

**For Teachers:** Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

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### 3[B] – Mathias Rust’s Flight into the Soviet Union

AP1E 10-3

冷戦 (れいせん) 拮抗 (きっこう)

1. The **Cold War** rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union
2. lasted from 1945 to 1991. Though they never came into direct
3. armed conflict, the two superpowers competed fiercely in
4. the race to become the world’s greatest military force. When Soviet
5. Union President Mikhail Gorbachev and the U.S. President Ronald Reagan
6. failed to reach an agreement to reduce nuclear weapons at a 1986
7. arms summit, Mathias Rust, an amateur pilot from West Germany, was
8. bitterly disappointed and decided to take matters into
9. his own hands. On May 28 of the following year, the 19-year-old Rust
10. took off from Helsinki, Finland, and flew his single-engine aircraft
11. deep into the heart of the Soviet Union. He hoped to build a
12. “bridge between East and West” and offer Gorbachev advice
13. about how to achieve peace with the United States. Rust’s incredibly
14. act had unexpectedly significant consequences

#### Further Questions&A

\*Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can’t answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the “example answer” for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it’s too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

15. 1) Did the United State and the Soviet Union come into direct armed conflict during the cold war?
16. アメリカ合衆国とソビエト連邦は冷戦中に直接武器を使用した衝突に突入しましたか。
17. No, they never came into direct armed conflict, but they competed fiercely in the race to become the world’s greatest military force.
18. 2) What did Mathias Rust hope to accomplish by flying his aircraft deep into the heart of the Soviet Union?
19. Mathias Rust はソビエト連邦の深い中心部まで航空機を飛ばして何を成し遂げようと望みましたか。
20. He hoped to build a “bridge between East and West”.
21. Upon reaching Moscow, Rust landed on a bridge and taxied into the
22. famous Red Square, where he drew a crowd of amazed

見物人 (けんぶつにん) 要求 (ようきゅう) した 会談 (かいだん) 代 (か) わりに  
 23. onlookers . He requested a meeting with Gorbachev but was instead  
 逮捕 (たいほ) された ~だけれども 違法 (いはう) な 飛行 (ひこう) 追跡 (ついせき) された  
 24. arrested by police. Although Rust's illegal flight had been tracked  
 航空 (こうくう) 防衛隊 (ぼうえいたい) 交信 (こうしん) 失敗 (しっばい)  
 25. by Soviet air defenses , communication failures meant  
 とても きまり悪 (わる) さ  
 26. that he had not been stopped. This was a serious embarrassment for the  
 高度 (こうど) に 軍事化 (ぐんじか) された 超大国 (ちょうたいこく) 邪悪 (じゃあく) な 帝国 (ていこく)  
 27. highly militarized superpower ; suddenly, the “ Evil Empire ,” as it  
 レッテルを貼 (は) られた より~でなくなる 脅威 (きょうい)  
 28. had been labeled by Reagan, seemed much less threatening.

**Further Questions**

29. 3) What happened after Rust landed in Red Square?  
 30. Rust が Red Square に着陸後 (ちかくご) に何が起 (お) きましたか。  
 31. He was arrested by police.  
 32. 4) Why was Rust's flight a serious embarrassment for the Soviet Union?  
 33. Rust の飛行 (ひこう) がソビエト連邦 (れんぽう) にとってとてもきまり悪 (わる) いものになったのはなぜですか。  
 34. It was an embarrassment because though he had been tracked, he had not been stopped.

