

HOW MANY HOURS MAKE A DAY?	24 hours make a day
HOW MANY DAYS MAKE A WEEK?	7 days make a week
HOW MANY WEEKS MAKE A MONTH?	4 weeks make a month
HOW MANY MONTHS MAKE A YEAR?/	12 months make a year

MEAT 肉

SUGAR 砂糖

DO YOU LIKE MEAT?

WHAT COLOUR'S SUGAR?

Sugar's white or brown

DO YOU PUT SUGAR ON YOUR MEAT?

No, I don't put sugar on my meat,
but I put it in my tea or coffee

COUNT 数える

FROM ... TO ...から～まで

WHAT AM I DOING? You're counting

115 WHAT AM I DOING? You're counting the numbers from six to ten

COUNT THE NUMBERS FROM 100 TO 105, PLEASE !/ One hundred, one hundred and one, one ...

WHAT'S HE / SHE DOING ? He's/she's counting the numbers from 100 to 105

POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES

POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS •

所有形容詞

所有代名詞

MY	私の
YOUR	あなたの
HIS	彼の
HER	彼女の
ITS	その
OUR	私たちの
YOUR	あなた達の
THEIR	彼らの

MINE	私のもの
YOURS	あなたのもの
HIS	彼のもの
HERS	彼女のもの
ITS	そのもの
OURS	私たちのもの
YOURS	あなた達のもの
THEIRS	彼らのもの

ALSO / (も)また

116 The Possessive Adjectives are "my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their", whilst the Possessive Pronouns are "mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, yours, theirs..

WHAT ARE THE POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVES ?

The Possessive Adjectives are "my, your ..."

WHAT ARE THE POSSESSIVE PRONOUNS ?

The Possessive Pronouns are "mine, yours ..."

The difference between a Possessive Adjective and a Possessive Pronoun is that we put the Possessive Adjective in front of a noun (for example, "This is my book") whilst we put a Possessive Pronoun after a noun, or verb (for example, "This book is mine"). A Possessive Pronoun we can also use instead of a noun. For example, instead of saying "That is her dress", we can say "That is hers".

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVE AND A POSSESSIVE PRONOUN ? / The difference between a Possessive Adjective and a Possessive Pronoun is that we put a Possessive Adjective in front of a noun, whilst we put a Possessive Pronoun after a noun, or verb, or use it instead of a noun

GIVE ME AN EXAMPLE, PLEASE ! This is my book ... or ... This book is mine ... or ... This is mine

117 **MINE** 私のもの

YOURS あなたのもの

IS THIS YOUR EAR ? No, that isn't my ear, but it's your ear

IS THIS EAR YOURS ? No, that ear isn't mine, but it's yours

IS THAT NOSE MINE ? No, this nose isn't yours, but it's mine

SEE CHART 1

HIS 彼のもの

HERS 彼女のもの

IS THAT DRESS HIS ? / No, that dress isn't his, but it's hers

IS THAT SUIT HERS ? No, that suit isn't hers, but it's his

ARE THOSE HANDS HIS ? No, those hands aren't his, but they're hers

ARE THOSE ARMS HERS ? No, those arms aren't hers, but they're his

OURS 私たちのもの

THEIRS 彼らのもの

118 ARE THOSE LEGS OURS ? No, those legs aren't ours, but they're theirs

ARE THESE THEIR WRISTS ? No, these aren't their wrists, but they're our wrists

ARE THESE WRISTS THEIRS ?/

No, these wrists aren't theirs, but they're ours

TO DO •

～する

AS

～として

INFINITIVE

不定詞

TAKE THE WORD

～という語を用いる

We use the word "do" as an auxiliary verb, as in "Do you speak English ?" but it also means "....." - "to do". Verbs in the infinitive take the word "to" in front of them. For example, "to do : to come : to go" etc.

GIVE ME SOME EXAMPLES OF VERBS IN THE INFINITIVE, PLEASE !

Some examples of verbs in the infinitive are - to come, to go, to take etc.

WHAT DOES THE VERB "TO DO" MEAN ?

The verb "to do" means ...

