

DO YOU EVER THROW (GIVE) A PARTY AT HOME ON YOUR BIRTHDAY ? Yes, I sometimes throw ... or ... No, I never throw ...

WHICH IS THE STRONGEST POLITICAL PARTY IN YOUR COUNTRY TODAY ?/ The ... party is the strongest ...

DO YOU PREFER TO GO ON HOLIDAY WITH A FRIEND OR IN A LARGE PARTY ? I prefer to go on ...

**COPY** 写す

WHAT HAPPENS IF ONE PUPIL COPIES FROM ANOTHER DURING AN EXAM ? If one pupil copies ... he's sent out of the room ...

**INFLUENCE** ~に影響を及ぼす, 影響

HAS THE WEATHER A STRONG INFLUENCE OVER YOU ? DO YOU, FOR EXAMPLE, FEEL HAPPY IN GOOD WEATHER AND UNHAPPY IN BAD WEATHER ?/ Yes, the weather has ... or ... No, the weather doesn't have ...

407 **MOUSE** ネズミ

WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE FAMOUS MOUSE IN THE CINEMA WORLD ? The name of the ... is Mickey Mouse

**THROAT** のど

WHAT PART OF THE BODY'S THIS ? It's the throat

**OPPORTUNITY** 機会, 好機

DO YOU BELIEVE THAT OPPORTUNITY (THAT IS, THE SAME OPPORTUNITY) NEVER COMES TO US TWICE ? Yes, I believe that ... or ... No, I don't believe that ...

**DEVELOP**

発展させる, 発展する

**INDUSTRY**

産業, 工業

**AGRICULTURE**

農業

WHAT DO WE MEAN BY "THE UNDER-DEVELOPED COUNTRIES OF THE WORLD" ?/ By "the under-developed ...", we mean those with little or no industry or agriculture ... etc.

**COLONY** 植民地

ARE THE DAYS OF COLONIES A THING OF THE PAST? Yes, the days of colonies are more or less ...

**PRINT** 印刷する

WHERE WAS THIS BOOK PRINTED? This book was ...

408 **SAND** 砂

WHERE DO WE FIND SAND? We find sand by the sea

**BELL** ベル, 鈴, 鐘, 呼び鈴      **SHOUT** 叫ぶ

DO YOU KNOW WHETHER, IN THE OLD DAYS, A MAN WALKED ROUND YOUR TOWN WITH A BELL AND SHOUTED OUT THE NEWS AT THE STREET CORNERS?/

Yes, I know that, in the old days, a man ...  
or ... No, I don't know whether, in the ...

**SLAVE** 奴隷

ARE YOU A SLAVE TO CIGARETTES OR DRINK, OR ANYTHING ELSE?

Yes, I'm a slave to ... or ... No, I'm not a slave to ...

**STICK** 棒, 杖

**WALKING-STICK** ステッキ, 杖

DO YOU THINK A MAN LOOKS BETTER CARRYING A WALKING-STICK?

Yes, I think a man ... or ... No, I don't think ...

**LAKE** 湖

WHERE WOULD YOU PREFER TO LIVE, BY A LAKE OR BY THE SEA?

I'd prefer to live by ...

409 **LESSON 69**

**ALREADY** • すでに

HAS THE LESSON ALREADY FINISHED? No, the lesson hasn't finished yet,  
but it's still in progress

ARE YOU ALREADY ABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH WITHOUT MAKING ANY MISTAKES?

No, I'm not able to speak English yet without making any mistakes, but I still make some mistakes

ARE WE ALREADY IN SPRING (SUMMER, AUTUMN OR WINTER) ?

No, we aren't in spring yet, but we're still in winter

HAVE WE ALREADY STUDIED BOOK ONE OF THE CALLAN METHOD ?

Yes, we've already studied ...

