

1135 A dam, on the other hand, is a construction built across a river to block the flow of water.

AT ALL COSTS どんな犠牲を払っても

We must get there at all costs no later than 6 o'clock.

ENGAGE
雇う、従事する

PART - TIME
パートタイム、非常勤の

FULL - TIME
フルタイム、常勤の

INITIALLY 最初(のうち)は

TYPIST タイピスト

I was initially engaged as a part-time typist with the promise of full-time employment later on.

FASCINATE 魅了する

She thought she was in love with him, but soon came to realise that she was just fascinated by him./

GANGWAY (劇場、講堂などの座席間の)通路

"Please keep the gangway clear, otherwise people cannot get to their seats!"

HANDFUL 一握り、手に余る人

He took a handful of nuts from the paper bag and put them into his mouth.

1136 **BY FAR** 遥かに

He was by far the tallest person there.

By far the most important thing to remember when driving is to keep a good distance from the car in front of you.

INCREDIBLE 信じ難い

It seemed incredible that such a world record could ever be broken./

KEEN 熱心な

PROMOTION 昇進

It looks as though he will get promotion, as he seems to show a very keen interest in his work.

She was very keen to know the results of the competition.

CLEAR OUT すっかりきれいに片づける

Having been sacked, he was given only two hours to clear out the drawers of his desk and go.

LAP 膝

The cat lay curled up asleep on the old lady's lap.

1137 MAINLAND 本土

Sicily is a large island off the mainland of Italy.

AT FIRST SIGHT 一目見て

At first sight I was not very impressed by what I saw./

NETWORK 放送網

There is a network of radio and television stations throughout the country.

OBJECTION 反対、異議

"Has anyone any objection to people smoking during the discussions?"

DROP OFF

(乗り物から人を)降ろす、うっかり眠る

CONDUCTOR

車掌

The bus will drop you off at the Post Office if you ask the conductor.

I find that I am so tired in the evening after a hard day's work, that I often drop off to sleep whilst watching television./

1138 RAG ぼろきれ

COMBINATION 組み合わせ

The expression "rags to riches" describes a person who is born very poor, with clothes that look as though they are made of rags, and becomes very rich, usually through a combination of hard work, luck and intelligence.

SHRINK - SHRANK - SHRUNK 縮む

If you don't wash certain clothes carefully, there is the danger that they will shrink.

The funds of the organisation shrank to such an extent that there was the possibility of bankruptcy./

TAN 日焼け

COSMETIC 化粧品

The trouble with a holiday suntan is that it has a tendency to look rather yellowish after a few days. It also makes the skin look older. Like a cosmetic, it only looks good for a short time: the reason for looking good is not the tan but the fact that the person has been relaxing in the fresh air.

IN ALL 全部で

1139 Together with last week's bill, that will be fifty pounds you owe me in all./

UNDERTAKE 引き受ける

I can't undertake to do the job at the moment, because I have too much other work on my plate.

VACANT

空の、あいている

TOILET 3300

トイレ

LAVATORY

トイレ

On the doors of public toilets, or lavatories, one usually sees the words "engaged" or "vacant".

There were no vacant rooms at any of the hotels in the town, due to a big international conference.

WASTEFUL 浪費的な、むだな

RESOURCE 資源

The world has to be very careful not to be wasteful of its natural resources.

VOCABULARY FOR TRANSLATION:-

COMMUNICATION

伝達

GREENGROCER

青果店

TEXT

本文、テキスト

1140 **INTERVAL**

間隔

INVENTION

発明

INVENTOR

発明家

JOURNALIST

ジャーナリスト

MAXIMUM

最大限度

MINIMUM

最小限度

PRINCE

王子

PRINCESS

王女

LESSON 168

GRADE 段階

HOW MANY GRADES OF PETROL ARE THERE AT THE PETROL STATIONS IN THIS COUNTRY ?

There are ...

HUMOUR ユーモア

HUMOROUS おかしい

WHAT IS MEANT BY A SENSE OF HUMOUR ? By a sense of humour ... an ability to see the funny side of things ...