WHAT AM I DOING ?/

You're going out of the room

WHAT DO I DO AFTER THE LESSON ? You go out of the room after the lesson

WHAT AM I DOING ?

You're sitting down

WHAT DO I DO BEFORE THE LESSON ? You sit down before the lesson

119 WHAT AM I DOING ?

You're standing up

WHAT DO I DO AFTER THE LESSON ?

You stand up after the lesson

DICTIONARY 7

This part of the body/ is a leg/ and this/ is an arm./ The plural of foot/ is feet./ There are twelve words/ in this sentence./ A verb is a word/ we use for an action./ What does the word/ "do" mean ?/ As an auxiliary verb/ it means nothing./ We say "the book",/ but "the ash-tray"/. Question mark, full-stop,/ comma./ The letter "a"/ isn't a consonant/ but a vowel./ This answer is wrong./ That is right.

LESSON 21

THE MOST • 最もたくさん

OF THESE THREE BOOKS, WHICH BOOK HAS THE MOST PAGES ?

Of these three books, this book has the most pages

WHICH CITY IN THIS COUNTRY HAS THE MOST PEOPLE ? ... is the city in this country which has the most people

120 WHICH PERSON IN YOUR FAMILY READS THE MOST BOOKS ?/

My ... is the person in my family who reads the most books

WHICH SCHOOL IN THIS TOWN HAS THE MOST PUPILS ? ... is the school in this town which has the most pupils

ARE THESE WRISTS THEIRS ?/

No, these wrists aren't theirs, but they're ours

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～する

AS

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BEAUTIFUL 美しい

UGLY みにくい

DO YOU THINK PARIS IS AN UGLY CITY? No, I don't think Paris is an ugly city, but I think it's a beautiful city

DO YOU THINK IS A BEAUTIFUL PLACE?/ No, I don't think ... is a beautiful place, but I think it's an ugly place

DO YOU THINK IS UGLY? No, I don't think ... is ugly, but I think she's beautiful

WHICH DO YOU THINK'S THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PLACE IN THIS COUNTRY? I think ... is the most beautiful place in this country

EAT 食べる

121 WHAT AM I DOING? You're eating

DO YOU EAT ALL FOOD? No, I don't eat all food, but some I eat and some I don't eat

DO YOU EAT BREAD WITHOUT BUTTER? Yes, I eat bread ... or ... No, I don't eat bread...

WHAT DO WE EAT WITH? We eat with our mouths

DRINK 飲む

WHAT AM I DOING? You're drinking

DO YOU DRINK TEA? Yes, I drink tea ... or ... No, I don't drink tea

CAN WE DRINK MEAT?/ No, we can't drink meat, but we eat meat

METAL

金属

GOLD

金

SILVER

銀

STEEL

鋼, スチール

IRON

鉄

TELL ME THE NAMES OF FOUR METALS, PLEASE! The names of four metals are gold, silver, steel and iron

122 **MADE OF** ~からできている

KEY/ 鍵

WHAT'S MY WATCH MADE OF? Your watch is made of ...

WHAT'S A KEY GENERALLY MADE OF? A key's generally made of steel

ARE YOU WEARING ANYTHING MADE OF SILVER?

WHAT DOES THE WORD "IRON" MEAN? The word "iron" means ...

COST (費用が)かかる

HOW MUCH DO YOU THINK THIS PEN COSTS? I think this pen costs about ...

DO YOUR SHOES COST MORE THAN YOUR HANDKERCHIEF ?/ Yes, my shoes cost more than my handkerchief

HOW MUCH DOES THE CINEMA COST IN THIS TOWN ? The cinema costs about ... in this town

MONDAY

月曜日

TUESDAY

火曜日

WEDNESDAY

水曜日

THURSDAY

木曜日

123 **FRIDAY**

金曜日

SATURDAY

土曜日

SUNDAY

日曜日

TELL ME THE NAMES OF THE DAYS OF THE WEEK, PLEASE !/

The names of the days of the week are Monday, Tuesday ...

TODAY

今日

YESTERDAY

昨日

TOMORROW

明日

WAS

～だった

WILL BE

～だろう

TO BE

～だ

WHAT'S TODAY ?

Today's ...

WHAT WAS YESTERDAY ?