**THROWN** THROW(投げる)の過去分詞

WHAT'S THE PARADIGM OF THE VERB "TO THROW" ?/ The paradigm ...  
throw - threw - thrown

HAVE YOU EVER THROWN ANYTHING AWAY, WHICH WAS WORTH A LOT OF MONEY, BY MISTAKE ? Yes, I've thrown something away, which was ...  
or ... No, I've never thrown anything away, which ...

WHAT ?

410 **-NESS** •

「性質」,「状態」などを表す

**REASON**

理由

**BY ADDING**

加えることによって

**ILLNESS**

病気

**TIREDNESS**

疲れ, 疲労

**DARKNESS**

暗闇

To form a noun from an adjective, we sometimes add the letters "ness" to the adjective.  
For example: slow - slowness: white - whiteness: small - smallness etc.

HOW DO WE SOMETIMES FORM A NOUN FROM AN ADJECTIVE ? - AND GIVE ME AN EXAMPLE ! We sometimes form a noun from an adjective by adding the letters "ness" to the adjective. For example: small - smallness

WHEN DID YOU HAVE YOUR LAST ILLNESS ?/ I had my last illness ...

WHAT'S THE REASON FOR TIREDNESS ? The reason for tiredness is too much work

WHAT'S THE REASON FOR DARKNESS AT NIGHT ? The reason for ... is that the world turns a complete circle, or completely round, every 24 hours, which means that, for half this time, one half of the world is opposite the sun and, for the other half of the time, it is away from the sun, and so in darkness

**ALONE** 一人の, 一人で

ARE YOU ALONE IN THIS ROOM ? No, I'm not alone ... but I'm in company

411 DO YOU LIVE ALONE OR WITH YOUR FAMILY ? I live alone ... or ...  
I live with ...

DO YOU PREFER TO GO ON HOLIDAY ALONE?/ Yes, I prefer ... or ... No, I don't prefer to go ... but I prefer to go in company

<b>WOULD YOU SAY ?</b> ~とお考えになりますか	<b>EXPRESSION</b> 表現	<b>RATHER</b> むしろ, かえって	<b>OPINION</b> 意見
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We use the expression "Would you say?" when we ask somebody for his opinion about something. It means "Do you think?"

WHEN DO WE USE THE EXPRESSION "WOULD YOU SAY ?" We use the expression "Would you say?" when ...

WOULD YOU SAY THAT A KING'S LIFE WAS PLEASANTER THAN THAT OF THE AVERAGE MAN ?/ Yes, I'd say that a king's life was pleasanter (or more pleasant) than ... or ... No, I wouldn't say that ...

Notice that the verb after "Would you say" is in the Past Tense, or rather the Subjunctive.

WHICH TENSE DO WE USE AFTER THE EXPRESSION "WOULD YOU SAY ?" ? We use the Past Tense, or rather the Subjunctive, after the expression "Would you say?"

412 WHAT WOULD YOU SAY WAS THE BEST WAY TO REMEMBER SOMETHING ? I'd say that the best ... was to repeat it often

<b>ANYONE?</b>	<b>SOMEONE</b> <b>NOT ANYONE</b>
<b>WHO ?</b>	<b>MR. BROWN</b> <b>NO ONE</b>

Instead of the words "anybody, somebody" and "nobody", we can use the words "anyone, someone" and "no one" (or "no-one").

WHAT WORDS CAN WE USE INSTEAD OF "ANYBODY, SOMEBODY" AND "NOBODY"? / Instead of ... we can use "anyone ..."

DID ANYONE COME INTO THE CLASSROOM AT THE BEGINNING OF THE LESSON ? Yes, someone came into ...

WHO WENT OUT OF THIS ROOM TWO MINUTES AGO ?

No-one went out of ...

**WON** WIN(勝つ)の過去, 過去分詞

413 WHAT'S THE PARADIGM OF THE VERB "TO WIN" ?/

The paradigm  
... is: win - won - won

IF YOU WON A MILLION POUNDS, WHAT'D YOU DO WITH IT ?