WHO'S THE MOST HUMOROUS PERSON YOU KNOW ? - OR, WHO DO YOU THINK IS THE MOST HUMOROUS ACTOR OR FILM STAR ? / ... is the most humorous ...

OUT OF REACH 手の届かないところに **IN REACH (OR WITHIN REACH)** 手の届くところに **SMASH** 粉砕する

1141 WHY IS IT ADVISABLE IN THE HOME TO KEEP CERTAIN OBJECTS OUT OF REACH OF SMALL CHILDREN ? It is advisable ... they might break them, or hurt themselves on them ...

WHAT'S THE OPPOSITE OF "OUT OF REACH" ? The opposite of ... in reach, or within reach

REVISE 復習する

WHY IS IT SO ESSENTIAL TO REVISE ALL PAST WORK BEFORE AN EXAMINATION ? / It is so essential ... to fill in the gaps in our memory ...

SPLASH 水しぶきをあげる

IF YOU'RE STANDING AT THE SIDE OF THE ROAD BY A POOL OF WATER AND A CAR COMES ALONG, WHAT'S LIKELY TO HAPPEN ? If I'm standing ... I'm likely to get splashed

RING BACK 折り返し電話をかける **PHONE** 電話

WHAT DOES "TO RING BACK" MEAN ? "To ring back" is used when talking on the phone. If someone says they will ring you back, it means they will call you again later ...

LEISURE 暇な **PURSUE** 遂行する、追跡する

1142 HOW DO YOU FILL YOUR HOURS OF LEISURE ? / I fill my ... reading, watching TV, pursuing my favourite hobby ...

RECOVER 回復する **STRAIN** 緊張させる

WHAT'S THE BEST WAY TO RECOVER FROM AN ILLNESS ? The best way ... relax, not to strain oneself in any way, take some form of mild exercise ...

SCORE
得点する

PLAY AWAY
遠くで試合する

PLAY AT HOME
地元で試合する

POINT
得点

TABLE TENNIS 卓球

WHY IS IT THAT A FOOTBALL TEAM PLAYING AT HOME USUALLY SCORES MORE GOALS THAN WHEN PLAYING AWAY? / The reason a football team ... is that it is surrounded by its home crowd of supporters who cheer it on

HOW MANY POINTS DOES ONE NEED TO SCORE TO WIN A GAME OF TABLE TENNIS? / One needs to score 21 points to win a game of table tennis

SET OFF
出発する

SET OUT
出発する

TRADER
商人

STALL
売店、エンジンが動かなくなる

1143 WHAT SORT OF THINGS ARE THEY THAT PEOPLE FIND THEY HAVE FORGOTTEN, OR THINK THEY HAVE FORGOTTEN, AFTER THEY HAVE SET OFF, OR SET OUT, ON A JOURNEY? / The sort of things ... forgotten to lock the door, turn off the gas ... bring their money and passport with them ...

WHY IS IT A MARKET TRADER SETS OUT HIS GOODS VERY CAREFULLY ON HIS STALL? / The reason a market ... to show them to their best advantage ...

WHAT'S ANOTHER MEANING OF THE WORD "STALL"? / Another meaning ... is when an engine fails to keep going

AWFUL 恐ろしい、ひどい

AWFULLY ひどく

WHAT'S THE MOST AWFUL FILM YOU'VE EVER SEEN? - WHY? / The most awful ...

WHAT'S THE MEANING OF THE WORD "AWFULLY"? - AND GIVE ME AN EXAMPLE OF ITS USE. / The meaning ... "very" ... I was awfully sorry that I couldn't come to see you last week

PRETTY かなり

1144 WHY DO SOME PEOPLE FEEL PRETTY AWFUL WHEN THEY GET UP IN THE MORNING? / Some people feel ... slept badly, or went to bed late, or feel depressed at what they have to do that day ...

VOCABULARY WITH EXAMPLES:-

GET ACROSS (相手に)通じる、わかる

It was very difficult to get across to the general public the importance of the matter.