防衛 (ぼうえい) 国家 (こっか) の 恥 (はじ) 反応 (はんのう) した すみやかに  
 35. Calling the security failure a “national shame,” Gorbachev reacted swiftly  
 クビにした 主要 (しゅよう) な 含 (ふく) んでいる 防衛 (ぼうえい) 大臣 (だいじん)  
 36. by firing many key staff, including his defense minister.  
 加 (くわ) えて 出来事 (できごと) 機会 (きかい)  
 37. In addition, the event gave Gorbachev the chance to begin the biggest  
 大改革 (だいかいかく) 軍隊 (ぐんたい)  
 38. shakeup of the Soviet military since the 1930s. More than 2,000 officers lost  
 仕事 (しごと) 反対 (はんたい) した 考 (かんが) え  
 39. their jobs , including many who had opposed Gorbachev's ideas  
 政府 (せいふ) 辞職 (じしょく) ~させた  
 40. for reforming the Soviet government. Their departures allowed Gorbachev to  
 加速 (かそく) する 改革 (かいかく) 歓迎 (かんげい) された  
 41. speed up his reforms , many of which were welcomed by countries in the  
 42. west.

**Further Questions**

43. 5) How did Gorbachev react to the national shame?  
 44. 国家 (こっか) の恥 (はじ) に対して Gorbachev はどのように反応 (はんのう) しましたか。  
 クビにした  
 45. He fired many key staffers, including his defense minister.  
 46. 6) How did this help Gorbachev speed up his reforms?  
 47. これは Gorbachev の改革 (かいかく) をどのように加速 (かそく) させましたか。  
 口実 (こうじつ)  
 48. He used the flight as an excuse to fire many of the people who opposed his ideas.

手短 (てみじか) に言 (い) えば もたらした  
 49. As for Rust, briefly becoming the world's most famous pilot brought  
 幸運 (こううん)  
 50. mixed fortunes. After serving 14 months in Moscow's Lefortovo Prison, he  
 戻 (もど) った 名声 (めいせい) つながった 富 (とみ) 主張 (しゅちよう) した  
 51. returned home, where his fame led to wealth. However, he claimed  
 捕虜 (ほりよ) 心理的 (しんりてき) な 問題 (もんだい)  
 52. that his time in captivity left him with psychological problems. In 1989, he  
 刑務所 (けいむしょ) 刺傷事件 (ししょうじけん)  
 53. was sent to prison in West Germany for stabbing a nurse at a

54. hospital where he was working. Still, <sup>～にも関(かか) わらず</sup> in spite of <sup>後(のち)に</sup> the troubles he <sup>直面(ちょくめん)した</sup> later <sup>後悔(こうかい)</sup> <sup>飛行(ひこう)</sup> faced <sup>確信(かくしん)に満(み)ちた</sup>, Rust expresses no <sup>最近(さいきん)</sup> regret for his flight. "I'm still convinced that my idea was the right one," he recently said. Although Rust never met Gorbachev, there is little doubt he made a small but important contribution towards bringing this era of political tension to an end.

### Further Questions

60. 7) What happened to Rust after he returned home?  
 61. Rust <sup>自国(じこく)に戻(もど)ったのち何(なに)が起(お)きましたか。</sup>  
 62. *Although his fame led to wealth, he was left with psychological problems and was soon sent to prison for stabbing a nurse.*  
 63. 8) Does Rust regret his flight? <sup>Rustは彼の飛行(ひこう)を後悔(こうかい)していますか。</sup>  
 64. *No, he still believes that his idea was the right one.*