If I won a million pounds, I'd ...

**BORROW** 借りる

WHAT'S THE OPPOSITE OF THE VERB "TO LEND" ?

The opposite  
of ... is "to borrow"

OUGHT WE ALWAYS TO GIVE BACK THE THINGS WE BORROW ?/

Yes, we always ought to give back ...

DO PEOPLE, IN FACT, ALWAYS GIVE BACK THE THINGS THEY  
BORROW ?

No, people, in fact, don't always give back the ...

WHY NOT ?

Sometimes they can't, sometimes they forget, and sometimes  
they don't want to

**LISTEN AND HEAR** • 「耳を傾けて聞く」と「耳にする」 **THEN** それから

WHAT AM I DOING ?

You're listening to something

I AM LISTENING, BUT CAN I HEAR ANYTHING ? Yes, you can hear something

WHAT CAN I HEAR, THEN ?/

You can hear the cars in the street ... etc.

414 IF YOU LISTENED CAREFULLY, DO YOU THINK YOU'D BE ABLE TO  
HEAR THE PEOPLE IN THE NEXT ROOM ? (OR THE SOUND OF TWO  
PEOPLE SPEAKING IN THE STREET ETC ?)

Yes, if I listened carefully, I  
think I'd ...

**OWN** • 自分自身の

WHAT'S ANOTHER MEANING OF THE WORD "OWN" BESIDES "POSSESS" ?/

Another meaning of the word "own" besides "possess" is "..."

GIVE ME AN EXAMPLE, PLEASE !

This is my own watch

ARE THEY YOUR OWN SHOES YOU'RE WEARING ? Yes, they're my ... or ...

No, they aren't ... but they belong to ...

ARE ALL THE CLOTHES YOU'RE WEARING YOUR OWN OR DO SOME OF THEM BELONG TO SOMEONE ELSE? Yes, all the clothes I'm wearing are my own ... or ... No, not all the clothes I'm wearing are ... my ... belongs to ...

**SKIN** 皮膚, 皮

WHAT'S THIS ?/ It's your skin

**WIRE** <sup>1150</sup> 針金

**ELECTRICITY** 電気

WHAT DO WE USE WIRE FOR? We use wire to carry (or for carrying) electricity; to connect things together ... etc.

415 **BOIL** 煮る, ゆでる, 沸かす

HOW LONG DOES IT TAKE TO BOIL POTATOES UNTIL THEY ARE COOKED? It depends on how strong the gas etc. is, but generally ...

**BRICK** レンガ

WHAT'S A WALL BUILT OF? A wall is built of bricks

**ALSO** ~もまた

MAKE A SENTENCE USING THE WORD "ALSO" I will ask her to give me some money, and also some food for tomorrow

**DICTATION 39**

**SO THEY SAY** 彼らはそう言う

His grave/ was covered with sand,/ and in the sand/ someone had printed his name./ From the neck of the bottle/ came a flame/ which gave light to the room./ If we push a door/ which has the word "pull"/ written on it,/ it won't open./ Among all the subjects/ I studied at school,/ I found science/ the most interesting;/ not the most boring./ He's got a hole in his sock./ They've gone away for the day/ and will return late/ this evening;/ so they said before leaving.

LESSON 70

**FUTURE PROGRESSIVE** • 未来進行時制

**I SHALL BE WORKING** 私は働いているだろう

416 We use the Future Progressive Tense for a continuous action at a particular time in the future. For example, "I shall be working all day tomorrow".

WHEN DO WE USE THE FUTURE PROGRESSIVE TENSE ? We use the ...

GIVE ME AN EXAMPLE, PLEASE ! I shall be working all day tomorrow

WHAT DO YOU THINK YOU WILL BE DOING AT THIS TIME

TOMORROW ?/ I think I'll be ... at this time tomorrow

WILL YOU STILL BE STUDYING ENGLISH IN FIFTY YEARS' TIME ?

