No.2

For Teachers: Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

4[B] – Red Telephone Boxes

10.3(4B)AP2E

2. Red Telephone Boxes

3. At the beginning of the 20th century, few people in Britain had a telephone in their home.

唯一 (ゆいいつ) の方法 (ほうほう) 大部分 (だいぶぶん) の 電話 (でんわ)をかける

4. The only way most people could make calls was to use a public telephone.

最初(さいしょ)は 支払(しはら)う

5. At first , most public telephones were in stores, and people had to pay the store clerk to use them.

時(とき)が経(た)つにつれて ゃっぱり 6. As time passed, though, public telephone boxes began to be built (36)

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

が(そと)で 静(しず)かに すぐに 近(ちか)くに 7. (36) 1 outside 2 silently 3 quickly 4 nearby

Further Questions&A *Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

電話(でんわ)をかける

1) How did people make calls in Britain at the beginning of the 20th century?

20世紀の始め、英国の人々はどのように電話をかけていましたか。

10. They made calls using public telephones.

11. 2) Where could the first public telephones be found?

最初の公共の電話はどこで見つける事ができましたか。

13. They were in stores.

12.

これらは可能(かのう)にした 聞(き)かれることなっ

other people. They also protected people from the rain.

15. They were usually painted bright red.

for many people, these red telephone boxes became a symbol of British life.

Further Questions&A

有利(ゆうり)な点(てん) 屋外(おくがい)の 17. <mark>3) What was an advantage of outdoor telephones? 屋外の電話の利点とは荷でしたか。</mark>

18. -They allowed people to make calls without being heard.

P1

- 19. -They protected people from the rain.
 20. 4) What color were the telephone boxes? 電話ボックスは何色でしたか。
 21. They were usually painted bright red.
- 会社(かいしゃ) 取(と)り替(か)える
 The telephone companies began to replace them with ones that were easier to look after.
- - 5. They preferred the look of the old red ones.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

重(おも)さ 価格(かかく) デザイン 原因(げんいん) 6. **(37)** 1 weight 2 price 3 design 4 cause

Further Questions&A

- 27. 5) What was a problem with the telephone boxes? 電話ボックスの問題とは荷でしたか。
- People damaged them by breaking their windows, writing on them or trying to steal money.
- 6) Why did many people dislike the new telephone boxes?
- 30. たくさんの人々はどうして新しい電話ボックスを嫌ったのですか。
- 31. They preferred the look of the old red telephone boxes.
- Some of the red telephone boxes have been sold to people who use them in (38) ways.
- 33. Some have become decorations in gardens.

洋品店(ようひんてん) 34. Red telephone boxes have also been used in clothing stores as _{更衣室(こういしつ)}

changing rooms.

On one beach, there are even telephone-box showers for people who want to

36. Communities that will have working red telephone boxes are often very proud of them and do their best to look after them.

*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

危険(きけん)な 伝統的(でんとうてき)な 見慣(みな)れた 異(こと)なった 37. (38) 1 dangerous 2 traditional 3 familiar 4 different

Further Questions&A

方法(ほうほう)

88. 7) What is one way the old telephone boxes are now being used?

39. 古い電話ボックスが現在使われている $^{\circ}$ この方法とは何ですか?

- 40. They are decorations in gardens.
- 41. -They are used as changing rooms in clothing stores.
- -They are used as showers at the beach.
- 43. 8) Are there red telephone boxes that still work?
- 44. まだ動いている赤い電話ボックスはありますか。

地域社会(ちいきしゃかい)

Yes there are, and their communities are often very proud of them.

Vocabularies: Try to memorize these words yourself without looking at the Japanese translations. **For Teachers:** Have the student read the word in English, correct their pronunciation then say it together. Then have the student say it in Japanese before saying again in English. After you have done this for each line, go back to the first word and have the student translate it.

46. (36)	1	outside	2	silently	3	quickly	4	nearby
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- 47. (37) 1 weight 2 price 3 design 4 cause
- 48. (38) 1 dangerous 2 traditional 3 familiar 4 different

Example sentences: *It must take a long time but Try to use these vocabularies one by one in the sentences of your original one. Teacher must show them your for example sentence before ask.

- 49. (36) 1 Today is cool and sunny, so we will play outside...
 - ~に気(き)づかれないで近(ちか)づいた 驚(おおろ)かせた
- 50. 2 He **silently** snuck up on me and surprised me.
- I was late, so I quickly ran to school.
- There is a train station nearby my house, it is very convenient.
- 53. (37) 1 My weight is 65kgs.
 - ~のひと房(ふさ)
 The **price** of a hunch of hananas
- 54. Characteristics 2 The price of a bunch of bananas is ¥100.
- 7 でしなければならなかった で業(そつぎょう)アルバム got to make the **design** for my school's yearbook
- The cause of the tsunami was a big earthquake in the ocean.
- 57. (38) 1 Snakes can be very dangerous.
- אַב (וובּוו) 2 I like **traditional** Japanese clothing like hakama and yukata.
- This book is **familiar**, I think I read it before.
- 60. 4 I look very **different** from my brother.

Answers for "Vocabularies".

61. (36)	1	外(そと)で outside	2	静(しず)かに silently	3	^{ಕ < に} quickly	4	近(ちか)くに nearby
62. (37)	1	重(おも)さ weight	2	価格(かかく) price	3	デザイン design	4	^{原因(げんいん)} Cause
63. (38)	1	^{危険(きけん)な} dangerous	2	伝統的(でんとうてき)な traditional	3	^{見慣(みな)れた} familiar	4	異(こと)なった different

Review Questions

- 64. 1) How did people make calls in Britain at the beginning of the 20th century?
- 65. They made calls using public telephones.
- 66. 2) Where could the first public telephones be found?
- 67. They were in stores.
- 3) What was an advantage of outdoor telephones?
- 69. -They allowed people to make calls without being heard.
- 70. -They protected people from the rain.
- 71. 4) What color were the telephone boxes?
- 72. They were usually painted bright red.
- 73. 5) What was a problem with the telephone boxes?
- 74. People damaged them by breaking their windows, writing on them or trying to steal money.
- 75. 6) Why did many people dislike the new telephone boxes?
- 76. They preferred the look of the old red telephone boxes.
- 7) What is one way the old telephone boxes are now being used?
- 78. -They are decorations in gardens.
- 79. -They are used as changing rooms in clothing stores.
- 80. -They are used as showers at the beach.
- 8) Are there red telephone boxes that still work?

地域社会(ちいきしゃかい)

82. Yes there are, and their communities are often very proud of them.

解答: (36) 1 (37) 3 (38) 4

Step8.EP2W (EikenGradePri2ndWork sheet)準 2 級単熟語練習プリント 1-870 Copyright C 2012by eTOC 講師名 Day: サーチ を を 探す 46 search ぉ 起こる;偶然~ ハップン 47 happen する ハイド ゕく を隠す 48 hide ちょうわ と調 和する; に マッチ 49 match ひってき 匹 敵する ^{みうしな} を見 失 う ミス 50 miss プロドゥ ^{せいさん} を生産する;を引き 51 produce ース 起こす リシーブ 52 ー_う を受ける、もらう receive はこ を運ぶ キャリィ 53 carry を(~で)おおう;~ 力ヴァー 54 (の範囲に) 及ぶ cover きませっけい を設計する ディザイ 55 design ン を発達させる;発達 ディヴェ 56 develop ロップ する ヒット _う を打つ 57 hit _{じゅんび} を準 備する プリペェ 58 prepare ア ゃくそく を約 束する プラミス 59 promise リザーブ 60 を取っておく;を予 reserve 約する