

# CORE ED Stage 4 Lesson 240

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**too much**

**too many**

**excessive**

"Too many" and "too much" mean an excessive number or quantity, and therefore not a good thing. We use "too many" and "too much" with nouns, but with adjectives and adverbs we only use the word "too". For example, we say "too many cars" and "too much food", but we say "too short" and "too quickly".

**What do "too many" and "too much" mean?**

"Too many" and "too much" mean an excessive number or quantity, and therefore not a good thing.

**Do children feel ill if they eat too many sweets?**

Yes, children feel ill if they eat too many sweets.

**Are you too short to touch the ceiling?**

Yes, I'm too short to touch the ceiling.

**Do you think a millionaire has too much money?**

**Yes, I think a millionaire has too much money**

**~ No, I don't think a millionaire has too much money.**

**We can also use "too much" after a verb. For example, "If I eat too much, I feel bad".**

**If people eat too much, do they feel bad?**

**Yes, if people eat too much, they feel bad.**

**If your parents work too much, do they feel tired all the time?**

**Yes, if my parent work too much, they feel tired all the time.**

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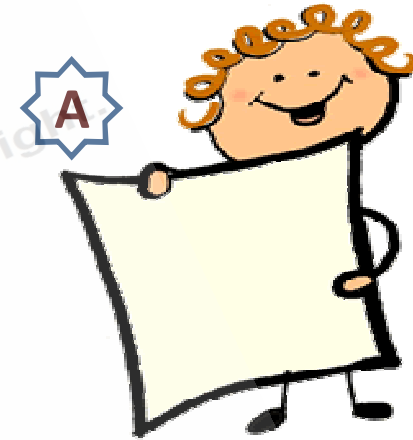
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**thick**

**thin**

Is this piece of paper thick?

**No, that piece of paper isn't thick;  
it's thin.**



Is your book thinner than the glass in the window?

**No, my book isn't thinner than the  
glass in the window; it's thicker.**

**B**



**thick**



**thin**

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## Taiwan big little

Generally, we use "small" instead of "little" to form the comparative and superlative; we say "smaller" and "smallest" and not "littler" and "littlest", because they are easier to pronounce.

What words can we use instead of the words "large" and "small"?

We can use the words "big" and "little" instead of the words "large" and "small".

Do we generally say "littler" and "littlest"?

No, we don't generally say "littler" and "littlest".

What do we use instead?

We use "smaller" and "smallest" instead.

## Why?

**Because they're easier to pronounce.**

**Is Taiwan a bigger country than India?**

**No, Taiwan isn't a bigger country than India;  
it's a smaller country than India.**

**Is that a little room you're in?**

**Yes, this is a little room I'm in ~**

**No, this isn't a little room I'm in; it's a big room.**