APPARENTLY 明らかに

Apparently, there seems to have been a misunderstanding over the arrangements made for the trip.

BOMBER 爆撃機 **BOMBING** 爆撃

Bomber aircraft fly much faster these days than they used to, and their bombing is much more accurate.

CHILDISH 子供じみた

Such childish behaviour was so unexpected from such a mature type of person.

1145 **AT HAND** 手近に **BANDAGE** 包帯

We had no bandages at hand with which to bind the wound./

DELICIOUS おいしい

The ice-cream was absolutely delicious.

EVEN 平らな **UNEVEN** 平らでない

The ground had just been ploughed and was consequently very uneven to walk upon.

FATAL 致命的な、宿命の

There's at least one fatal accident on that piece of motorway every week.

HAND OVER **ROBBER** **PERSONALLY**

～を手渡す

泥棒

個人的に

The police made the robbers hand over personally to their owners the things they had stolen.

GASP あえぐ

He came out of the smoke-filled room gasping for breath.

1146 **TRIP** つまずく **HEADLONG** まっさかさまに

He tripped over a stone and fell headlong into the ditch./

INFECT 感染する

MOSQUITO 蚊

Insects, like flies or mosquitoes, can infect people with disease.

INFLUENTIAL 影響力のある

He is quite a powerful individual and an influential figure in the political field.

KID 子供

COLLOQUIAL 口語の

"Kid" is a colloquial word for "child".

LAYER 層

CEMENT セメント

There was only a thin layer of cement between each layer of bricks.

MIST
薄霧

FOG
霧

SMOG
スモッグ

1147 Mist and fog are similar, except that fog is thicker than mist.

Smog, on the other hand, is a mixture of smoke and fog./

AT A LOSS
損をして

AT A PROFIT
得をして

AT A POUND A KILO
1 kg 1ポンドで

RUN
運営する

If you bought apples at a pound a kilo and sold them for two pounds a kilo, you would make a profit of one pound a kilo.

The business was running at a loss when he took over. Now it is running at a profit.

MEDIA
メディア

MEDIUM
中間の、霊媒

SYSTEM
体系、組織

As well as meaning average or middle, "medium" is also the singular form of "media".

The word "media" is the collective word used for all the systems of broadcasting information. For example, "People are greatly influenced by the media in forming their opinions on various matters" and "Many people these days get most of their information through the medium of television"./

OBJECTIVE 目標

1148 We achieved our objective in much less time than we had calculated.

PERFUME 香水

The word "perfume" has the same meaning as "scent", except that we are unlikely to say "the perfume of flowers"; we would say the "scent of flowers".

HANG ON TO (OR HOLD ON TO) しがみつく、すがりつく

When standing on a bus or the underground train, one sometimes has to hang on tightly to a strap as the bus or train goes round a bend.

I decided to hang on to the money I had left, in case I needed it later./

RATTLE ガラガラ鳴る、ガラガラ(おもちゃ)

The wind made the doors and windows rattle so much all night that I hardly got any sleep.

SOUL 精神

He puts his heart and soul into his work, which is one of the reasons he has been so successful.

TERRIFIC 恐ろしい、すばらしい

1149 There was a terrific bang as the car shot past us on the track.

IN HALF (OR IN TWO) 半分に

We decided to split the orange in half and have half each.

UNIQUE 唯一の、独特の

TECHNOLOGY 科学技術

With the progress of science and technology, the world today is presented with the unique opportunity of solving the physical problems that have faced mankind throughout history.