No, I won't still be studying ...

WHERE DO YOU THINK YOU'LL BE LIVING IN TEN YEARS' TIME ?

I think I'll be living ... in ten years' time

**INCH**

インチ (2.54 cm)

**FOOT**

フット (30 cm)

**YARD**

ヤード (0.914 m)

**CENTIMETRE**

センチメートル

**METRE**

メートル

**This is an inch; this is a foot; this is a yard./ An Inch is about two-and-a-half centimetres./ Twelve inches make a foot, and three feet make a yard./ A yard is about three inches shorter than a metre./**

417 WHAT'S THIS ? It's an inch

WHAT'S THIS ? It's a foot

WHAT'S THIS ? It's a yard

HOW MANY CENTIMETRES MAKE AN INCH ? About 2½ centimetres make an inch

HOW MANY INCHES MAKE A FOOT ? 12 inches make a foot

HOW MANY FEET MAKE A YARD ? 3 feet make a yard

IS A YARD LONGER THAN A METRE ? No, a yard isn't longer ... but it's shorter ...

HOW MUCH SHORTER IS A YARD THAN A METRE ?/ A yard is about 3 inches shorter than a metre

CONSEQUENTLY, WHEN WE RUN A HUNDRED YARDS, DO WE RUN FURTHER THAN A HUNDRED METRES ? No, when we run ... we don't run ... but less than ...

**RISE** 立つ, 昇る, 上昇する

**CONSTANTLY** 絶えず

WHAT'S THE BOOK DOING ? The book's rising in the air

418 DOES THE SUN RISE EARLY IN WINTER ? No, the sun doesn't rise ... but ... late

IS THE COST OF LIVING CONSTANTLY RISING THESE DAYS ?/ Yes, the cost of living is ... or ... No, the cost of ...

WHAT'D YOU DO IF THIS TABLE SLOWLY BEGAN TO RISE INTO THE AIR WITHOUT ANYBODY TOUCHING IT ? If this table ... I'd run out of the room etc.

<b>HOURLY •</b>	<b>DAILY</b>	<b>WEEKLY</b>	<b>MONTHLY</b>	<b>YEARLY</b>
毎時に	日毎に	週ごとに	月々に	毎年

The words "hourly, daily, weekly, monthly" and "yearly" mean "every hour, every day, every week, every month, every year".

WHAT DO THE WORDS "HOURLY, DAILY, WEEKLY, MONTHLY" AND "YEARLY" MEAN ?/ The words "hourly ..." mean "every hour ..."

DO PEOPLE USUALLY GET PAID HOURLY FOR THE WORK THEY DO ? No, people don't usually ... but they usually ... weekly or monthly

WHICH DAILY NEWSPAPER DO YOU READ ? I read ...

DO YOU READ ANY WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS ? Yes, I read some weekly newspapers ... or ... No, I don't ...

419 WHICH ?

HOW MANY HOURS OF ENGLISH DO YOU STUDY MONTHLY ?/ I study ... monthly

WHERE DO YOU USUALLY GO FOR YOUR YEARLY HOLIDAYS ? I usually go to ... yearly holidays

**LET** ~させる

WHAT SOMETIMES HAPPENS WHEN WE LET PEOPLE BORROW THINGS THAT BELONG TO US ? When we let people borrow things that belong to us, they sometimes don't return them

DO YOU THINK IT'S A GOOD IDEA TO LET CHILDREN DO AS THEY PLEASE (WANT TO) ?/ No, I don't think it's a good idea to ...

DO YOU THINK IT'S DANGEROUS THESE DAYS TO LET PEOPLE WE DON'T KNOW ENTER OUR HOUSES ? No, I don't think ... or ... Yes, I think in some countries it's dangerous to let ...

DO YOU THINK MORE PEOPLE WOULD KILL EACH OTHER IF THE LAW OF THE COUNTRY LET THEM DO SO ? Yes, I think more people would kill each ...