Yesterday was ...

WHAT WILL TOMORROW BE ?

Tomorrow will be ...

124 WHAT WILL THE DAY AFTER TOMORROW BE ?

The day after tomorrow will be ...

WHAT WAS THE DAY BEFORE YESTERDAY ?/

The day before yesterday was ...

WANT ほしい

AT THE MOMENT 今

DO YOU WANT TO BREAK YOUR PEN ?

No, I don't want to break my pen

DO YOU WANT TO BREAK THE WINDOW ?

No, I don't want to break the window

DO YOU WANT ANYTHING TO EAT AT THE MOMENT ?

DO YOU WANT ANYTHING TO DRINK AT THE MOMENT ?

EXERCISE 8

LESSON 22

BEGIN

始まる

END

終る

LAST

続く

HOW LONG •

どのくらい

- 125 AT WHAT TIME DOES THE LESSON BEGIN ? The lesson begins at ...
AT WHAT TIME DOES THE LESSON END ? The lesson ends at ...
HOW LONG DOES THE LESSON LAST ? The lesson lasts ...

CHEAP

安い

EXPENSIVE

高い

ROLLS ROYCE /

ロールス・ロイス

- IS THIS PEN EXPENSIVE ? No, that pen isn't expensive, but it's cheap
IS A ROLLS ROYCE CHEAP ? No, a Rolls Royce isn't cheap, but it's expensive
IS MY HANDKERCHIEF EXPENSIVE ? No, your handkerchief isn't expensive,
but it's cheap

THE FEWEST • 450 最も少ない

This book has fewer pages than this book, whilst this book has fewer pages than this book. This book has the fewest pages.

OF THESE THREE BOOKS, HAS THIS BOOK THE MOST PAGES ? /

No, of these three books, that book hasn't the most pages, but it has the fewest pages

- 126 WHICH PERSON IN YOUR FAMILY READS THE FEWEST BOOKS ?

My ... is the person in my family who reads the fewest books

OF THESE THREE COUNTRIES, / GERMANY, FRANCE, AND GREECE, /

HAS GREECE THE MOST PEOPLE ? /

No, of those three countries, Greece hasn't the most people, but it has the fewest people

BUILDING 建物

ABOUT HOW MANY ROOMS ARE THERE IN THIS BUILDING ? There are about ... rooms in this building

IS THIS BUILDING HIGH (OR LOW) ?

No, this building isn't ... , but it's ...

INSIDE

内側

OUTSIDE

外側

STOMACH

胃

WHAT PART OF THE BOX IS THIS ?

It's the inside of the box

WHAT PART OF THE BOX IS THIS ?

It's the outside of the box

WHAT CAN YOU SEE OUTSIDE THIS WINDOW ?

I can see a building etc.
outside this window127 ARE WE SITTING OUTSIDE IN THE CORRIDOR ? No, we aren't sitting outside
in the corridor, but we're sitting inside the classroom

IS THERE ANY FOOD INSIDE OUR STOMACHS AFTER EATING ?/

Yes, there's some food inside our stomachs after eating

A. 一つの

SOME • いくつかの

The plural of "a" is "some". For example, "I have a pen in my left hand. I have some pens in my right hand."

WHAT'S THE PLURAL OF "A" ?

The plural of "a" is "some"

WHAT'S THE PLURAL OF "A BOOK" ?

The plural of "a book" is "some books"

WHAT CAN YOU SEE IN THIS CLASSROOM ?

I can see some books, some
pens, a teacher, a door etc. in this classroom

HAVE I "A" THUMB ON MY LEFT HAND ?/

Yes, you've "a" thumb on your
left hand

HAVE I "ANY" FINGERS ON MY LEFT HAND ?

Yes, you've "some" fingers
on your left hand128 **WATER** 水**WINE** ワイン**MILK** ミルク, 牛乳

TELL ME THE NAMES OF SOME DRINKS, PLEASE !

The names of some
drinks are "water, wine" and "milk"

WHAT COLOUR'S WATER ? Water has no colour

DO YOU DRINK WINE ?

Yes, I drink wine ... or ... No, I don't drink wine

WHICH DO YOU PREFER, MILK OR WATER ? I prefer ...

