For Teachers: Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

日本語訳なしタイプBもございます。スクロールダウンするとございますのでお好きな方をご利用下さい。

2[A] – Stonehenge's Parties

<u>etoc</u>

AP1E 10-1

1. The stone circles of Stonehenge in England are widely believed to have been the site of ancient celebrations. Recent discoveries, however, (26). It seems the size of the gatherings and the distances people traveled to attend them were much greater than had been realized. The village of Durrington Walls, three kilometers from Stonehenge, is now thought to have provided lodgings for travelers who came from distant regions to celebrate the

winter and summer solstices—the shortest and longest days of the year.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

- 2.(26) 1 show that this is impossible
- 2 suggest a different purpose
- 3 have proved surprising
- 4 have been rejected by researchers

Further Questions&A*Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

- 4.1) What are the stone circles of Stonehenge in England widely believed to have been?
- 5.イングランドのストーンヘンジにあるストーンサーグルは何であると、広く信じられてきましたか。
- 6. 2) Where did travelers who came from distant regions stay when they visited Stonehenge?

7.遠いところからストーンヘンジを訪ねてやってきた人たちが滞在していたのはどこですか。

- 8.3) What did people celebrate at Stonehenge?
- 9.ストーンヘンジで、人々は何を祝っていたのですか。
- 10.1) They are widely believed to have been the site of ancient celebrations.
- 11.2) They stayed in the village of Durrington Walls.
- 12.3) They celebrated the winter and summer solstices—the shortest and longest days of the year.

地質学者(ちしつがくしゃ)

Geologist Jane Evans has found (27) these journeys by investigating the contents of ancient garbage dumps recently unearthed in Durrington Walls. Her discoveries indicate that major feasts occurred. Among the remains were pieces of pottery and animal bones, including several 4,500-year-old cattle teeth. After using high-tech methods to analyze these teeth, Evans determined that some cattle killed for the feasts grazed on land only found in Wales

and Scotland. Wales would seem the more likely origin of the cattle because it also has other connections to Stonehenge—the circles contain stones from southwest Wales.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

14.(27) 1 little to convince her of

2 some evidence of

3 a reason to discredit

4 documents that describe

Further Questions&A



16.4) What did geologist Jane Evans investigate?

17. 地質学者の Jane Evans は何を調査しましたか。

18.5) What was discovered after Evans used high-tech methods to analyze the teeth?

19.Evans が最新技術で歯を分析すると、何が分かりましたか。

- 20.4) She investigated the contents of ancient garbage dumps recently unearthed in Durrington Walls.
- 21.5) It was determined that some cattle killed for the feasts grazed on land only found in Wales and Scotland.
- 22.Specific types of pottery found in different garbage dumps also suggest that separate lodgings were provided for pilgrims from different regions. Further analysis of remains from the various lodgings will help determine exactly which regions the pilgrims came from. Evans believes this will (28) that some (まつ) りの参加者(さんかしゃ) (さんかしゃ) (とお) くから

festivalgoers at Stonehenge came from afar.

- *Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.
- 23.(28) 1 help to confirm

2 give the first sign

3 lead to a new theory

4 disappoint those who believe

Further Questions&A



24.6) What did specific types of pottery found in different garbage dumps suggest?

25.いろいろなゴミ捨て場から見つかった特定の種類の陶器は、何を示していますか。

26.7) What will further analysis of the remains help determine?

27.遺跡のさらなる分析で、何が究明されますか。

28.8) What does Evans believe her research will lead to?

29.Evansは、自分の調査が何につながると考えていますか。

- 30.6) It suggests that separate lodgings were provided for pilgrims from different regions.
- 31.7) It will help determine exactly which regions the pilgrims came from.
- 32.8) She believes it will lead to a new theory that some festivalgoers at Stonehenge came from afar.

Review Questions



- 33.1) What are the stone circles of Stonehenge in England widely believed to have been?
- 34. They are widely believed to have been the site of ancient celebrations.
- 35.2) Where did travelers who came from distant regions stay when they visited Stonehenge?
- 36. They stayed in the village of Durrington Walls.
- 37.3) What did people celebrate at Stonehenge?
- 38. They celebrated the winter and summer solstices—the shortest and longest days of the year.
- 39.4) What did geologist Jane Evans investigate?
- 40. She investigated the contents of ancient garbage dumps recently unearthed in Durrington Walls.
- 41.5) What was discovered after Evans used high-tech methods to analyze the teeth?
- 42.It was determined that some cattle killed for the feasts grazed on land only found in Wales and Scotland.
- 43.6) What did specific types of pottery found in different garbage dumps suggest?
- 44. It suggests that separate lodgings were provided for pilgrims from different regions.
- 45.7) What will further analysis of the remains help determine?
- 46.It will help determine exactly which regions the pilgrims came from.
- 47.8) What does Evans believe her research will lead to?
- 48. She believes it will lead to a new theory that some festival goers at Stonehenge came from afar.

解答: (26) 3 (27) 2 (28) 3



Type B 日本語訳なし

2[A] – <u>Stonehenge's Parties</u>



AP1E 10-1

- 49. The stone circles of Stonehenge in England are widely believed to have been the site of ancient celebrations. Recent discoveries, however, (26). It seems the size of the gatherings and the distances people traveled to attend them were much greater than had been realized. The village of Durrington Walls, three kilometers from Stonehenge, is now thought to have provided lodgings for travelers who came from distant regions to celebrate the winter and summer solstices—the shortest and longest days of the year.
 - *Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

- 50.(26) 1 show that this is impossible
- 3 have proved surprising
- 2 suggest a different purpose4 have been rejected by

researchers

Further Questions&A*Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

- 52.1) What are the stone circles of Stonehenge in England widely believed to have been?
- 53.2) Where did travelers who came from distant regions stay when they visited Stonehenge?
- 54.3) What did people celebrate at Stonehenge?
- 55.Geologist Jane Evans has found (27) these journeys by investigating the contents of ancient garbage dumps recently unearthed in Durrington Walls. Her discoveries indicate that major feasts occurred. Among the remains were pieces of pottery and animal bones, including several 4,500-year-old cattle teeth. After using high-tech methods to analyze these teeth, Evans determined that some cattle killed for the feasts grazed on land only found in Wales and Scotland. Wales would seem the more likely origin of the cattle because it also has other connections to Stonehenge—the circles contain stones from southwest Wales.
 - *Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.
- 56.(27) 1 little to convince her of
- 2 some evidence of
- 3 a reason to discredit
- 4 documents that describe

Further Questions&A



- 58.4) What did geologist Jane Evans investigate?
- ^{59.5}) What was discovered after Evans used high-tech methods to analyze the teeth?
- 60. Specific types of pottery found in different garbage dumps also suggest that separate lodgings were provided for pilgrims from different regions. Further analysis of remains from the various lodgings will help determine exactly which regions the pilgrims came from. Evans believes this will (28) that some festivalgoers at Stonehenge came from afar.
 - *Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

従(したが)

61.(28) 1 help to confirm

- 2 Consequently
- 3 lead to a new theory
- 4 disappointed those who believe

Further Questions&A



- 62.6) What did specific types of pottery found in different garbage dumps suggest?
- 63.7) What will further analysis of the remains help determine?
- 64.8) What does Evans believe her research will lead to?

65.解答: (26) 3 (27) 2 (28) 3