WHY OR WHY NOT ?/ Because some people are still wild by nature ....



420 Notice that, after "let", we do not use "to" with the following verb. For example, we say "let children do" not "let children to do".

<b>ANYWHERE ?</b> • どこでも	<b>SOMEWHERE</b> <b>NOT ANYWHERE</b> どこでも~ない
<b>WHERE ?</b> どこ	<b>ON THE WALL</b> <b>NOWHERE</b> どこにもない

IS THERE A BOOK ANYWHERE IN THIS ROOM? Yes, there's a book somewhere in this room

IS THERE A WIRELESS ANYWHERE IN THIS ROOM? No, there isn't a wireless ...

WHERE'S THE BOOK? The book's on the table

WHERE'S THE WIRELESS? The wireless is nowhere

IS THERE ANYWHERE IN THIS PLACE I CAN BUY FOREIGN BOOKS ?/  
Yes, there's somewhere in this ...

IS THERE ANYWHERE IN THIS TOWN WHERE I COULD GET MY HAIR CUT FOR NOTHING ?  
No, there isn't anywhere in this ...

WHERE IN THE WORLD CAN A MAN MURDER ANOTHER MAN WITHOUT BREAKING THE LAW ?  
There's nowhere in the world where a man can ...

421 IF YOU COULD LIVE ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD YOU LIKED, WHERE'D YOU LIVE ?/  
If I could live anywhere in the world I liked, I'd live in ...

WHY ?

**LOOSE** ゆるい, 固定されていない      **LOOSEN** ゆるめる

DO YOU THINK WE OUGHT TO LET DOGS RUN AROUND LOOSE, OR DO YOU THINK THEY OUGHT TO BE KEPT ON A CHAIN ?  
I think we ought to let dogs ... or ... I think dogs ought to be kept on a chain

WHY DO PEOPLE IN HOT COUNTRIES WEAR LOOSE CLOTHES ?/  
People in hot countries wear loose clothes to keep themselves cool

ARE THERE ANY LOOSE STONES ON THE ROAD OUTSIDE THIS SCHOOL ? Yes, there are some loose ... or ... No, there aren't any ...

WHY DOES A MAN LOOSEN HIS TIE WHEN IT'S HOT ? A man loosens his tie when it's hot in order to let out the hot air that is inside his shirt

## **STORM** 嵐

WHAT KIND OF THINGS HAPPEN IN A STORM ?/ The kind of things that happen in a storm are that people sometimes die, water in the river rises, things get broken etc.

## 422 **BELT** ベルト, 帯

ARE YOU WEARING A BELT ? Yes, I'm wearing ... or ... No, I'm not ...

## **BLIND** 盲目の

HOW DO BLIND PEOPLE READ ? Blind people read with special books made for them, which they can read by touching the words

## **CHAIN** 鎖

WHAT DO YOU THINK IT MEANS WHEN WE SAY SOMEONE IS A CHAIN-SMOKER ? When we say someone is a chain-smoker, it means that he smokes one cigarette after another like a continuous chain

## **DEVIL** 悪魔

WHERE DOES THE DEVIL LIVE ? The devil lives in hell

## EXERCISE 35

## LESSON 71

## **RIDE** 乗る

CAN YOU RIDE A HORSE ? Yes, I can ... or ... No, I can't ride ...

423 DO YOU LIKE RIDING ON BUSES ? Yes, I like riding ... or ... No, I don't ...

**MAY** ●  
～してもよい

**CAN**  
～できる

**PERMISSION**  
許可

When we ask for permission to do something, we use the words "may" or "can"./  
For example, "May I leave the room, please ?" or "Can I leave the room, please?"

WHAT WORDS DO WE USE WHEN WE ASK PERMISSION TO DO SOMETHING ?/

We use "may" or "can" when we ask ...

