-blade equipment.
12. (C) Correct. *More than \$30 including delivery* – The advertisement says that it is *only \$29.99 plus post and packaging*.
- (A) The price is \$29.99, not \$9.99.
- (B) 555 is part of the telephone number, 555 3546, to call for more details.
- (D) The price is clearly stated.

C Learn by doing

A

Possible answers

- When were you born?
- Where did you grow up?
- Do you have any brothers and sisters?
- What did your parents do?
- When did you go to university?
- Which university did you go to?
- What did you specialize in at university?
- What are you interested in?

9. What other interests do you have?

B

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 5.3

Part 5: Incomplete sentences

A Strategy

1 Test tactic

A

- cooperation (N)
- criticize (V)
- partnership (N)
- department (N)
- simplify (V)
- quickness (N)
- activate (V)
- celebration (N)
- security (N)
- widen (V)
- assistance (N)
- realize (V)

B

- tion/-sion: noun
- ity: noun
- ness: noun
- ment: noun
- ance/-ence: noun
- ise/-ize: verb
- en: verb
- ate: verb
- (i)fy: verb
- ship: noun

C

- (noun) investigation
- (verb) criticize
- (noun) internship
- (noun) dependence
- (verb) identify
- (noun) document
- (verb) renovate
- (verb) devastate
- (noun) repetitiveness
- (verb) soften

9. (B) Correct. *Police* – The speaker begins *Attention all officers* and goes to mention *on the lookout, armed robbery* and *detention center*, from which it can be inferred that they are police officers.
- (A) *Social club* is mentioned but not *social workers*.
- (C) *Lawyers* would not be addressed as *officers*.
- (D) *Local citizens* are not mentioned.
10. (A) Correct. *Exercise equipment* – The product is advertised as a *new innovation in personal fitness technology*. The advertisement also mentions *workout, biceps and abs* (abdominal muscles), which are related to exercise.
- (B) *A training video* is included in the equipment.
- (C) *Personal fitness* is mentioned, but not a fitness club.
- (D) The advertisement explains that *you can carry the product wherever you go*, but it is not a *suitcase*.
11. (A) Correct. *To strengthen their arms* – The advertisement explains that the single handed use is *ideal for strengthening your biceps* (muscles in the upper arms).
- (B) *Flexibility* refers to a feature of the body-blade equipment.
- (C) The *double-handed* technique is ideal for working on the *abs*, not the *single-handed* technique.
- (D) *To carry it with them* refers to a feature of the body-blade equipment.
12. (C) Correct. *More than \$30 including delivery* – The advertisement says that it is *only \$29.99 plus post and packaging*.
- (A) The price is *\$29.99*, not *\$9.99*.
- (B) *555* is part of the telephone number, *555 3546*, to call for more details.
- (D) The price is clearly stated.

C Learn by doing

A

Possible answers

1. When were you born?
2. Where did you grow up?
3. Do you have any brothers and sisters?
4. What did your parents do?
5. When did you go to university?
6. Which university did you go to?
7. What did you specialize in at university?
8. What are you interested in?

9. What other interests do you have?

B

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 5.3

Part 5: Incomplete sentences

A Strategy

1 Test tactic

A

cooperation (N)
 criticize (V)
 partnership (N)
 department (N)
 simplify (V)
 quickness (N)
 activate (V)
 celebration (N)
 security (N)
 widen (V)
 assistance (N)
 realize (V)

B

-tion/-sion: noun
 -ity: noun
 -ness: noun
 -ment: noun
 -ance/-ence: noun
 -ise/-ize: verb
 -en: verb
 -ate: verb
 -(i)fy: verb
 -ship: noun

C

1. (noun) investigation
2. (verb) criticize
3. (noun) internship
4. (noun) dependence
5. (verb) identify
6. (noun) document
7. (verb) renovate
8. (verb) devastate
9. (noun) repetitiveness
10. (verb) soften

2 Test tactic

A

1. b
2. d
3. f
4. c
5. e
6. g
7. a

B

1. j
2. e
3. i
4. g
5. f
6. a
7. b
8. c
9. d
10. h

3 Tactic practice

1. (C) *friendship* – noun referring to the concept (not the person)
2. (D) *standardize* – verb
3. (A) *simplified* – past participle to complete passive verb phrase
4. (B) *restrung* – meaning to be strung **again**
5. (B) *subsidiaries* – meaning a **lower**, or less important, branch of the company
6. (B) *intermediary* – meaning someone that speaks or negotiates **between** two groups of people.

B Mini-test

1. (B) Correct. *ownership*
(A) *owner* is a noun referring to the person, not the concept.
(C) *owning* is a present participle, and does not make a logical construction here.
(D) *owned* is a past participle, and does not make a logical construction here.
2. (D) Correct. *strengthen*
(A) *strong* is an adjective, and a verb is required here.
(B) *strongly* is an adverb, and a verb is required here.
(C) *strength* is a noun, and a verb is required here.