WELL よく, 上手に

CAN YOU HEAR WELL ?

Yes, I can hear well

CAN YOU SEE WELL? Yes, I can see well
CAN YOU SPEAK WELL? Yes, I can speak ... well

FLOWER 花

129 DO YOU LIKE THE SMELL OF FLOWERS ?/
HAVE YOU ANY FLOWERS AT HOME ?

WHOSE 誰の

WHOSE BOOK'S THIS? It's your book
WHOSE HAND'S THAT? It's her hand
WHOSE SUIT'S THAT? It's Mr Brown's suit

LOVE 好む, 愛する

HATE ひどく嫌う

DO CHILDREN GENERALLY LOVE GOING TO SCHOOL ?/ No, children don't
generally love going to school, but they generally hate going to school
DO CHILDREN HATE THEIR MOTHERS ? No, children don't hate their mothers,
but they love their mothers
DO YOU LOVE EATING BAD FOOD ? No, I don't love eating bad food,
but generally I hate eating bad food
DO YOU HATE ALL FOOD ? No, I don't hate all food, but some I hate and
some I love

DICTATION 8

What is the meaning/ of the word "wrist" ?/ How many things/ are there here ?/ Her hair/
is on her head./ His chin,/ mouth and nose/ are on his face./ My eyes are blue./ The
people of Scandinavia/ are tall./ He's asking us a question./ The name of her country/ is
Germany./ Who are you ?/ The contraction/ of the verb "to have"/ is "I've, you've, he's
etc."/ Have you any ears?/ Yes, two.

130 LESSON 23

MEAL
食事

BREAKFAST
朝食

LUNCH
昼食

DINNER
夕食

A DAY
一日に

MORNING
朝

EVENING
夕方, 晩

People generally eat three meals a day, which we call breakfast, lunch and dinner./
 We generally have breakfast at about 8 o'clock in the morning, lunch at about one o'clock and dinner at about 8 o'clock in the evening.

TELL ME THE NAMES OF THE THREE MEALS THAT PEOPLE
 GENERALLY EAT A DAY !/ The names of the three meals that people generally
 eat a day are breakfast, lunch and dinner

- WHAT TIME DO YOU HAVE YOUR BREAKFAST ? I have my breakfast at ...
 WHAT TIME DO YOU HAVE YOUR LUNCH ? I have my lunch at ...
 WHAT TIME DOES YOUR DINNER BEGIN ? My dinner begins at ...
 131 WHAT TIME DOES YOUR DINNER END ? My dinner ends at ...
 HOW LONG DOES HIS / HER DINNER LAST ? His/her dinner lasts ...

KNIFE ナイフ

FORK フォーク

WHAT DO WE USE TO EAT WITH ? We use a knife and fork to eat with

SEE CHART 7

MANY

MORE ... THAN

THE MOST

FEW

FEWER ... THAN

THE FEWEST

MUCH •

MORE ... THAN •

THE MOST •

LITTLE •

LESS ... THAN •

THE LEAST •

EXCEPTION

QUANTITY

SINGULAR /

例外, 除外

量, 数量

単数の

"Many" and "much" have the same meaning, but we use "many" with things we can count./ For example, we can count pens - 1 pen, 2 pens, 3 pens etc. We can count books, chairs etc./ Generally, the things we can count take an "s" in the plural./ "People" is an exception. It has no "s", but we use "many" with it./

134 **FEWER ... THAN •** **LESS ... THAN •** **WHISKY** **BANK**
 ~より少し ~より少し ウイスキー 銀行

The difference between "fewer ... than" and "less ... than" is that we use "fewer ... than" with things we can count, and "less ... than" with things we cannot count. For example, "I have *fewer thumbs than fingers*. I drink *less milk than water*"./

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "FEWER ... THAN" AND "LESS ... THAN" ?
 The difference between "fewer ... than" and "less ... than" is that we use "fewer ... than" with things we can count, and "less ... than" with things we can't count

GIVE ME A SENTENCE WITH "FEWER ... THAN" IN IT, PLEASE !/
 There are fewer pictures in this room than chairs