GIVE ME THREE EXAMPLES, PLEASE ! May I smoke ? Can I open the window ?  
May I go to the cinema this evening ?

**CATCH**

捕まえる, 病気にかかる

**A COLD**

かぜ

**RAINCOAT**

レインコート

We use the word "catch" in expressions such as "to catch a ball; catch a train; catch a cold" etc.

WHAT AM I DOING ?

You're throwing your pen into the air and catching it

IN WHAT KIND OF EXPRESSIONS DO WE USE THE WORD "CATCH" ?/

We use the word "catch" in expressions, such as ...

424 ARE YOU THE KIND OF PERSON WHO USUALLY HAS TO RUN HARD AT THE LAST MOMENT WHEN YOU GO TO CATCH A BUS OR A TRAIN ?

Yes, I'm the kind of ... or ... No, I'm not the kind of ... because I usually give myself plenty of time to catch ...

IF YOU WALKED IN THE RAIN WITHOUT CARRYING AN UMBRELLA OR WEARING A RAINCOAT, WHAT MIGHT HAPPEN ?/

If I walked in ... I'd get wet and might catch a cold

**TO BE IN THE HABIT OF DOING SOMETHING**

～かをする習慣にあること

**HABIT**

習慣

ARE YOU IN THE HABIT OF GETTING UP EARLY IN THE MORNING ?

Yes, I'm in the habit of ... or ... No, I'm not in the ...

WHY OR WHY NOT ?

ARE YOU IN THE HABIT OF SPEAKING TO YOURSELF WHEN YOU'RE ALONE ?/

Yes, I'm in the ... or ... No, I'm not ...

WHAT WERE YOU IN THE HABIT OF DOING ON SUNDAYS WHEN YOU WERE A LITTLE CHILD ?

I was in the habit of ... on Sundays when I ...

425 **STRANGER** 知らぬ人

**FOREIGNER** 外国人

A stranger is somebody we don't know, whilst a foreigner is somebody from another country.

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A STRANGER AND A FOREIGNER ?/

The difference between a stranger ... is that a stranger is somebody ...

**LOOK LIKE** ~のように見える, ~になりそうだ

DO YOU THINK THAT PEOPLE WHO LIVE TOGETHER FOR A VERY LONG TIME BEGIN TO LOOK LIKE EACH OTHER ?

Yes, I think that people who ... or ... No, I don't think that ...

WHY OR WHY NOT ?

WHAT FAMOUS PERSON WOULD YOU MOST LIKE TO LOOK LIKE ?/

I'd most like to look like ...

DO YOU THINK IT LOOKS LIKE RAIN (OR, LOOKS AS IF IT IS GOING TO RAIN) ?

Yes, I think it looks ... or ... No, I don't think ...

DO YOU THINK YOU LOOK LIKE SUCCEEDING (OR, LOOK AS IF YOU WILL SUCCEED) IN LEARNING ENGLISH QUITE WELL ?

Yes, I think

I look like succeeding ...

426 WHAT DID WINSTON CHURCHILL LOOK LIKE ? Winston Churchill was quite fat. He had a round face and no hair, and a smile like that of a little boy

**TRAVEL**

旅行する

**JOURNEY**

旅行

**JUST**

ただ単に

**WEEKEND /**

週末

The words "travel" and "journey" have more or less the same meaning, but we generally use "travel" as a verb and "journey" as a noun. For example, "I travelled on a long journey."

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE WORDS "TRAVEL" AND "JOURNEY" ?

The difference between the ... is that we generally use "travel" as a verb and ...

WHY IS IT NOW POSSIBLE FOR THE AVERAGE PERSON TO TRAVEL TO OTHER COUNTRIES JUST FOR THE WEEKEND ?/

It's now possible ... because travelling is cheaper, easier and faster these days

WHAT'S THE LONGEST JOURNEY YOU'VE EVER MADE ?

The longest journey I've ... is to ...

**OF COURSE** もちろん