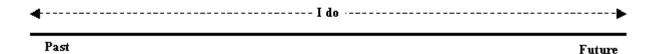
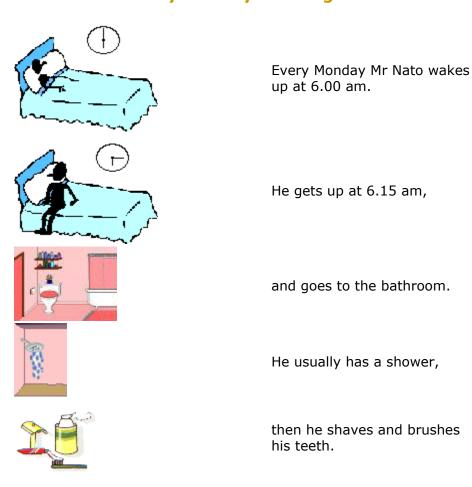
We use the Present Simple tense to talk about regular or permanent actions.



## In the third person (he, she, it) form, the verb takes an s. For example:-

I/we/you/they	do	have	work	read	like	eat	drink
He/she/it	do <b>es</b>	ha <b>s</b>	work <b>s</b>	read <b>s</b>	like <b>s</b>	eat <b>s</b>	drink <b>s</b>

# Things Mr Bean does every Monday morning.







He eats breakfast at about 7.00 am.



After breakfast he reads the newspaper.



At 7.30 am he goes to work.

## **Spelling Tip:**

Words ending in -s / -sh/ -ch:-

es after -s / -sh/ -ch: for example toss > tosses - crash > crashes - scratch > scratches

Words ending in **-y**:-

-y becomes -ies : For example worry > worries - cry > cries

Also....

do > does - go > goes

#### Using a spell checker



Computers can correct spelling mistakes.

Many word processing programs contain a spell-check program, they are wonderful! Some programs can correct the spelling of up to 80,000 words and this can save you time and worry, but there are problems with computer spell-checkers.

- 1. They only work if you can spell quite well already.
- 2. They cannot correct mistakes which are just wrong words e.g. there/their to/two/too etc.
- 3. They can't check all foreign words, special invented words or unusual speech dialects e.g. bon appetit!

### Complete the sentences. Use these verbs.

### study | work | like | use | do | eat | walk | teach | speak | live

## **Present Simple Test**

Simple Present gap-fill exercise. Fill the gaps with the correct form of the following verbs:-

- 1) He his job, it's fun.
- 2) They in a small flat.
- 3) She German on Mondays.
- 4) I breakfast at 8.00 am.
- 5) I from home.
- 6) We computers.
- 7) They're very good students, they always their homework.
- 8) He never to work, he always drives.
- 9) Mr Nato English in London.
- 10) His students a little English.