3. (C) Correct. *concentrate*
(A) *concentration* is a noun, and a verb is required here.
(B) and (D) are incorrect verb forms to complete an infinitive of purpose clause.
4. (A) Correct. *uncompromising*
(B) (C) and (D) are not adjectives that normally collocate with the noun *attitude*.
5. (C) Correct. *illiteracy*
(A) *educational* is an adjective, and a noun is required here.
(B) *immortality* means the opposite of *mortality*, and therefore does not exist in the real world.
(D) *supervision* collocates with *adult*, but does not make sense in this context.
6. (D) Correct. *unless*
(A) (B) and (C) are conjunctions used to explain the reason for something, whereas a conjunction meaning *if ... not* is required to complete this conditional sentence.
7. (D) Correct. *widen*
(A) *wide* is an adjective, and a verb is required here.
(B) *width* is a noun, and a verb is required here.
(C) *narrow* is an adjective, and does not make sense in this context.
8. (B) Correct. *rescheduled*
(A) and (C) are not followed by the preposition *to*.
(D) *prepared* does not collocate with the noun *meeting*.
9. (A) Correct. *hard-nosed*
(B) (C) and (D) do not make sense in this context.
10. (C) Correct. *would have been canceled*
(A) and (B) are not the correct verb forms to complete this third conditional sentence, indicated by verb in the second clause, *hadn't come*.
(D) *might not have canceled* is an active verb form, whereas the passive is required here.
11. (D) Correct. *obligation*
(A) (B) and (C) are verb forms, whereas a noun is required here.
12. (B) Correct. *relief*
(A) *refund* would require an indefinite article – *A tax refund*
(C) and (D) do not collocate to make a noun phrase with *tax*.

C Vocabulary practice

Across

1. uncompromising
3. overstocked
6. illiteracy
7. intermediary
8. devastate
9. impatient
10. criticize
11. renovate

Down

2. mislead
4. discontinue
5. obligation
6. interaction

Unit 6.3

Part 6: Text completion

A Strategy

1 Language building

B

1. send
2. discussing
3. see
4. send
5. taking
6. meet

Follow up

Student's own answers

2 Test tactic

B

1. (a) *been employed*
2. (c) *working*
3. (d) *waiting*
4. (c) *had*

Follow up

Student's own answers

3 Tactic practice

1. (B) *Correct. had been planning* uses the past perfect continuous to describe a past intention.
(A) *was planned* is grammatically incorrect.
(C) *will plan* refers to the future, whereas the past tense is required here.
(D) *was going to plan* uses two verbs to express an intention, *going to* and *plan to*, which does make a logical construction in English.
2. (D) *Correct. will* provides the correct auxiliary verb to complete the verb phrase.
(A) *to* is a preposition, and the subject must be followed by a verb.
(B) *can* and *be able to* have the same meaning, and cannot be used together.
(C) *going to* is formed with the auxiliary verb *be*, and does make a logical construction here.
3. (A) *Correct. am going to* correctly completes the verb phrase referring to the future, as indicated by the phrase, *this coming September*.
(B) *did* is used to form a past tense verb phrase, which is inappropriate in this context.
(C) and (D) *want* and *hope* are followed by *to* + infinitive, and do not fit this verb phrase.
4. (C) *Correct. have been* correctly completes a past conditional clause, as indicated by the phrase *last year*.
(A) *be* forms a present tense conditional clause and therefore does not agree with the rest of the sentence.
(B) and (D) *able to* requires the verb *be*, and therefore neither of these options makes a logical construction in English.

B Mini-test

1. (D) *Correct. announced*
(A) (B) and (C) do not logically complete the meaning of this sentence.
2. (A) *Correct. had failed*
(B) (C) and (D) are incorrect tense forms to match the past perfect used in the first clause of the sentence, *had been rising*.
3. (B) *Correct. will*
(A) and (D) are adjectives, and an auxiliary verb is needed here.
(C) *did* does not form the future tense required to match the previous verb phrase, *are claiming*.

