

For Teachers: Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

日本語訳なしタイプ B もございます。スクロールダウンするとございますので好きな方をご利用下さい。

2[A] – Work and Gender in the United States



AP1E 12-1

1. When large numbers of American women began to enter the ^{労働力 (ろうどうりょく)} workforce in the 1970s, a struggle over labor equality began. Married women felt they were spending a greater share of their time working than their husbands, since in addition to their paid jobs, they were also responsible for most ^{家事 (かじ)} household chores.

^{社会学者 (しゃかいがくしゃ)}

Sociologist Arlie Russel Hochschild's best-selling book *The Second Shift*, published in 1989, (26). Her research showed that women worked in total an average of 15 hours more than men per week. These figures, however, were based on data collected in the 1960s and 1970s. Now, the picture has changed.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

2. (26) 1 surprised married women 2 revealed a different trend
3 3 was praised by working men 4 confirmed this belief

Further Questions & A*

Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

4.1) How did married women feel in the 1970s?

5. 1970年代、既婚の女性たちはどう感じていましたか。

6.2) What did the best-selling book *The Second Shift* show?

7. ベストセラーになった本、*The Second Shift* が示していたこととはなんですか。

8.3) Why might the book not reflect the picture today?

9. その本が今日の事実を反映していないと思われるのはなぜですか。

10.1) *They felt they were spending a greater share of their time working than their husbands.*

11.2) *It showed that women worked in total an average of 15 hours more than men a week.*

12.3) *These figures were based on data collected in the 1960s and 1970s.*

^{労働統計局 (ろうどうとうけいきょく)}

13. Findings from a 2010 Bureau of Labor Statistics study indicate that husbands and wives today (27). On average, men still do less housework than women, but they work more outside the home. Also, the amount of time men spend on household chores has grown steadily over the past 30 years. As a result, the time

作業量 (さぎょうりょう)

difference between the average total weekly workload for men and women is only 80 minutes, the smallest it has ever been.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

14. (27) 1 have similar overall workloads 2 refuse to do certain jobs
15. 3 want more free time 4 tend to avoid housework

Further Questions&A



16. 4) How does the workload of men and women today compare?

17. 今日こんにちの男性だんせいの作業量さぎょうりょうと女性じょせいの作業量さぎょうりょうは、比べてみてどうですか。

18. 5) What has grown steadily over the past 30 years?

19. 過去かこ30年間ねんかんで着実にちやくじつ伸びているものとは何なんですか。

20. 6) What is the current difference between the average total weekly workload for men and women?

21. 一週間いっしゅうかんの作業量さぎょうりょうの平均へいさんは、男性だんせいと女性じょせいでどれくらい違いちががありますか。

22. 4) *On average, men still do less housework than women, but they work more outside the home.*

23. 5) *The amount of time men spend on household chores has grown steadily over the past 30 years.*

24. 6) *The time difference between the average total weekly workload for men and women is only 80 minutes, the smallest it has ever been.*

25. Many people hoped the social changes of the 1970s would lead to husbands and wives doing an equal amount of paid work and household chores. Though the gap is narrowing, this balance has not yet been reached. Moreover, the average wage of female full-time workers amounts to just 81 percent of that of men who work full time. For such women, there can be no equality as long as their work (28).

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

26. (28) 1 leads only to financial rewards 2 is valued less than men's
3 damages their health 4 keeps them at home

Further Questions&A



27. 7) What did many people hope the social changes of the 1970s would do?

28. 多くおほの人が、1970年代ひとの社会変革ねんだいは何しやかいへんかくをするだろうと期待なしましたか。

29. 8) What is the difference in wages between female and male full time workers?

30. 女性正社員じょせいせいしゃいんと男性正社員だんせいせいしゃいんで、賃金面ちんぎんめんではどのような違いちががありますか。

31. 7) *Many people hoped the social changes of the 1970s would lead to husbands and wives doing an equal amount of paid work and household chores.*

32. 8) *The average wage of female full-time workers amounts to just 81 percent of that of men who work full time.*

Review Questions



- 33.1) How did married women feel in the 1970s?
34. *They felt they were spending a greater share of their time working than their husbands.*
- 35.2) What did the best-selling book *The Second Shift* show?
36. *It showed that women worked in total an average of 15 hours more than men a week.*
- 37.3) Why might the book not reflect the picture today?
38. *These figures were based on data collected in the 1960s and 1970s.*
- 39.4) How does the workload of men and women today compare?
40. *On average, men still do less housework than women, but they work more outside the home.*
- 41.5) What has grown steadily over the past 30 years?
42. *The amount of time men spend on household chores has grown steadily over the past 30 years.*
- 43.6) What is the current difference between the average total weekly workload for men and women?
44. *The time difference between the average total weekly workload for men and women is only 80 minutes, the smallest it has ever been.*
- 45.7) What did many people hope the social changes of the 1970s would do?
46. *Many people hoped the social changes of the 1970s would lead to husbands and wives doing an equal amount of paid work and household chores.*
- 47.8) What is the difference in wages between female and male full time workers?
48. *The average wage of female full-time workers amounts to just 81 percent of that of men who work full time.*

解答: (26) 4 (27) 1 (28) 2



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49. When large numbers of American women began to enter the workforce in the 1970s, a struggle over labor equality began. Married women felt they were spending a greater share of their time working than their husbands, since in addition to their paid jobs, they were also responsible for most household chores. Sociologist Arlie Russel Hochschild's best-selling book *The Second Shift*, published in 1989, (26). Her research showed that women worked in total an

Further Questions&A 

- 63.7) What did many people hope the social changes of the 1970s would do?
64.8) What is the difference in wages between female and male full time workers?

解答: (26) 4 (27) 1 (28) 2

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