### \*Choose the correct answer from these choices.

65. (32) Why did Mathias Rust fly into the Soviet Union?  
 66. Mathias Rust <sup>はなぜソビエト連邦(れんぽう)に飛(と)んだのですか。</sup>  
 67. 1 He was sent by Ronald Reagan to meet Mikhail Gorbachev and <sup>議論(ぎろん)する</sup> discuss possible ways to bring about peace.  
 68. 2 He strongly <sup>強(つよ)く</sup> opposed <sup>反対(はんたい)した</sup> the United States' plan to keep <sup>核兵器(かくへいき)</sup> nuclear weapons in West Germany.  
 69. 3 He wanted to <sup>得(え)る</sup> gain <sup>情報(じょうほう)</sup> information that could help the United States <sup>負(ま)かす</sup> defeat Soviet military forces.  
 70. 4 He thought his <sup>飛行(ひこう)</sup> flight would help <sup>改善(かいぜん)する</sup> improve <sup>関係(かんけい)</sup> relations between the Soviet Union and the United States.  
 71. (33) What was one consequence of Rust's flight?  
 72. Rust <sup>の飛行(ひこう)による結果(けっか)の一つ(ひと)は何(なに)ですか。</sup>  
 73. 1 Gorbachev was able to <sup>排除(はいじょ)する</sup> remove <sup>敵(てき)</sup> opponents of his <sup>改革(かいかく)</sup> reform <sup>政策(せいさく)</sup> policies from positions of authority.  
 74. 2 Reagan saw no need to <sup>交渉(こうしょう)する</sup> negotiate with Gorbachev because the Soviet Union's position had been <sup>弱(よわ)まった</sup> weakened.  
 75. 3 People living in the West finally <sup>認識(にんしき)した</sup> realized that the <sup>脅威(きょうい)</sup> threat posed by the Soviet Union was serious.  
 76. 4 Citizens of the Soviet Union began to grow more <sup>引(ひ)き起(お)こされた</sup> hostile towards both <sup>危険(きけん)</sup> West Germany and the United States.  
 77. (34) The author of the passage concludes that Rust  
 78. <sup>この文章(ぶんしょう)の筆者(ひんしゃ)はRustは...だと結論(けつろん)づけた。</sup>

79. 1 developed a mental illness ～の結果 (けっか) として as a result of being presented in a negative light by the media in West Germany.
80. 2 played a 役割 (やくわり) role in bringing the Cold War to an end ～にも関 (かか) わらず despite having been unable to ～できない achieve 達成 (たっせい) する all 全 (すべ) ての his goals.
81. 3 was motivated more by a 願望 (がんぼう) desire to become famous than deliver any kind of political message.
82. 4 would have made a better 印象 (いんしょう) impression on the public if he had 謝罪 (しゃざい) した apologized for the 問題 (もんだい) trouble he caused in West Germany.

### Review Questions

83. 1) Did the United State and the Soviet Union come into direct armed conflict during the cold war?
84. *No, they never came into direct armed conflict, but they competed fiercely in the race to become the world's greatest military force.*
85. 2) What did Mathias Rust hope to accomplish by flying his aircraft deep into the heart of the Soviet Union?
86. *He hoped to build a "bridge between East and West".*
87. 3) What happened after Rust landed in Red Square?
88. *He was arrested by police.*
89. 4) Why was Rust's flight a serious embarrassment for the Soviet Union?
90. *It was an embarrassment because though he had been tracked, he had not been stopped.*
91. 5) How did Gorbachev react to the national shame?
92. *He fired many key staffers, including his defense minister.*
93. 6) How did this help Gorbachev speed up his reforms?
94. *He used the flight as an excuse to fire many of the people who opposed his ideas.*
95. 7) What happened to Rust after he returned home?
96. *Although his fame led to wealth, he was left with psychological problems and was soon sent to prison for stabbing a nurse.*
97. 8) Does Rust regret his flight?
98. *No, he still believes that his idea was the right one.*

解答: (32) 3 (33) 3 (34) 1

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99. The Cold War rivalry between the United States and the Soviet Union lasted
100. from 1945 to 1991. Though they never came into direct armed conflict, the two
101. superpowers competed fiercely in the race to become the world's greatest
102. military force. When Soviet Union President Mikhail Gorbachev and the U.S.
103. President Ronald Reagan failed to reach an agreement to reduce nuclear

104. weapons at a 1986 arms summit, Mathias Rust, an amateur pilot from West  
105. Germany, was bitterly disappointed and decided to take matters into his own  
106. hands. On May 28 of the following year, the 19-year-old Rust took off from  
107. Helsinki, Finland, and flew his single-engine aircraft deep into the heart of the  
108. Soviet Union. He hoped to build a “bridge between East and West” and offer  
109. Gorbachev advice about how to achieve peace with the United States. Rust’s  
110. incredibly act had unexpectedly significant consequences

