

**For Teachers:** Please have the students read the sentences one at a time and correct their pronunciation of each sentence then have them repeat after you. Wait until after they read the sentence (use the number in place of the missing word) to have the students choose the correct answer to fill in the blank. When the students finish the article, move on to the further questions.

## 4[C] – Jim Thorpe

9.2(4C)A3E

1. Jim Thorpe was one of the best American athletes of  
~のうちのひとつ 最高 (さいこう) の  
20世紀 (せいき)
2. He was in the 1912 Olympics. He also played professional football, professional baseball, and even professional basketball.  
オリンピック ~はまた プロの

**Further Questions&A** \*Ask student to answer the question on their own at first. If the student can't answer correctly, have him look at the last page and read the "example answer" for the question. Have the student try to memorize the answer, if it's too long or difficult, you should divide the sentence into 2 or 3 parts to make it easier to remember. Once they have memorized the answer, the teacher should ask the question one last time so that the student can practice answering. Also if you find any mistakes, please mark the page and let me know ASAP.

3. 1)What sports did Jim Thorpe play? ジム・ソープは何のスポーツをしましたか。  
 4. *He played professional football, professional baseball, and even professional basketball.*

5. Thorpe was born near the town of Prague, Oklahoma, on May 28, 1887.  
生 (う)まれた 近 (ちか)く 町 (まち) ブラハ オクラホマ州 (しゅう)  
二人 (ふたり) の~ 祖父母 (そぶぼ) 生 (う)まれつきの
6. Two of Thorpe's grandparents were Native American, and he went to a school for Native American children in Oklahoma.  
~し始 (はじ)めた カーライル 産業 (さんぎょう)
7. In 1904, he began to study at the Carlisle Indian Industrial School in Carlisle, Pennsylvania.  
ペンシルベニア州 (しゅう)
8. He played football and other sports at the school. Thorpe first became well known when the school football team played against Harvard University in 1911.  
他 (ほか) の よくしられた ~に對して ~になった ハーバード大学 (だいがく)
9. Harvard had a very strong team, but Thorpe's team won. Thorpe got all of his team's points.  
全 (すべて) ての

## Further Questions&A

10. 2) Where and when was Jim Thorpe born? ジム・ソープはいつ、どこで産されましたか。  
 11. *He was born near the town of Prague, Oklahoma on May 28, 1887.*
12. 3) Which schools did Jim Thorpe go to? ジム・ソープはどの学校に行きましたか。  
 13. *He went to a school for Native American and the Carlisle Indian Industrial School.*

14. In 1912, Thorpe was invited to the Summer Olympics in Sweden with the American team. He took part in four events.  
招 (まね) かれた スウェーデン ~に参加 (さんか) した 競技 (きょうぎ)
15. He won gold medals in two of them, the pentathlon and the decathlon.  
獲得 (かくとく) した 金 (きん) メダル 五種競技 (ごしうきょうぎ)  
十種競技 (じゅうしうきょうぎ)

16. When Thorpe returned to America, people in New York held  
大規模 (だいきぼ)なパレード  
a large parade for him.

### Further Questions&A

17. 4) Which events did Jim Thorpe get a gold medal in?

18. ジム・ソープはどの競技で金メダルを取りましたか。

19. He won gold medals in the pentathlon and the decathlon.

20. 翌年 (よくねん) ~に参加 (さんか) した  
The next year, Thorpe joined the New York Giants baseball team, and in  
21. 1915, he also joined a professional football team, the Canton Bulldogs.  
選 (えら)ばれた 会長 (かいちょう)  
22. Thorpe was chosen as the first president of the American Professional  
Football Association in 1920.  
映画 (えいが) ~について ~の半生 (はんせい)  
23. In 1951, a movie was made about the life of Jim Thorpe.  
24. Today, many people still remember the name of this great athlete who  
~が得意 (とくい)だった  
was good at so many sports.

### Further Questions&A

25. 5) Which teams did Jim Thorpe play for? ジム・ソープはどのチームでプレイしましたか。

26. He played for the New York Giant and the Canton Bulldogs.

27. 6) What happened in 1951? 1951年に何が起こりましたか。

28. A movie was made about the life of Jim Thorpe.

\*Choose the correct answer from these choices.