VOCABULARY FOR TRANSLATION:-

ACCOUNTANT
会計士

BALCONY
バルコニー

CABBAGE
キャベツ

CONCLUSION
結論

CONSTRUCT 3350
建造する

CONTINENT
大陸

CRISIS
危機

JUG
水差し

MUSCLE
筋肉

OAK
オーク

PUBLISH
出版する

TRANSPARENT
透明な

DICTION 101**ONCE MORE** もう一度

The pearls were quite precious to her, / and she was grateful to the guide, / for having found them. / The statue was that, / of a very graceful young girl. / As a young man, / he was encouraged to study engineering. / Someone had squeezed the tube, / in the middle. Their joy was only temporary, / they soon became solemn once more. / We explored the bay, / and came across some dozen boats, / hidden among some trees. / His conscience prompted him, / to sacrifice a certain amount of his time, / to helping others. / She wore a purple blouse, / with a white collar. / They were not permitted any luxuries, / of any description. /

1150 The court was prejudiced in favour of the defence. /

LESSON 169**BOTHER** じゃまをする

WHAT'S ANOTHER WORD FOR "TROUBLE" ? Another word ... bother

WHEN YOU CAN'T BE BOTHERED TO STUDY OR DO YOUR HOMEWORK, OR DO SOMETHING YOU OUGHT TO DO, DO YOU MAKE EXCUSES TO YOURSELF TO EASE YOUR CONSCIENCE, OR DO YOU JUST SAY "TO HELL WITH IT !" ? / When I can't be bothered ...

CHAP 奴

WHAT'S ANOTHER WORD FOR "FELLOW" MEANING MAN OR BOY ?

Another word ... chap

GIVE ME AN INSTANCE OF ITS USE. Yesterday, I was walking down the street when a man came up to me and said he knew me - but the chap was a complete stranger to me

1151 **DISPLAY**
陳列する、展示する

ARTISTIC
芸術的な

SHOW OFF
見せびらかす

WHY IS IT SO IMPORTANT FOR A SHOP TO DISPLAY ITS GOODS IN THE MOST ARTISTIC MANNER POSSIBLE ? / The reason it's so important ...
to attract the eye of the customer and show off the goods to their best advantage

FETCH 取ってくる

WHY DOES A DOG LIKE TO FETCH A STICK ITS OWNER HAS THROWN INTO THE RIVER ? A dog likes ... it enjoys the swim and the excitement ...

GRASP 掴む

WHAT CAN HAPPEN IF WE DON'T GRASP GLASS OBJECTS FIRMLY ENOUGH? If we don't ... they can fall onto the floor and smash to pieces ...

IN PUBLIC
公衆の場所で

IN PRIVATE
個人的に

POLITICIAN
政治家

WHY IS IT POLITICIANS DON'T ALWAYS SAY IN PUBLIC WHAT THEY SAY IN PRIVATE ?/ The reason politicians ... they're perhaps afraid that people would not vote for them ...

INVOLVE
含む、巻き込む

INSIST
主張する

PERMISSIBLE
許される

1152 WHEN YOU ARE INVOLVED IN AN ARGUMENT AND BOTH YOU AND THE OTHER PERSON KNOW (OR RATHER BELIEVE) YOU ARE RIGHT. DO YOU INSIST ON THE OTHER PERSON ADMITTING THEY ARE WRONG, OR DO YOU JUST LET THE MATTER DROP FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE AND QUIET? When I'm involved in ...

LICK なめる

WHAT AM I DOING? You're licking your thumb nail

NORTH-EAST
北東

NORTH-WEST
北西

SOUTH-EAST
南東

SOUTH-WEST
南西

AS REGARDS THE POINTS OF THE COMPASS. WHAT IS MEANT BY NORTH-EAST, NORTH-WEST, SOUTH-EAST AND SOUTH-WEST? As regards ... north-east means the point halfway between north and east ... and so on

WORK OUT 解決する

1153 IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO WORK OUT A PERSONAL PROBLEM, A PROBLEM IN MATHEMATICS, OR A PROBLEM AT WORK, WHO DO YOU TURN TO ?/ If I'm unable ... a friend, my teacher, my boss ...

FASHION
ファッション

ORDERLY
きちんとした

STADIUM
競技場

POP
軽快な

WHY IS IT ESSENTIAL FOR PEOPLE IN PUBLIC TO BEHAVE IN AN ORDERLY FASHION, ESPECIALLY IN VERY CROWDED AREAS. SUCH AS SHOPPING CENTRES AND SPORTS STADIUMS, OR AT POP CONCERTS ?