4. (C) Correct. *unless*
 (A) and (B) are conjunctions expressing time and do not fit the context of the sentence.
 (D) *if* is inappropriate because the sentence requires a negative meaning. (i.e. *if the closure isn't cancelled*)
5. (C) Correct. *will be giving*
 (A) (B) and (D) do not form the future tense required here, as indicated by the phrase *are in for a rare treat in December*.
6. (D) Correct. *have decided*
 (A) (B) and (C) are incorrect tense forms, as the perfect tense is required here.
7. (A) Correct. *received*
 (B) (C) and (D) do not fit the context of the sentence.
8. (D) Correct. *once*
 (A) (B) and (C) do not complete the idiomatic adjectival phrase *once in a lifetime*.
9. (D) Correct. *has rescued*
 (A) (B) and (C) are incorrect tense forms. A present perfect tense is required here, as indicated by the unfinished time phrase, *For over 25 years ...*
10. (B) Correct. *raise*
 (A) (C) and (D) do not match the topic of the notice which is *fundraising*.
11. (A) Correct. *is going*
 (B) *will* cannot be followed by *to*.
 (C) and (D) do not match the subject the *dinner*, and would require a subject that is a person to make sense here.
12. (B) Correct. *provided*
 (A) (C) and (D) are words related to *music*, but do not make logical sense in this sentence.

C Grammar practice

- canceled this year due to lack of money.
- going to refuse the multi-million dollar recording contract.
- ask for increased taxes on foreign livestock imports.
- never heard it pronounced.
- meeting Joe to study for the upcoming math test.
- denounced the court decision to take the child away from her parents.
- living in an abandoned car.
- won't start negotiations until the rebels have

renounced violence and surrendered their weapons.

- will change the cargo invoices and send them to us next week.
- I'll quickly get tired of the inconvenience and long travel times.
- going to leave all her money to worthy charities.
- been rescued, he was placed in a secure and loving home.

D Further study

Student's own answers

Unit 7.3

Part 7: Reading comprehension

A Strategy

1 Test tactic

A

1.

- You must return your pool pass if you want a refund.
- Cancelations will be accepted for medical reasons.
- Credit card customers will not receive refund checks.
- You must inform your instructor when leaving the course.

C

Answer choice (D) is correct.

D

- c
- b
- a

2 Test tactic

A

- What time will Dr. Lee catch a plane?
Answer choice (D) is correct.

C

- When is it planned for Dr. Lee to have the conference call with Zurich?
Answer choice (B) is correct.

3 Tactic practice

- (D) Correct. *They won't be able to have food at the party.*
(A) (B) and (C) can be found in the text.
- (D) Correct. *6.30 p.m.*
- (C) Correct. *11th June*

B Mini-test

- (D) Correct. *Participants can go paragliding and mountain climbing.* – The information gives a choice between climbing OR paragliding, in other words they cannot do both activities.
(A) (B) and (C) are all true according to the text.
- (B) Correct. *8.15 a.m.* – The memo asks participants to be there at 8.00 a.m. as the bus leaves *promptly at 8.15.*
(A) *8 a.m.* refers to the meeting time.
(C) *7 p.m.* refers to the time the barbeque starts.
(D) *9 p.m.* refers to the time the Music Night starts.
- (C) Correct. *On their way to the center* – The memo explains that they meet on Monday morning and travel to the center by bus.
(A) They meet in the *staff parking lot* to catch the bus, but do not stay there all morning.
(B) They will be *traveling* to the center, and do not arrive at the center until the afternoon.
(D) The beach is scheduled for the afternoon on Monday.
- (D) Correct. *Over 100* – The question refers to two groups of staff; staff between the age of 21 – 30 and staff below 20. The total number adds up to more than 100.
(A) (B) and (C) do not answer the question *aged 30 or under.*
- (B) Correct. *Full-time employees* – There are 181 full-time employees.
(A) There are 162 *male employees.*
(C) There are 82 employees *with more than 11 years' experience.*
(D) There are 158 employees *who are university educated.*

- (A) Correct. 267 – This is the total number of employees that appears at the top of the table.
(B) (C) and (D) do not refer to the total number of staff.
- (A) Correct. *December 16th* – The end of the first paragraph explains that customers need to *submit orders before 5pm on Friday 16th December to ensure delivery by December 24th.*
(B) Orders placed by *December 22nd* will not be eligible for *free delivery.*
(C) *December 24th* is Christmas Eve and is when the delivery will take place by.
(D) *December 25th* is Christmas Day.
- (B) Correct. \$3.95 – The third paragraph explains that you can have items gift wrapped for \$3.95.
(A) \$3.05 is not mentioned.
(C) \$7 refers to the *standard delivery price.*
(D) \$42 refers to *orders* that are eligible for free delivery.
- (C) Correct. *In the store* – The information mentions the *Gift Wrapping corner on this floor*, and the *staff at the Delivery service on the ground floor of this store.*
(A) (B) and (D) are not mentioned in the information.
- (B) *They cannot be delivered for free* – The information explains that *free delivery applies to order of \$42 or more.* Orders of under \$42 will not qualify for free delivery.
(A) Orders of \$42 *or more* are delivered free.
(C) Free delivery does not apply to overseas addresses at all.
(D) Does not refer to orders of \$42.

C Reading in action

Student's own answers

D Further study

Student's own answers