ミニ模試 DAY 2

一次 筆記 (語彙・熟語/長文読解)

一次 リスニング (会話/文/Real-life)

To complete each item, choose the best word or phrase from among the four choices. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and mark your answer.

(1)

School policy is to let students try to solve their disagreements by themselves. Teachers only () if students become overly emotional or physically aggressive.

1 submerge

2 tread

3 intervene

4 affirm

(2)

A: Honey, that picture you put up in the living room looks ().

B: Really? I'm sure I lined it up straight.

1 elastic

2 crooked

3 intact

4 upscale

(3)

The () of new teachers at the college has been delayed by budget cuts. Current staff will have to teach an extra class a week for the time being.

1 realm

2 repetition

3 recruitment 4 refuge

(4)

With strict anti-pollution laws being introduced, many factories will have to find new ways to () of dangerous waste materials.

1 disown

2 dismiss

3 disarm

4 dispose

(5)

A: Honey, did you submit your visa application to the embassy?

B: Yes. They said there will be no problem getting a visa, and they'll send written () by the end of next week.

1 admiration

2 recreation

3 confirmation

4 transformation

John did not enjoy working at the car plant. He found it () doing the same simple task for eight hours every day.

1 vigorous

2 absolute

3 earnest

4 tedious

Inspectors ordered that work on the tunnel be () until safety measures could be improved.

1 imploded

2 halted

3 indented

4 distressed

Leroy was planning to rent a car last weekend to go to the mountains, but then he realized that his license was (will get it renewed this week.

1 serene

2 invalid

3 authentic

4 incessant

A: Jan told me her husband is very helpful around the house. She said he cooks dinner almost every night.

B: What are you trying to (), honey? I do my fair share of the housework.

1 get at

2 shut down

3 take to

4 put through

(10)

While Max was driving, the fog became so thick he could hardly see. To avoid having an accident, he () to the side of the road and waited for the fog to clear.

1 took on

2 got by

3 packed up

4 pulled over

49

2

3

Read each passage and choose the best answer from among the four choices for each question. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and mark your answer.

Paying for Civilization

In the first millennium BC, the Phoenicians, a powerful Middle Eastern trading civilization, controlled an empire that stretched across the entire Mediterranean region. One reason for the Phoenicians' prosperity was their control of the Rio Tinto copper and silver mines located in what is now southern Spain. Although mining activity had been carried out there since the Bronze Age, the Phoenicians boosted the mines' output by introducing improved production methods. The silver from the mines was used by the Phoenicians to decorate temples and to pay debts, and it also allowed for the development of a coin-based monetary system in the Mediterranean region. Silver was rare enough to be valuable, but thanks to the Rio Tinto mines' output, there was enough for large-scale coin-making. According to Thomas Schattner, professor of archaeology at the University of Giessen in Germany, "Without the silver mines of southern Spain, the development of money would have been quite different."

After defeating the Phoenicians in 206 BC, the Romans took over the mines and further expanded production of silver for the minting of the denarius, the main coin used throughout the Roman Empire. The Romans used their political expertise to establish a comprehensive system of governance at the mines, which included leasing them to private contractors and managing the thousands of laborers, administrators, and soldiers in the area. Rio Tinto silver proved invaluable to the Romans, helping to fund their army and the vast infrastructure of their empire. At their peak between AD 70 and 180, the Rio Tinto mines were producing more copper and silver than any other mines in the Roman Empire.