GIVE ME A SENTENCE WITH "LESS ... THAN" IN IT ! I eat less food than my brother

ARE THERE MORE PEOPLE IN EUROPE THAN IN ASIA ? No, there aren't more people in Europe than in Asia, but there are fewer people in Europe than in Asia

DO YOU DRINK MORE WINE (OR WHISKY) THAN WATER ? No, I don't drink more wine than water, but I drink less wine than water

HAVE YOU MORE MONEY THAN THE BANK OF ENGLAND ?/ No, I don't have more money than the Bank of England, but I've less money than the Bank of England

135 DO YOU EAT MORE MEAT THAN BREAD ? No, I don't eat more meat than bread, but I eat less meat than bread

THE FEWEST **THE LEAST** **SALT** **THAT (= THE ONE)**
 最も少ない 最も少ない 塩 一つは

The difference between "the fewest" and "the least" is the same as that between "fewer ... than" and "less ... than". "The fewest" we use with things we can count, whilst "the least" we use with things we cannot count. For example, "Of these three places, London, Oxford and Greenwich, Greenwich has *the fewest buildings*", and, "Of these three people, Mr Brown, Mr Smith and Mr Jones, Mr Jones drinks *the least coffee*"./

WHAT'S THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN "THE FEWEST" AND "THE LEAST" ?

The difference between "the fewest" and "the least" is that we use
"the fewest" with things we can count, whilst we use
"the least" with things we can't count

136 GIVE ME A SENTENCE WITH "THE FEWEST" IN IT, PLEASE! In my
family, my brother is the one who reads *the fewest books*

GIVE ME A SENTENCE WITH "THE LEAST" IN IT! In my family, my sister
is the one who eats *the least bread*

OF THESE THREE BOOKS, HAS THIS BOOK THE MOST PAGES ?
No, of these three books, this book hasn't the
most pages, but it has the fewest pages

WHO EATS THE LEAST FOOD IN YOUR FAMILY ?
My ... eats the least food in my family

WHO DRINKS THE LEAST COFFEE IN YOUR FAMILY ?/
My ... drinks the least coffee in my family

OF THESE THREE FOODS,/ BREAD, MEAT AND SALT,/ DO YOU EAT
SALT THE MOST ? No, of those three foods, bread, meat and salt, I
don't eat salt the most, but I eat it the least

OF THESE THREE DRINKS,/ WATER, MILK AND WINE,/ DO YOU DRINK
WINE THE MOST ? No, of those three drinks, water, milk and wine, I don't
drink wine the most, but I drink it the least

EXERCISE 9

137 LESSON 24

OPPOSITE 反対の, 反対側に

WHO'S SITTING OPPOSITE YOU ?/ ... is sitting opposite me

WHAT CAN YOU SEE OPPOSITE THIS BUILDING ? I can see another
building etc. opposite this building

WHAT'S THE OPPOSITE OF THE VERB "TO TEACH" ?
"To learn" is the opposite of the verb "to teach"

WHAT'S THE OPPOSITE OF THE WORD "TOP" ?/
"Bottom" is the opposite of the word "top"

WORK
働く

REST
休む

MOST PEOPLE
ほとんどの人たち

DO MOST PEOPLE REST FROM MONDAY TO FRIDAY ? No, most people don't rest from Monday to Friday, but they work

DO YOU THINK MOST PEOPLE LIKE WORKING ? No, I don't think most people like working, but I think they dislike working

138 DO YOU WORK ON SUNDAY ?/ Yes, I work on Sunday ... or ... No, I don't work on Sunday

GLASS ガラス

WOOD 木, 木材

WHAT'S THE WINDOW MADE OF ? The window's made of glass

WHAT'S THE TABLE MADE OF ? The table's made of wood

PAPER 紙

STONE 石

WHAT'S THIS BOOK MADE OF ? This book's made of paper

WHAT'S THE WALL OF THE HOUSE BEHIND MR AND MRS BROWN MADE OF ?
The wall of the house behind Mr and Mrs Brown is made of stone

ENOUGH ~に十分な, ~に足りる

139 DO YOU SPEAK ENGLISH WELL ? No, I don't speak English well, but I speak it well enough

ARE YOU TALL ENOUGH TO TOUCH THE CEILING ? No, I'm not tall enough to touch the ceiling