The reason it's essential ... people can easily get hurt by being crushed against each other ...

In the above question, the word "stadia" could have been used in place of the word "stadiums" as "stadia" is the Latin plural of "stadium", but both the English and Latin plurals are permissible.

VOCABULARY WITH EXAMPLES:-

VALID 有効な

One must have a valid ticket if one wishes to travel on public transport./

1154 **WEDGE** くさび

A wedge of wood is thick at one end and thin at the other, and can be used for holding a door open or for stopping a vehicle sliding backwards down a hill.

KEEP BACK 後ろにさがる、隠しておく

Please keep back from the track, otherwise you are in danger of being hit by the runners.

It was quite clear that, for some reason, she was keeping back very important information.

ASHORE 浜に

ANCHOR いかり

The ship sailed into the harbour and as soon as it had dropped anchor the passengers and crew began to come ashore./

BRAND 商標、ブランド

She has been using the same brand of toothpaste since she was a child.

CLASSIFY 分類する

The books in a library are classified according to the subject matter they deal with.

1155 **EVIDENT** 明らかな

It was quite evident to everyone present that he had no intention of keeping his promise.

DEPENDENT - INDEPENDENT (adj)

頼る 独立の

DEPENDENCE - INDEPENDENCE (n)

依存 独立(心)

DEPENDANT (n)

扶養家族

Dependent and independent are adjectives, whilst dependence and independence are nouns. For example:-

It was a dependent organisation until last year, but now it is quite independent./

His dependence on his parents was total, but now he has achieved a certain degree of independence.

Although he is not married he has several dependants, such as his mother and the children of his brother, who was killed in a car accident last month.

IN DIFFICULTY 困難な状態にある

When a ship is in difficulties at sea, it sends out messages for help to other ships that might be in the area.

1156 FEEBLE 弱い

It was a very feeble excuse he gave for being late. It did not convince anyone./

GREASE 脂、脂で汚す

The kitchen was incredibly dirty. It had grease stains everywhere.

HEADQUARTERS 本部

The headquarters of our organisation is, of course, in the capital.

COME ROUND 立ち寄る、めぐってくる、回復する

I'll come round and see you next Sunday, if that's all right with you.

Pay-day comes around once a week for some people and once a month for others.

The boxer was knocked out in the third round and did not come round for some minutes.

INSPECT 検査する

STRUCTURE 構造

The aircraft are inspected on a regular basis to see that there are no faults in their structure./

1157 Note: Aircraft is both singular and plural - one aircraft, two aircraft.

SYMPATHISE 同情する

She said she sympathises most with people who are blind.

KIT 道具セット

SHORTS 半ズボン

A kit is a set of equipment. For example, a footballer's kit consists of a shirt, shorts, socks and boots.

GET ON

着る

GET OFF

脱ぐ

PHRASAL VERB

句動詞

"Get your clothes on as quickly as you can. We have to leave at once."

I was so tired I hardly had the energy to get my clothes off and get into bed./

As can be seen, the word "get" is used in many Phrasal Verbs - get up, get down, get on, get off etc. This is partly due to the fact that it is short and consists of only one syllable, and has many different meanings. It is a very convenient word. It appears in over 40 phrasal verbs. The student should not be too upset by this; he only has to be able to understand, or guess at, the meaning of the phrasal verbs; he does not have to be able to use them himself - each phrasal verb can nearly always be expressed in other words./

1158

A Phrasal Verb is a phrase, consisting of a verb and one or two more additional words, used in the same way as a verb./

MISLEAD 誤解させる、迷わせる

The information he gave us was very misleading.

OFFENCE 違反

In many countries these days it is an offence to smoke in various public places.

PLUG 栓、栓をする

We managed to stop the roof leaking by plugging the hole with a cork material.

She was terribly angry when she discovered that there was no plug in the sink.

IN PLACE 適所に、配置に付いている

Everything was finally in place for the big occasion.

VOCABULARY FOR TRANSLATION:-