

# LESSON 85

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451 **consider**

**decision**

What do you consider to be the best occupation in the world?

I consider ... to be the best occupation in the world

Why must we consider carefully before making an important decision?

We must ... because, if we don't consider carefully, we might make a big mistake

**whatever**

**whenever**

**wherever**

**whoever**

**limit**

**unlimited**

**most of**

The difference between the words "what" and "whatever" is that we use the word "what" in a limited sense, whereas we use the word "whatever" in a more unlimited sense. Other examples of this kind of thing are: "when whenever"; "where – wherever"; "who – whoever".

What's the difference between the words "what" and "whatever"?

The difference between ... is that we use the word "what" in a limited sense, whereas we use the word "whatever" in a more unlimited sense

If you could buy whatever you wanted, what would you buy?

If I could buy whatever I wanted, I'd buy ...

Can you go for a holiday whenever you like?

Yes, I can go for a holiday whenever I like  
~ No, I can't go for a holiday whenever I like

452 **Why or why not?**

Because I have to work (or study) for most of the year

If you could go wherever you liked in the world, where'd you go?

If I could go wherever I liked in the world, I'd go to ...

If you could meet whoever you wanted in the world, who would you prefer to meet?

If I could meet whoever I wanted in the world, I'd prefer to meet ...

**truth**

**lie**

**tell the truth**

**tell a lie**

**honest**

Do you always tell the truth?

Yes, I always ...  
~ No, I don't always ...; sometimes I tell lies

Why or why not?

Because I think it's important  
to be honest ~ Because it's sometimes  
necessary to tell lies in order not to be unpleasant

Do newspapers always tell the truth?

No, newspapers  
don't ...; sometimes they tell lies

Why do they sometimes tell lies?

They sometimes tell lies because ...

**miss**

What's the opposite of the verb "to catch"?

The opposite ... is "to miss"

If I threw my pen to you, do you think you'd catch it or miss it?

If you threw your pen to me, I think I'd ...

Are you in the habit of missing trains and buses?

Yes, I'm in the  
habit ... ~ No, I'm not in the habit ...

453 Why or why not?

Because I always leave everything to the  
last minute and then have to hurry ~ Because I  
always give myself plenty of time to catch trains and buses

How long do you have to be away from home before you begin to miss  
your family and friends?

I have to be away from home for  
about ... before I begin ...

Did you miss the last lesson?

Yes, I missed ...  
~ No, I didn't miss ...

If so, why?

**union**

**trade union**

**organization**

**in favour of**

**pay (wages)**

Do you think that a union of all the countries in Europe (or South America  
etc.) will ever be possible?

Yes, I think ... will  
one day be possible ~ No, I  
don't think ... will ever be possible

**What is a trade union?** A trade union is an organization composed of workers from a particular industry. It protects the workers and fights to improve their pay and conditions

**Are you in favour of trade unions?** Yes, I'm in favour ...  
~ No, I'm not in favour ...

## rope

## climb

**What can we use rope for?** We can use rope for climbing mountains, pulling things etc.

454 **What'd you see if you climbed the stairs to the top of this building?** If I climbed ..., I'd see ...

**Is it easy to climb to the top of the music industry and stay there?** No, it isn't easy ...; it's difficult

## court

## look for

**If you lost your keys, where would you look for them first?** If I lost my keys, I would ...

**Where do people go when they are looking for justice?** People go to the law courts when they ...

## judge

**Would you like the job of a judge?** Yes, I'd like ... ~ No, I wouldn't like ...

## dark – darken

## short – shorten

## wide – widen – width

## length – lengthen

## strength – strengthen

## friendship

**We can form verbs from certain adjectives or nouns by adding the letters "en". For example, from the adjective "dark" we can make the verb "to darken", which means "to make darker" or "to get darker". Other examples are "short shorten", "wide widen" etc.**

**How do we form verbs from certain adjectives or nouns?** We form verbs from certain ... by adding the letters "en"

Give me some examples, please.

dark darken;  
short shorten etc.

455 What does the verb "to darken" mean?

The verb "to darken"  
means "to make darker" or "to get darker"

If our trousers are too long, what must we do to them?

If our trousers are too long, we must shorten them

Do the days lengthen or shorten as we go towards summer?

The days lengthen as we ...

Do you think sport can strengthen the friendship between different countries?

Yes, I think ... ~ No, I don't think ...

**An adjective or noun must have only one syllable in order for us to form a verb from it. There are also some one-syllable adjectives and nouns from which we cannot form a verb. We can't say, for example, "to smallen"; we say "to make smaller".**

How many syllables must an adjective or noun have in order for us to form a verb from it?

An adjective or noun must  
have only one syllable in order for us ...

Can we form verbs from all adjectives and nouns of one syllable?

No, we can't form verbs ...

Give me an example of a one-syllable adjective from which we can't form a verb?

An example of a ... is "small"  
(or "large", "slow" etc.)



#### Dictation 54

When we hurry, we are not able to do things as well as when we take our time. You can eat as much as you like; we've got plenty of sandwiches, crisps and biscuits. I haven't eaten so much chocolate since I was a little boy. We were late for an appointment with our boss, and so we had to run. If I lend you some money, will you pay it back when promised? One should not make important decisions, especially about one's career, without thinking carefully.