ARE YOU SHORT ENOUGH TO STAND UNDER THE TABLE ?/ No, I'm not short enough to stand under the table

IS MY POCKET LARGE ENOUGH TO PUT THIS BOOK INTO ? No, your pocket isn't large enough to put that book into

AIR
空気

BATTLE
戦闘, 競争

CHURCH
教会

DEEP
深い

ENTER
入る

SEE CHART 1

140 **THAT ONE** • あの(その)ものは

REPEAT 繰り返す

Instead of saying "This pencil is black and that pencil is white", we can say "This pencil is black and that *one* is white", without repeating the word "pencil".

WHAT COLOUR'S THIS PENCIL ?	This pencil's black
WHAT COLOUR'S THAT ONE ?	That one's white
WHICH PENCIL'S RED ?	This pencil's red
WHICH ONE'S GREY ?	This one's grey
WHICH BOOK'S OPEN ?	This book's open
WHICH ONE'S CLOSED ?	This one's closed

BADLY 悪く

CAN YOU HEAR WELL WITH YOUR FINGERS IN YOUR EARS ? No, I can't hear well with my fingers in my ears, but I hear badly

141 DO YOU SEE BADLY ?/ Yes, I see badly... or... No, I don't see badly, but I see well

DOES THIS PEN WRITE BADLY ? No, this pen doesn't write, badly but it writes well

DO YOU SPEAK BADLY ?/ No, I don't speak ... badly, but I speak it well

PLATE 495 皿

WHAT DO WE EAT OUR FOOD FROM ? We eat our food from a plate

CHEAPER ... THAN • ~より安い **MORE EXPENSIVE ... THAN** • ~より高い

IS YOUR HANDKERCHIEF MORE EXPENSIVE THAN YOUR SHOES ?/
No, my handkerchief isn't more expensive than my shoes, but it's cheaper than my shoes

142 IS A ROLLS ROYCE CHEAPER THAN A FORD ? No, a Rolls Royce isn't cheaper than a Ford, but it's more expensive than a Ford

IS YOUR TOWN A MORE EXPENSIVE PLACE THAN..... ?
No, my town isn't a more expensive place than ... , but it's a cheaper place than ...

THE CHEAPEST • 最も安い **THE MOST EXPENSIVE** /• 最も高い

IS THE THE MOST EXPENSIVE CAR IN THIS COUNTRY ?
No, the ... isn't the most expensive car in this country, but it's the cheapest car in this country

WHAT'S THE CHEAPEST THING IN THIS ROOM ?

... is the cheapest thing in this room

WHAT'S THE MOST EXPENSIVE THING YOU'RE WEARING ? My ... is
the most expensive thing I'm wearing

143 DICTATION 9

The difference/ between "any" and "some"/ is that we generally use "any"/ in the inter-rogative and negative/ whilst we use "some"/ in the positive./ "Any" is non-specific./ "How many" is specific./ The answer to which is "none"./ The Present Progressive/ we use for an action/ we are doing now./ For example,/ I am speaking English now./ About how many pages/ are there in this book ?

PRONUNCIATION CHART

I

THIS
IT'S
IS
CITY
MISS
IN
DIFFERENCE
STILL
DIFFICULT
MILK
LITTLE

O

NO
COAT
DON'T
BOTH
ONLY
MOST

ER

FIRST
THIRD
HER
PERSON
WORD
VERB
PREFER
TURN

O

FRONT
LONDON
COMING
COUNTRY
MOTHER
SOME
SON
MONEY
MONTH
LOVE

144

A

AS
HAVE

A

ALL
FALL
WALL
CALL

OO

LOOK
BOOK
TOOK

H

HOME
HAT
HEAD
HEAR

MISC.

A : AN
WHAT
THE BOOK
THE EYE
WE'RE
ANSWERING
OR
FIFTH

- 1) Sit on it.
- 2) Oh, no, don't go so slow.
- 3) The third, the thirteenth and the thirty-third.
- 4) Send some money to London.
- 5) As I have none.
- 6) All walls fall.
- 7) Look at the book.
- 8) Home, hat, head, hear.

Property of