# **LESSON 51**

264 worker beginner sleeper

writer speaker

To form a noun from a verb we sometimes add the letters "er" to the verb. For example, we call a person who works a "worker"; we call a person who writes a "writer" etc.

How do we sometimes form a noun from a verb? We sometimes form

a noun from a verb by

adding the letters "er" to the verb

Give me some examples, please. eat eater; walk walker;

speak speaker

Are you a hard worker? Yes, I'm a hard worker ~ No,

I'm not a hard worker; I work very little

Are you a complete beginner in English? No, I'm not a complete

beginner in English; I began ...

Are you a heavy (or deep) sleeper? Yes, I'm a heavy sleeper ~ No, I'm

not a heavy sleeper; I'm a light sleeper

Who's your favourite writer? My favourite writer is ...

## hope

Do you hope you'll live a very long time? Yes, I hope I'll live a very long time ~ No, I don't hope I'll live a very long time

265 Do you think it's important to be positive about life and full of hope for the future? Yes, I think it's important to be positive about life and full of hope for the future

Do you hope the weather will be sunny tomorrow? Yes, I hope the weather will be sunny tomorrow

believe planet

Do you believe everything people tell you?

No, I don't believe everything people tell me; some things I believe and some things I disbelieve

Do you believe there is life on other planets?

Yes, I believe there is life on other planets ~ No, I don't believe there is life on other planets

Do you believe it'll be possible in the future for people to live until they're two hundred years old?

Yes, I believe

it'll be possible in the future for people to live until they're two hundred years old ~ No, I don't believe it'll be possible in the future for people to live until they're two hundred years old

## do the shopping go shopping list

What's the difference between "to do the shopping" and "to go shopping"?

The difference between

"to do the shopping" and "to go shopping" is that "to do the shopping" means to buy the things that are necessary for the house, such as food etc., whereas "to go shopping" means to visit shops generally

When you do the shopping, do you make a list before going to the supermarket?

Yes, when I do the shopping,

I make a list before going to the

supermarket ~ No, when I do the shopping, I don't make a list before going to the supermarket

Do you ever go shopping and come home with nothing?

Yes, I sometimes go shopping and come home with nothing ~ No, I never go shopping and come home with nothing; I always buy something

### smile

Do people generally smile when they're unhappy? No, people don't generally smile when they're unhappy

Does good news put a smile on your face?

Yes, good news puts a smile on my face

### tax

Do you have to pay a tax to the government if you buy a foreign car?

Yes, I have to pay a tax to the government if I buy a foreign car ~ No, I don't have to pay a tax to the government if I buy a foreign car

267	The three forms of a verb		Past participle
	Present	Past	Past participle
	walk	walked	walked
	cut	cut	cut
	sit	sat	sat
	see	saw	seen

present: I see him every week

past: I saw him last week

past participle: I have seen him this week

Generally speaking, each verb in English has three forms that you must learn:

- 1) the present
- 2) the past
- 3) the past participle

For example, the three forms of the verb "to see" are "see, saw, seen", where "see" is the present, "saw" is the past, and "seen" is the past participle.

What are the three forms of an English verb? The three forms of an English verb are the present, the past and the past participle

see, saw, seen
I see him every week;
I saw him last week; I have seen him this week

With regular verbs, the 2nd and 3rd forms are the same - for example, "kill, killed, killed". With <u>irregular</u> verbs, sometimes all the forms are the same - for example, "put, put"; sometimes two forms are the same -- for example, "come, came, come"; and sometimes all three forms are different - for example, "give, gave, given".

What are the three forms of "kill"?

What are the three forms of "put"?

What are the three forms of "come"?

What are the three forms of "give"?

The three forms of "kill" are "kill, killed, killed"

The three forms of "put" are "put, put, put"

The three forms of "come" are "come, came, come"

The three forms of "give" are "give, gave, given"



The past tense of the verb "to be" is/ "I was", "you were" etc./ They were sitting together/ three lessons ago; now they sit apart./ A road generally connects two towns,/ whereas a street is in a town./I cannot walk in a straight line/ after drinking lots of whisky;/ I walk crooked./ When I go on holiday,/ I generally take a lot of photos./ "Ever" is positive/ and "never" is negative. When the weather is cold/ and there is snow,/ we cover our bodies/ with a lot of clothes.