For Teachers: Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

4[A] - 習得(しゅうとく) 登(のぼ)ること Learning to Climb

9.1(4A)EP2A

Last Tuesday, Karen and her co-worker Brian were discussing what they did in their free time.

メンバーのひとり 岩(いわ) 登山(とざん)

2. Brian told Karen that he was <u>a member of</u> a rock -climbing club, and that they went climbing almost every weekend.

一度(いちど)も~ない

3. Karen said that she had never been rock climbing, but that she thought it sounded fun .

4. Brian asked her if she would like to ( 34 ) it.

5. She said she would, so he invited her to go climbing with his club the following Saturday.

\*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

5(b) たの 5(b) たの 5(b) たの 5(b) たの 5(b) たの 5(b) たの 5(b) もの 5(

Further Questions&A\* Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

程験(けいけん) した 登(のぼ) る
7. 1)-34 Is Karen an experienced rock climber? Karen はロッククライミングの経験がありますか。
-度(いちど)も~ない

No, she isn't. She had never been to rock climbing.

10. Brian was a member of a rock-climbing club.

運転(うんてん)した ミニバス 地域(ちいき) 11. On Saturday, they drove in the club's minibus to an area in the 山(やま) mountains.

初(はじ)め 考(かんが)えた 登山(とざん) ~かもしれない

At first, Karen thought climbing might be ( 35 ) for her because she is 背(せ)が低(ひく)い Short .

\*Choose the correct answer to fill in the blank from these choices.

高価(こうか)な 安全(あんぜん)な 13. (35) 1 expensive 2 hard 3 warm 4 safe

## Further Questions&A

14. 3)-35 Is being short an advantage ? 背が低いことは有利ですか。

Yes it is, Being short makes climbing easier. 4)-35 When did they drive in the club's minibus to an area in the mountains? 16. <sup>かれら</sup> 彼らはいつクラブのミニバスでその山の地域に行きましたか。 17. 地域(ちいき) in the mountains on Sunday. They drove to an area 18. 実際(じっさい)に より簡単(かんたん)に But Brian said that being short actually makes climbing easier 少(すこ)しの 練習(れんしゅう) ~することができる ~と同(おな)じようにはやく In fact , after a little practice, she was able to climb as fast as Brian. 計画(けいかく)する to go climbing with Brian's club 21. Karen had a great time, and she plans again soon. Further Questions&A What plan did Karen have with Brian's club? **5**)-35 Karen はどんな計画をブライアンと彼のクラブで計画しましたか。 23. 計画 (けいかく) する She to go climbing with Brian's club again soon. plans 24 **6**)-35 Could Karen climb after she practiced a little? Karen は少しの練習のあと、登れるようになりましたか。 26 ~ することができる Yes, she was able to climb after she practiced a little. 27. **Vocabularies:** Try to memorize these words yourself without looking at the Japanese translations. For Teachers: Have the student read the word in English, correct their pronunciation then say it together. Then have the student say it in Japanese before saying again in English. After you have done this for each line, go back to the first word and have the student translate it. forget 2 bring (34)read try 2 3 expensive safe (35) 1 hard warm 4 Example sentences \*It must take a long time but Try to use these vocabularies one by one in the sentences of your original one. Teacher must show them your for example sentence before ask. (34)He will often **forget** his promise. 2 Bring me the newspaper. 31 3 Who can read the future? 32. You'll never know unless you try. 33 (35)These shoes are too expensive. 2 The wind still blows hard. 35. 3 Rice grows in warm countries. 36. It's not safe to swim here. 37. Answers for "Vocabularies" 忘(わす)れる 持(も)ってくる 読(よ)む 試(ため)す (34)1 3 4 forget read bring try

激(はげ)しい

hard

2

高価(こうか)な

expensive

(35)

1

15.

4

安全(あんぜん)な

sate

温(あたた)かい

warm

3

## Review Questions

- 経験(けいけん)した 1)-34 Is Karen an experienced rock climber?
- 一度(いちど)も~ない No, she isn't. She had been to rock climbing. never
- Who was a member of rock-climbing club? **2)**-34
- 岩(いわ) 登山(とざん) Brian was a member of a rock -climbing club.
- 利点(りてん)、有利(ゆうり)な **3**)-35 Is being short an advantage
- Yes it is, Being short makes climbing easier.
- When did they drive in the club's minibus to an area in the mountains? **4**)-35
- They drove to an area in the mountains on Sunday.
- What plan did Karen have with Brian's club? **5**)-35
- She to go climbing with Brian's club again soon. plans
- Could Karen climb after she practiced a little? **6**)-35
- Yes, she was able to climb after she practiced a little.



Step8.EP2W (EikenGradePri2ndWork sheet)準 2 級単熟語練習プリント 1-870 Copyright C 2012by eTOC 講師名 Day: 376 を揺らす; shake シェイク 揺れる でき (に)適する; 377 suit スュート (に)似合う 378 supply を供給する サプライ 379 を支える; support サポート を養う 380 サヴァイ 生き残る survive 381 トランスポ を輸送する transport **-**ト (を) <sup>ぜんでん</sup>す 382 アドヴァ advertise タイズ 383 aid を助ける 工作 e 整 える; アレインジ arrange (を)取りきめる を取り[張り] attach アタッチュ 付ける 386 bark バーク ほえる 387 吹く blow ブロゥ 388 カミュニ でんたつ を伝達する communicate ケイト 389 compare を比較する カンペアァ 390 (について) カンプレ complain 不平を言う イン