29. (31) What happened in 1904? 1904年に何が起こりましたか。

30. 1 Thorpe was born in Oklahoma.

31. 2 Thorpe started studying in Pennsylvania.

32. 3 Thorpe went on a school trip to New York.

33. 4 Thorpe moved to Sweden.

34. (32) How did Thorpe first become well known? ソープは最初、何でよく知られるようになりましたか。

35. 1 He won an important race.

36. 2 He invented a new sport for Native Americans.

37. 3 He played in a football game against Harvard University.

38. 4 He became the captain of the American basketball team.

39. (33) How many gold medals did Thorpe win in 1912?

40. 1912年にソープはいくつの金メダルを獲得しましたか。

41. 1 One.

42. 2 Two.

43. 3 Four.

44. 4 Five.

45. (34) What did Thorpe do in 1913? 1913年にソープは何をしましたか。

開催 (かいさい) した

46. 1 He held a big parade for other athletes.
47. 2 He joined a professional baseball team.
48. 3 He decided to stop playing sports.  
決 (き) めた スポーツするのを止 (や) めること
49. 4 He made a movie about his life.

50. (35) What was special about Jim Thorpe? ジム・ソープは何が特別ですか。

特別 (とくべつ) な

初 (はじ) めての

なに とくべつ

51. 1 He started the first football team in America.
52. 2 He went to Olympic Games in many countries.
53. 3 He could play many different sports very well.  
違 (ちが) う とても上手 (じょうず) に
54. 4 He taught sports at many colleges around America.  
教 (おし) えた 学校 (がっこう) アメリカ中 (じゅう) のあちこちで

## Review Questions

55. 1) What sports did Jim Thorpe play?

56. *He played professional football, professional baseball, and even professional basketball.*

57. 2) Where and when was Jim Thorpe born?

58. *He was born near the town of Prague, Oklahoma on May 28, 1887.*

59. 3) Which schools did Jim Thorpe go to?

60. *He went to a school for Native American and the Carlisle Indian Industrial School.*

61. 4) Which events did Jim Thorpe get a gold medal in?

62. *He won gold medals in the pentathlon and the decathlon.*

63. 5) Which teams did Jim Thorpe play for?

64. *He played for the New York Giant and the Canton Bulldogs.*

65. 6) What happened in 1951?

66. *A movie was made about the life of Jim Thorpe.*

解答: (31) 2 (32) 3 (33) 2 (34) 2 (35) 3

61 熟語	たいちょう 体調がよくなる、 きぶん 気分がよくなる	feel better	_____	_____	_____	_____	フィール ベ タア
62	~したい <sup>き</sup> 気がする、 ~する <sup>き</sup> 気分である	feel like doing	_____	_____	_____	_____	フィール ラ イク ドゥー イング
63	きぶん わるい 気分が悪い	feel sick	_____	_____	_____	_____	フィール シ ック
64	~を見つけだす、~ しらべる を調べる	find out~	_____	_____	_____	_____	ファインド アウト
65	ながいあいだ 長い間	for a long time	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォアロン グ タイム
66	しばらくの間 <sup>あいだ</sup>	for a while	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォアワ イル
67	たとえば	for example	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォーアイグ ザンブル
68	ながいあいだ 長い間	for long	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォアロ ング タイム
69	しばらく[少し]の あいだ 間	for some time	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォーサム タイム
70	はじめて	初めて	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォーザ ファースト タイム
71	~することを わすれる 忘れる	forget <sup>E</sup> to do	_____	_____	_____	_____	フォーゲット トウ ドウ
72	AからBまで	from A to B	_____	_____	_____	_____	フロム A ト ウ B
73	あこる 怒る	get angry	_____	_____	_____	_____	ゲット アン グリィ
74	じょうず 上手になる、上達 する	get better	_____	_____	_____	_____	ゲット ベタ ア
75	くらくなる 暗くなる	get dark	_____	_____	_____	_____	ゲット ダア ク