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### Further Questions&A

111. 1) Did the United State and the Soviet Union come into direct armed conflict during the cold war?
112. 2) What did Mathias Rust hope to accomplish by flying his aircraft deep into the heart of the Soviet Union?
- 

113. Upon reaching Moscow, Rust landed on a bridge and taxied into the famous Red  
114. Square, where he drew a crowd of amazed onlookers. He requested a meeting  
115. with Gorbachev but was instead arrested by police. Although Rust’s illegal flight  
116. had been tracked by Soviet air defenses, communication failures meant that he  
117. had not been stopped. This was a serious embarrassment for the highly  
118. militarized superpower; suddenly, the “Evil Empire,” as it had been labeled by  
119. Reagan, seemed much less threatening.

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### Further Questions

120. 3) What happened after Rust landed in Red Square?
121. 4) Why was Rust’s flight a serious embarrassment for the Soviet Union?
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122. Calling the security failure a “national shame,” Gorbachev reacted swiftly by  
123. firing many key staff, including his defense minister. In addition, the event gave  
124. Gorbachev the chance to begin the biggest shakeup of the Soviet military since  
125. the 1930s. More than 2,000 officers lost their jobs, including many who had  
126. opposed Gorbachev’s ideas for reforming the Soviet government. Their  
127. departures allowed Gorbachev to speed up his reforms, many of which were  
128. welcomed by countries in the west.

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### Further Questions

129. 5) How did Gorbachev react to the national shame?
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131. As for Rust, briefly becoming the world’s most famous pilot brought mixed  
132. fortunes. After serving 14 months in Moscow’s Lefortovo Prison, he returned  
133. home, where his fame led to wealth. However, he claimed that his time in  
134. captivity left him with psychological problems. In 1989, he was sent to prison in  
135. West Germany for stabbing a nurse at a hospital where he was working. Still, in  
136. spite of the troubles he later faced, Rust expresses no regret for his flight. “I’m  
137. still convinced that my idea was the right one,” he recently said. Although Rust  
138. never met Gorbachev, there is little doubt he made a small but important  
139. contribution towards bringing this era of political tension to an end.

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### Further Questions

140. 7) What happened to Rust after he returned home?

141. 8) Does Rust regret his flight?

**\*Choose the correct answer from these choices.**

142. (32) Why did Mathias Rust fly into the Soviet Union?

143. 1 He was sent by Ronald Reagan to meet Mikhail Gorbachev and discuss possible ways to bring about peace.

144. 2 He strongly opposed the United States' plan to keep nuclear weapons in West Germany.

145. 3 He wanted to gain information that could help the United States defeat Soviet military forces.

146. 4 He thought his flight would help improve relations between the Soviet Union and the United States.

147. (33) What was one consequence of Rust's flight?

148. 1 Gorbachev was able to remove opponents of his reform policies from positions of authority.

149. 2 Reagan saw no need to negotiate with Gorbachev because the Soviet Union's position had been weakened.

150. 3 People living in the West finally realized that the threat posed by the Soviet Union was serious.

151. 4 Citizens of the Soviet Union began to grow more hostile towards both West Germany and the United States.

152. (34) The author of the passage concludes that Rust

153. 1 developed a mental illness as a result of being presented in a negative light by the media in West Germany.

154. 2 played a role in bringing the Cold War to an end despite having been unable to achieve all his goals.

155. 3 was motivated more by a desire to become famous than deliver any kind of political message.

156. 4 would have made a better impression on the public if he had apologized for the trouble he caused in West Germany.

### Review Questions

157. 1) Did the United State and the Soviet Union come into direct armed conflict during the cold war?

158. 2) What did Mathias Rust hope to accomplish by flying his aircraft deep into the heart of the Soviet Union?

159. 3) What happened after Rust landed in Red Square?

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161. 5) How did Gorbachev react to the national shame?

162. 6) How did this help Gorbachev speed up his reforms?

163. 7) What happened to Rust after he returned home?

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解答: (32) 3 (33) 3 (34) 1



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